



TDS-C01^{Q&As}

Tableau Desktop Specialist

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QUESTION 1

What are two correct methods to change the data type of a field? (Choose two.)

- A. From the Data Source tab, click on the drop-down menu of the field
- B. From the Data pane, select and hold the field
- C. From the Data Source tab, click the data type icon of the field
- D. From the Data pane, click on the drop-down menu of the field

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 2

What are two use cases for creating hierarchies from the Data pane? (Choose two.)

- A. To organize related fields together
- B. To add drilldown functionality for fields
- C. To create faster-performing queries
- D. To concatenate all fields into a single field

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Which of the following is NOT a new feature introduced in Tableau 2020.1?

- A. Dynamic Parameters
- B. Viz Animations
- C. Buffer Calculations
- D. Set Control

Correct Answer: D

Your Tableau Desktop Specialist exam will be based on the 2020.1 version. Set controls are a new feature introduced in the 2020.2 version, and hence is the correct answer-it is not a part of 2020.1

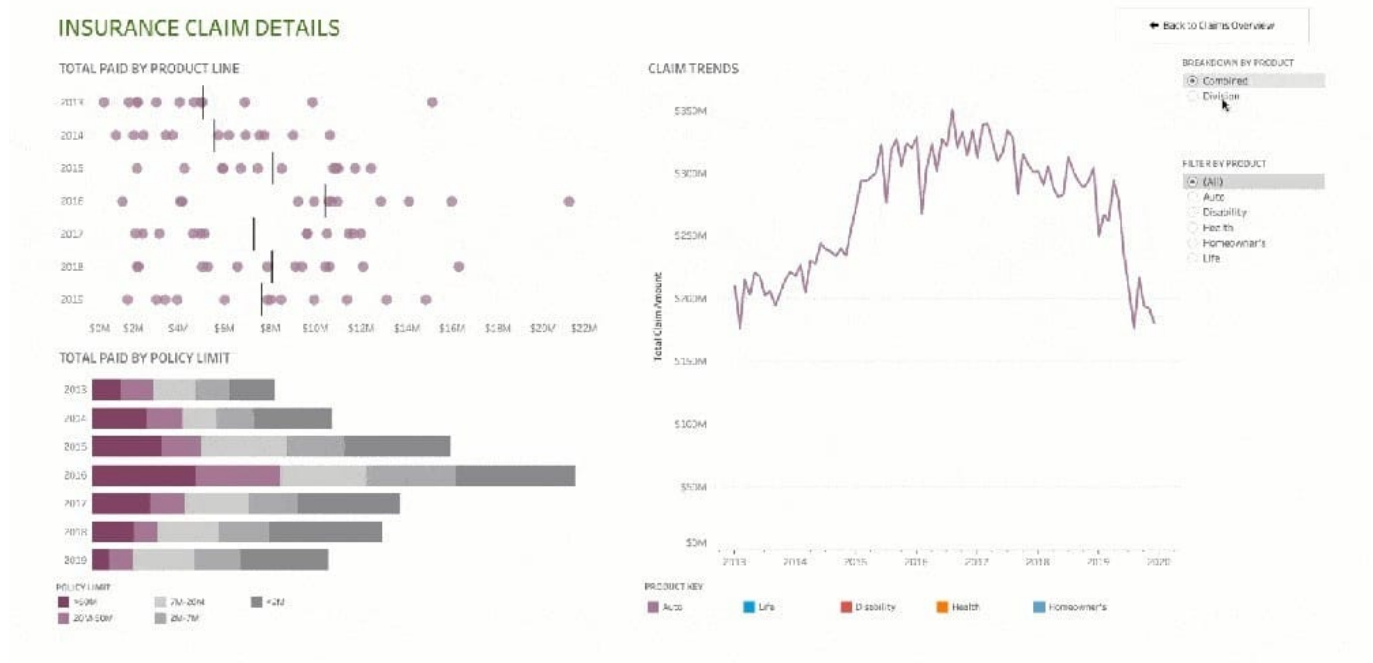
For the 2020.1 version the new features were:

1) Viz animations:

Viz animations help you see and understand your changing data. It's easy to track the logical steps behind data's evolution and tell powerful data stories. Sorting, filtering, adding fields, and other actions will now smoothly animate

