



AAPC-CPC^{Q&As}

Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam

Pass AAPC AAPC-CPC Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.passapply.com/aapc-cpc.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by AAPC
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

The pulmonologist performs a bronchoscopy with fluoroscopic guidance. The scope is introduced into the right nostril and advanced to the vocal cords and into the trachea. The scope is advanced to the right upper lobe and a lung nodule is

noted. An endobronchial biopsy is performed.

What CPT?code is reported for the procedure?

- A. 31624
- B. 31625
- C. 31628
- D. 31622

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

View MR 004397 MR 004397 Operative Report Preoperative Diagnosis: Calculi of the gallbladder Postoperative Diagnosis: Calculi of the gallbladder, chronic cholecystitis Procedure: Cholecystectomy Indications: The patient is a 50-year-old woman who has a history of RUQ pain, which ultrasound revealed to be multiple gallstones. She presents for removal of her gallbladder. Procedure: The patient was brought to the OR and prepped and draped in a normal sterile fashion. After adequate general endotracheal anesthesia was obtained, a trocar was placed and CO₂ was insufflated into the abdomen until an

adequate pneumoperitoneum was achieved. A laparoscope was placed at the umbilicus and the gallbladder and liver bed were visualized. The gallbladder was enlarged and thickened, and there was evidence of chronic inflammatory changes. Two additional ports were placed and graspers were used to free the gallbladder from the liver bed with a combination of sharp dissection and electrocautery. Cystic artery and duct are clipped. Dye is injected in the gallbladder. Cholangiography revealed no intraluminal defect or obstruction. Gallbladder is dissected from the liver bed. The scope and trocars are removed.

What CPT?coding is reported for this case?

- A. 47562, 74300-26
- B. 47563, 74300-26
- C. 47605, 74300-26
- D. 47600, 74300-26

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

Patient has esotropia of the right eye and presents to operating suite for strabismus surgery. The physician resects the



medial rectus horizontal and lateral rectus muscles of the eye and secures them with adjustable sutures. Extensive scar tissue is noted, due to a previous surgery involving an extraocular muscle. Extraocular muscle is isolated, and the muscle is freed from surrounding scar tissues.

What CPT?codes are reported for this surgery?

- A. 67314, 67334
- B. 67316, 67335
- C. 67312, 67335
- D. 67311, 67334

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

In rhinoplasty:

- A. The nose is reconstructed
- B. The brow is reconstructed
- C. The lips are reconstructed
- D. The chin is reconstructed

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

A diagnostic mammogram is performed on the left and right breasts. Computer-aided detection is also used to further analyze the image for possible lesions. What CPT?coding is reported for this radiology service?

- A. 77065-LT, 77065-RT
- B. 77066
- C. 77067-50
- D. 77066-50

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 6

A 60-year-old male has three-vessel disease and supraventricular tachycardia which has been refractory to other management. He previously had pacemaker placement and stenting of LAD coronary artery stenosis, which has failed to solve the problem. He will undergo CABG with autologous saphenous vein and an extensive modified MAZE procedure to treat the tachycardia.



He is brought to the cardiac OR and placed in the supine position on the OR table. He is prepped and draped, and adequate endotracheal anesthesia is assured. A median sternotomy incision is made and cardiopulmonary bypass is initiated. The endoscope is used to harvest an adequate length of saphenous vein from his left leg. This is uneventful and bleeding is easily controlled. The vein graft is prepared and cut to the appropriate lengths for anastomosis. Two bypasses are performed: one to the circumflex and another to the obtuse marginal. The left internal mammary is then freed up and it is anastomosed to the ramus, the first diagonal, and the LAD. An extensive maze procedure is then performed and the patient is weaned from bypass. At this point, the sternum is closed with wires and the skin is reapproximated with staples. The patient tolerated the procedure without difficulty and was taken to the PACU.

Choose the procedure codes for this surgery.

- A. 33533, 33257, 33519, 33508
- B. 33535, 33259, 33519, 33508
- C. 33533, 33257-51, 33519-51, 33508-51
- D. 33535, 33259 51, 33519-51, 33508-51

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 7

A catheter was placed into the abdominal aorta via the right common femoral artery access. An abdominal aortography was performed. The right and left renal artery were adequately visualized. The catheter was used to selectively catheterize the right and left renal artery. Selective right and left renal angiography were then performed, demonstrating a widely patent right and left renal artery.

