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**QUESTION 1**

What is the expected behavior of the following code?

```
class Super:
    def make(self):
        return 0
    def doit(self):
        return self.make()

class Sub_A(Super):
    def make(self):
        return 1

class Sub_B(Super)
    pass

a = Sub_A()
b = Sub_B()
print(a.doit() + b.doit())
```

- A. it outputs 0
- B. it outputs 1
- C. it raises an exception
- D. it outputs 2

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

What is the expected behavior of the following snippet?



```
def a (l, I) :  
    return l [I]  
  
print (a (0, [1] )
```

It will:

- A. cause a runtime exception
- B. print 1
- C. print 0, [1]
- D. print [1]

Correct Answer: A

```
9 - def a(l,I):  
10     return l[I]  
11  
12 print (a (0, [1])
```

File "/home/main.py", line 12
print (a (0, [1])
 ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax

...Program finished with exit code 1
Press ENTER to exit console.

QUESTION 3

Assuming that the code below has been executed successfully, which of the expressions evaluate to True? (Choose two.)



```
class Class:
    Var = data = 1
    def __init__(self, value):
        self.prop = value
```

```
Object = Class(2)
```

A. `len(Class.__dict__) == 1`

B. `'data' in Class.__dict__`

C. `'var' in Class.__dict__`

D. `'data' in Object.__dict__`

Correct Answer: AD

QUESTION 4

Assuming that the code below has been placed inside a file named `code.py` and executed successfully, which of the following expressions evaluate to True? (Choose two.)



```
class ClassA:
    var = 1
    def __init__(self, prop):
        prop1 = prop2 = prop
    def __str__(self):
        return

class ClassB(ClassA):
    def __init__(self, prop):
        prop3 = prop ** 2
        super().__init__(prop)

Object = ClassB(2)
```

- A. len(ClassB.__bases__) == 2
- B. ClassA.__module__ == '__main__'
- C. __name__ == 'code.py'
- D. str(Object) == 'Object'

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 5

```
9- def f (n):
10-     if n == 1:
11-         return 1
12-         return n + f (n-1)
13- print (f(2))
14
```

None



A method for passing the arguments used by the following snippet is called:

```
def fun (a, b):  
    return a + b  
  
res = fun (1, 2)
```

- A. sequential
- B. named
- C. positional
- D. keyword

Correct Answer: D

Reference: <https://www.techbeamers.com/python-function/>

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