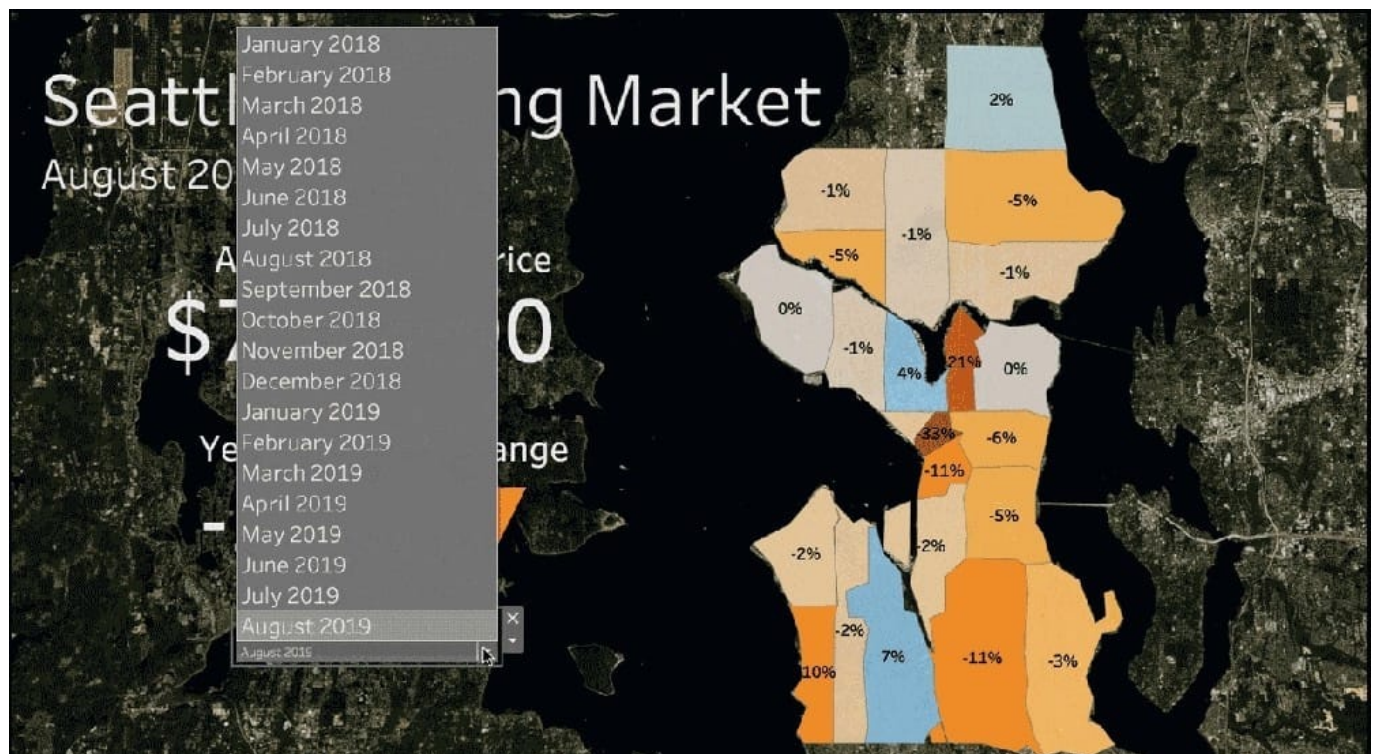
your

visualizations. Choose whether to turn Viz Animations on or off, and decide how you'd best like to apply animations to your new workbooks.



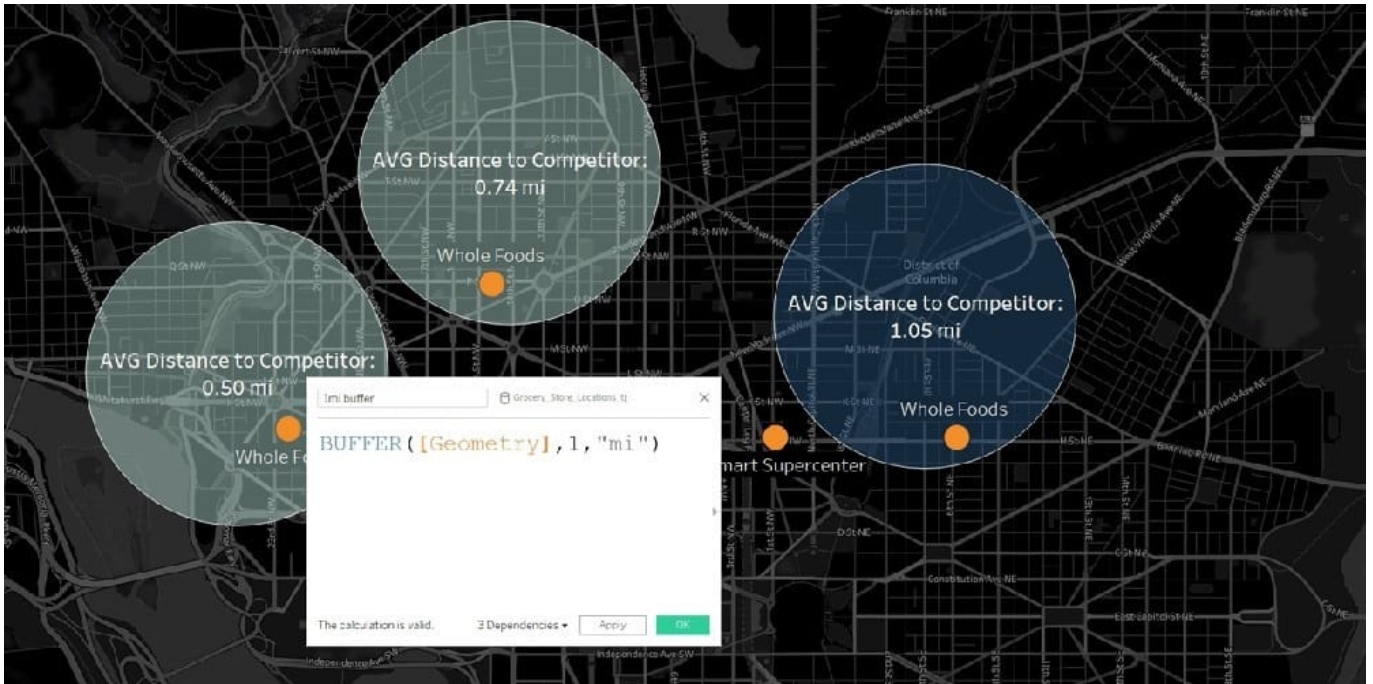
2) Dynamic Parameters:

Say goodbye to republishing workbooks with parameters every time the underlying data changes. Set your parameter once, and Tableau will automatically update the parameter's list of values every time someone opens the workbook.





3) Buffer Calculations:



Buffer calculations allow you to visualize the distance around point locations. Give Tableau three parameters--location, distance, and a unit of measure--and a buffer, or boundary is instantly created. Answering complex spatial questions becomes easier than ever before--visualize what properties are within 200 meters of a proposed transit site, or how many competitors\ stores are within 1 mile of their store, and more.

QUESTION 4

You have a field named Region in a data source Region contains the following values:

North East South West

You need to ensure that Region always sorts in the order of East, South, North, and West when placed onto any worksheet. What should you use?

- A. The Sort indicator on the axis
- B. The Sort menu on the legend
- C. The Sort by Field menu
- D. The Default Properties of the field from the Data pane

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

How does Tableau know at which level to aggregate values?



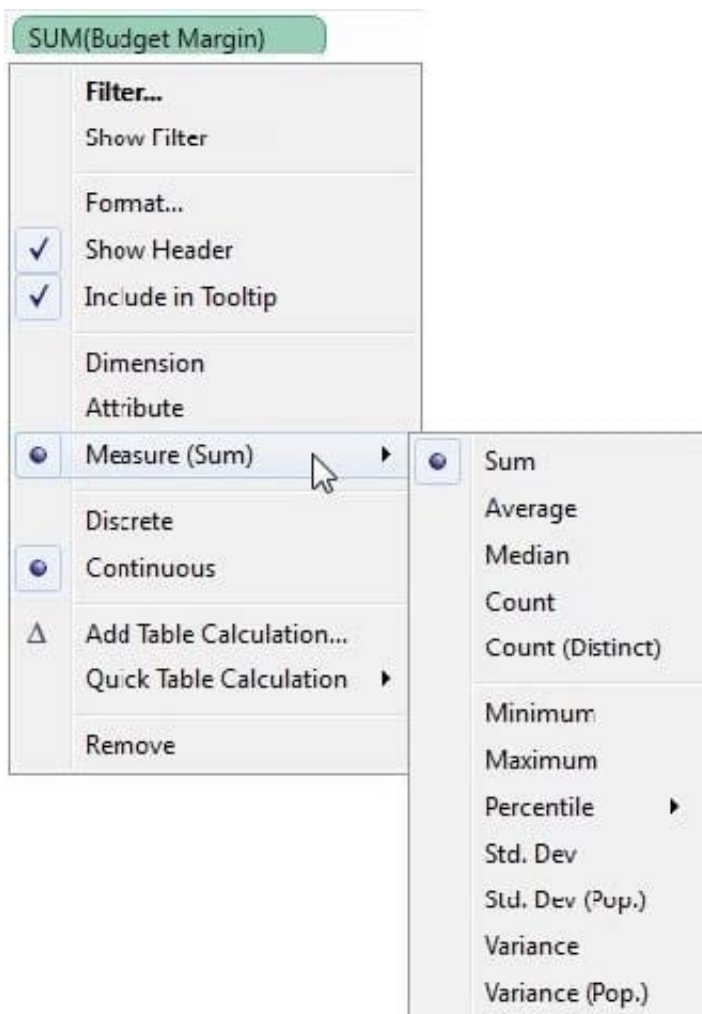
- A. Values are always aggregated at the level of granularity of the worksheet.
- B. Tableau doesn't aggregate values, we do!
- C. Values are always aggregated at the level of the Date Part
- D. Aggregation is always done by using Tableau special formulas

Correct Answer: A

In Tableau, you can aggregate measures or dimensions, though it is more common to aggregate measures. Whenever you add a measure to your view, an aggregation is applied to that measure by default. The type of aggregation applied varies depending on the context of the view.

When you add a measure to the view, Tableau automatically aggregates its values. Sum, average, and median are common aggregations; for a complete list, see List of Predefined Aggregations in Tableau. The current aggregation appears as part of the measure's name in the view. For example, Sales becomes SUM(Sales). Every measure has a default aggregation which is set by Tableau when you connect to a data source. You can view or change the default aggregation for a measure--see Set the Default Aggregation for a Measure.

You can change the aggregation for a measure in the view from its context menu:



Reference: https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/calculations_aggregation.htm



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