



1Z0-071^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c SQL

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QUESTION 1

Which three are true about scalar subquery expressions?

- A. A scalar subquery expression that returns zero rows evaluates to zero
- B. They cannot be used in the values clause of an insert statement*
- C. They can be nested.
- D. A scalar subquery expression that returns zero rows evaluates to null.
- E. They cannot be used in group by clauses.
- F. They can be used as default values for columns in a create table statement.

Correct Answer: CDE

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B12037_01/server.101/b10759/expressions010.htm

QUESTION 2

Which two are true about the MERGE statement?

- A. The WHEN NOT MATCHED clause can be used to specify the deletions to be performed.
- B. The WHEN NOT MATCHED clause can be used to specify the inserts to be performed.
- C. The WHEN MATCHED clause can be used to specify the inserts to be performed.
- D. The WHEN NOT MATCHED clause can be used to specify the updates to be performed.
- E. The WHEN MATCHED clause can be used to specify the updates to be performed.

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The USER SYNONYMS view can provide information about private synonyms.
- B. The user SYSTEM owns all the base tables and user-accessible views of the data dictionary.
- C. All the dynamic performance views prefixed with V\$ are accessible to all the database users.
- D. The USER OBJECTS view can provide information about the tables and views created by the user only.
- E. DICTIONARY is a view that contains the names of all the data dictionary views that the user can access.

Correct Answer: AE



QUESTION 4

Examine the contents of the EMP table:

ID	NAME	SALARY
101	John	26000
102	Neena	24000
103	DeHaan	12000
104	Lex	17000
105	Bill	18000
106	Daniel	26000
107	Ben	12000
108	George	25000

Examine this query that executes successfully: What is the result?

```
SELECT id, name, salary  
FROM emp  
ORDER BY salary  
FETCH FIRST 5 ROWS WITH TIES;
```

- A. It will return the five employees earning the lowest salaries, in ascending order.
- B. It will return the six employees earning the highest salaries, in descending order.
- C. It will return the six employees earning the lowest salaries, in ascending order.
- D. It will return the five employees earning the highest salaries, in descending order.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Examine the description of the PRODUCT_INFORMATION table:

Name	NULL?	Type
PROD_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(2)
PROD_NAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
LIST_PRICE		NUMBER(6,2)



- A. SELECT (COUNT(list_price) FROM Product_information WHERE list_price=NULL;
- B. SELECT count(nvl(list_price,0)) FROM product_information WHERE list_price is null;
- C. SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT list_price) FROM product_information WHERE list_price is null.
- D. BELECT COUNT(list_price) FROM product_information where list_price is NULL;

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 6

You need to calculate the number of days from 1st January 2019 until today.

Dates are stored in the default format of DD-MON-RR.

Which two queries give the required output?

- A. SELECT SYSDATE-TO_DATE ('01-JANUARY-2019') FROM DUAL;
- B. SELECT TO_DATE (SYSDATE, 'DD/MONTH/YYYY')-'01/JANUARY/2019' FROM DUAL;
- C. SELECT ROUND (SYSDATE-TO_DATE ('01/JANUARY/2019')) FROM DUAL;
- D. SELECT TO_CHAR (SYSDATE, 'DD-MON-YYYY')-'01-JAN-2019' FROM DUAL;
- E. SELECT ROUND (SYSDATE- '01-JAN-2019') FROM DUAL:

Correct Answer: AC

QUESTION 7

The PRODUCT_INFORMATION table has a UNIT_PRICE column of data type NUMBER(8, 2).

Evaluate this SQL statement:

```
SELECT TO_CHAR(unit_price, '$9,999') FROM PRODUCT_INFORMATION;
```

Which two statements are true about the output?

- A. A row whose UNIT_PRICE column contains the value 1023.99 will be displayed as \$1,024.
- B. A row whose UNIT_PRICE column contains the value 1023.99 will be displayed as \$1,023.
- C. A row whose UNIT_PRICE column contains the value 10235.99 will be displayed as \$1,0236.
- D. A row whose UNIT_PRICE column contains the value 10235.99 will be displayed as \$1,023.
- E. A row whose UNIT_PRICE column contains the value 10235.99 will be displayed as #####

Correct Answer: AE



QUESTION 8

The STORES table has a column START_ DATE of data type DATE, containing the date the row was inserted.

You only want to display details of rows where START_ DATE is within the last 25 months.

Which WHERE clause can be used?

A. WHERE MONTHS_ BETWEEN (SYSDATE, start_ date)