What CPT coding is reported?

- A. 36251
- B. 36252
- C. 36253, 75625-26
- D. 36252, 75625-26

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 8

Which entity offers compliance program guidance to form the basis of a voluntary compliance program for a provider practice?

- A. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)
- B. American Medical Association (AMA)
- C. Office of Inspector General (OIG)
- D. Office for Civil Rights (OCR)



Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9

Where is a Warthin's tumor found?

- A. Ovary
- B. Bone
- C. Salivary gland
- D. Back of eye

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 10

Which statement regarding lesion excision is TRUE?

- A. Lesion excision codes include removal of a lesion, with margins, and simple (nonlayered) closure when performed
- B. Lesion excision codes are selected by measuring the greatest clinical diameter of a lesion excluding the margins required to complete the excision
- C. Lesion excision codes include removal of a lesion, with margins, and intermediate closure when performed
- D. Lesion excision codes include removal of a lesion with margins, and complex closure when performed

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 11

View MR 099401

MR 099401

Established Patient Office Visit

Chief Complaint: Patient presents with bilateral thyroid nodules.

History of present illness: A 54-year-old patient is here for evaluation of bilateral thyroid nodules. Thyroid ultrasound was done last week which showed multiple thyroid masses likely due to multinodular goiter. Patient stated that she can "feel"

the nodules on the left side of her thyroid. Patient denies difficulty swallowing and she denies unexplained weight loss or gain. Patient does have a family history of thyroid cancer in her maternal grandmother. She gives no other problems at

this time other than a palpable right-sided thyroid mass.

Review of Systems:



Constitutional: Negative for chills, fever, and unexpected weight change.

HENT: Negative for hearing loss, trouble swallowing and voice change.

Gastrointestinal: Negative for abdominal distention, abdominal pain, anal bleeding, blood in stool, constipation, diarrhea, nausea, rectal pain, and vomiting

Endocrine: Negative for cold Intolerance and heat intolerance.

Physical Exam:

Vitals: BP: 140/72, Pulse: 96, Resp: 16, Temp: 97.6

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 12

A 30-year-old patient with a scalp defect is having plastic surgery to insert tissue expanders. The provider inserts the implants, closes the skin, and increases the volume of the expanders by injecting saline solution. Tissue is expanded until a satisfactory aesthetic outcome is obtained to repair the scalp defect.

What CPT?code is reported?

- A. 11960
- B. 11970
- C. 15777
- D. 19357

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 13

The documentation states:

He was then sterilely prepped and draped along the flank and abdomen in the usual sterile fashion. I first made a skin incision off the tip of the twelfth rib, extending medially along the banger\'s lines of the skin. This was approximately 3.5 cm

in length. Once this incision was carried sharply, electrocautery was used to gain access through the external oblique, internal oblique, and transverse abdominis musculature and fascia.

What surgical approach was used for this procedure?

- A. Percutaneous
- B. Laparoscopic
- C. Cannot determine based on the documentation



D. Open

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 14

A 65-year-old man had a right axillary block by the anesthesiologist. When the arm was totally numb, the arm was prepped and draped, and the surgeon performed tendon repairs of the right first, second, and third fingers. The anesthesiologist monitored the patient throughout the case.

What anesthesia code is reported?

A. 01830

B. 01820

C. 01810

D. 01840

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 15

This 27-year-old male has morbid obesity with a BMI of 45 due to a high calorie diet. He has decided to have an open Roux-en-Y gastric bypass. The patient is brought to the operating room and placed in supine position. A midline abdominal incision is made. The stomach is mobilized, and the proximal stomach is divided and stapled creating a small proximal pouch in continuity with the esophagus. A short limb of the proximal bowel of 155 cm is divided. It is brought up and anastomosed to the gastric pouch. The other end of the divided bowel is connected back into the distal small bowel to the short limb's gastric anastomosis to restore intestinal continuity. The abdominal incision is closed.

What are the procedure and diagnosis codes for this encounter?

A. 43847, E66.01, Z68.42

B. 43644, E66.01, Z68.43

C. 43847, E66.9, Z68.42

D. 43645, E66.8, Z68.42

Correct Answer: A

[Latest AAPC-CPC Dumps](#)

[AAPC-CPC PDF Dumps](#)

[AAPC-CPC VCE Dumps](#)