



AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate (SAA-C02)

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QUESTION 1

A company runs an on-premises application that is powered by a MySQL database The company is migrating the application to AWS to Increase the application\\'s elasticity and availability

The current architecture shows heavy read activity on the database during times of normal operation Every 4 hours the company/\'s development team pulls a full export of the production database to populate a database in the staging environment During this period, users experience unacceptable application latency The development team is unable to use the staging environment until the procedure completes A solutions architect must recommend replacement architecture that alleviates the application latency issue The replacement architecture also must give the development team the ability to continue using the staging environment without

delay

Which solution meets these requirements?

A. Use Amazon Aurora MySQL with Multi-AZ Aurora Replicas for production. Populate the staging database by implementing a backup and restore process that uses the mysqldump utility.

B. Use Amazon Aurora MySQL with Multi-AZ Aurora Replicas for production Use database cloning to create the staging database on-demand

C. Use Amazon RDS for MySQL with a Mufti AZ deployment and read replicas for production Use the standby instance tor the staging database.

D. Use Amazon RDS for MySQL with a Multi-AZ deployment and read replicas for production. Populate the staging database by implementing a backup and restore process that uses the mysqldump utility.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

A company experienced a breach from an attacker on its on-premises network. The attacker launched port scanning, waged on outbound Do5 attack, and performed cryptocurrency mining. The company is moving to AWS to build a more

resilient architecture that monitors and remediates this type the attack on the account level.

How should the company use AWS services to meet these requirements?

A. Enable Amazon GuardDuty to generate findings. Trigger AWS Lambda for automated remediation of identified threats.

B. Enable AWS Config and configure policies to monitor against breaches. Trigger AWS Lambda for automated remediation of noncompliant resources.

C. Enable Amazon Macie to identify and classify security threats. Configure events in Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) to trigger actions based on the severity of threats.

D. Enable Amazon inspector to generate assessment reports. Configure events in Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) to trigger actions based on identified threat.



Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

A disaster response team is using drones to collect images ot recent storm damage. The response team\\'s laptops lack the storage and compute capacity to transfer the images and process the data While the team has Amazon EC2

instances for processing and Amazon S3 buckets for storage, network connectivity is intermittent and unreliable. The images need to be processed to evaluate the damage.

What should a solutions architect recommend?

A. Use AWS Snowball Edge devices to process and store the images.

B. Upload the images to Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS) during intermittent connectivity to EC2 instances.

C. Configure Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to create multiple delivery streams aimed separately at the S3 buckets for storage and the EC2 instances for processing the images.

D. Use AWS Storage Gateway pre-installed on a hardware appliance to cache the images locally for Amazon S3 to process the images when connectivity becomes available.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

A company must generate sales reports at the beginning of every month. The reporting process launches 20 Amazon EC2 instances on the first of the month. The process runs for 7 days and cannot be interrupted. The company wants to minimize costs.

Which pricing model should the company choose?

A. Reserved Instances

- B. Spot Block Instances
- C. On-Demand Instances
- **D. Scheduled Reserved Instances**

Correct Answer: D

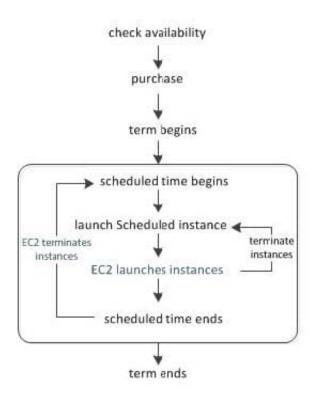
Scheduled Reserved Instances

Scheduled Reserved Instances (Scheduled Instances) enable you to purchase capacity reservations that recur on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis, with a specified start time and duration, for a one- year term. You reserve the capacity in advance, so that you know it is available when you need it. You pay for the time that the instances are scheduled, even if you do not use them. Scheduled Instances are a good choice for workloads that do not run continuously, but do run on a regular schedule. For example, you can use Scheduled Instances for an application that runs during business hours or for batch processing that runs at the end of the week. If you require a capacity reservation on a continuous basis,



Reserved Instances might meet your needs and decrease costs. How Scheduled Instances Work

Amazon EC2 sets aside pools of EC2 instances in each Availability Zone for use as Scheduled Instances. Each pool supports a specific combination of instance type, operating system, and network. To get started, you must search for an available schedule. You can search across multiple pools or a single pool. After you locate a suitable schedule, purchase it. You must launch your Scheduled Instances during their scheduled time periods, using a launch configuration that matches the following attributes of the schedule that you purchased: instance type, Availability Zone, network, and platform. When you do so, Amazon EC2 launches EC2 instances on your behalf, based on the specified launch specification. Amazon EC2 must ensure that the EC2 instances have terminated by the end of the current scheduled time period. You can\'t stop or reboot Scheduled Instances, but you can terminate them manually as needed. If you terminate a Scheduled Instance before its current scheduled time period ends, you can launch it again after a few minutes. Otherwise, you must wait until the next scheduled time period. The following diagram illustrates the lifecycle of a Scheduled Instance.



https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/ec2-scheduled-instances.html

QUESTION 5

A pharmaceutical company is developing a new drug. The volume of data that the company generates has grown exponentially over the past few months. The company\\'s researchers regularly require a subset of the entire dataset to be immediately available with minimal lag. However, the entire dataset does not need to be accessed on a daily basis. All the data currently resides in on-premises storage arrays, and the company wants to reduce ongoing capital expenses.

Which storage solution should a solutions architect recommend to meet these requirements?



A. Run AWS DataSync as a scheduled cron job to migrate the data to an Amazon S3 bucket on an ongoing basis.

B. Deploy an AWS Storage Gateway file gateway with an Amazon S3 bucket as the target storage. Migrate the data to the Storage Gateway appliance.

C. Deploy an AWS Storage Gateway volume gateway with cached volumes with an Amazon S3 bucket as the target storage. Migrate the data to the Storage Gateway appliance.

D. Configure an AWS Site-to-Site VPN connection from the on-premises environment to AWS. Migrate data to an Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS) file system.

Correct Answer: C

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