



NSE7_PBC-6.4^{Q&As}

Fortinet NSE 7 - Public Cloud Security 6.4

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QUESTION 1

You have previously deployed an Amazon Web Services (AWS) transit virtual private cloud (VPC) with a pair of FortiGate firewalls (VM04 / c4.xlarge) as your security perimeter. You are beginning to see high CPU usage on the FortiGate instances.

Which action will fix this issue?

- A. Convert the c4.xlarge instances to m4.xlarge instances.
- B. Migrate the transit VPNs to new and larger instances (VM08 / c4.2xlarge).
- C. Convert from IPsec tunnels to generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels, for the VPC peering connections.
- D. Convert the transit VPC firewalls into an auto-scaling group and launch additional EC2 instances in that group.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

You have been tasked with deploying FortiGate VMs in a highly available topology on the Amazon Web Services (AWS) cloud. The requirements for your deployment are as follows:

You must deploy two FortiGate VMs in a single virtual private cloud (VPC), with an external elastic load balancer which will distribute ingress traffic from the internet to both FortiGate VMs in an active-active topology.

Each FortiGate VM must have two elastic network interfaces: one will connect to a public subnet and other will connect to a private subnet.

To maintain high availability, you must deploy the FortiGate VMs in two different availability zones.

How many public and private subnets will you need to configure within the VPC?

- A. One public subnet and two private subnets
- B. Two public subnets and one private subnet
- C. Two public subnets and two private subnets
- D. One public subnet and one private subnet

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3



You are deploying Amazon Web Services (AWS) GuardDuty to monitor malicious or unauthorized behaviors related to AWS resources. You will also use the Fortinet aws-lambda-guardduty script to translate feeds from AWS GuardDuty findings into a list of malicious IP addresses. FortiGate can then consume this list as an external threat feed.

Which Amazon AWS services must you subscribe to in order to use this feature?

- A. GuardDuty, CloudWatch, S3, Inspector, WAF, and Shield.
- B. GuardDuty, CloudWatch, S3, and DynamoDB.
- C. Inspector, Shield, GuardDuty, S3, and DynamoDB.
- D. WAF, Shield, GuardDuty, S3, and DynamoDB.

Correct Answer: A

Reference: <https://fortinetweb.s3.amazonaws.com/docs.fortinet.com/v2/attachments/ed901ad2-4424>

QUESTION 4

FortiGate VM64-AZUREONDEMAND

Dashboard > Security Fabric > Network > System > Policy & Objects > Firewall Policy > Authentication Rules > IPv4 DoS Policy > Addresses > Internet Service Database > Services > Schedules > Virtual IPs > IP Pools

Create New Edit Clone Delete Search

Name	Type	Details
AzureLab	Dynamic (AZURE)	AzureLab
Address	AzureLab	0.0.0.0/0
Type	Dynamic	Tag (IP Address)
Sub Type	Fabric Connector Address	0.0.0.0/0
SDN Connector	Lab	10.212.134.200 - 10.212.134.210
Filter	tag.fortigate-lab	0.0.0.0/0
Interface	any	0.0.0.0/0
Resolved To	Unresolved dynamic address: AzureLab	gmail.com
References	0	login.microsoft.com
		login.microsoftonline.com

Edit

Refer to the exhibit. Your senior administrator successfully configured a FortiGate fabric connector with the Azure resource manager, and created a dynamic address object on the FortiGate VM to connect with a windows server in Microsoft Azure. However, there is now an error on the dynamic address object, and you must resolve the issue.

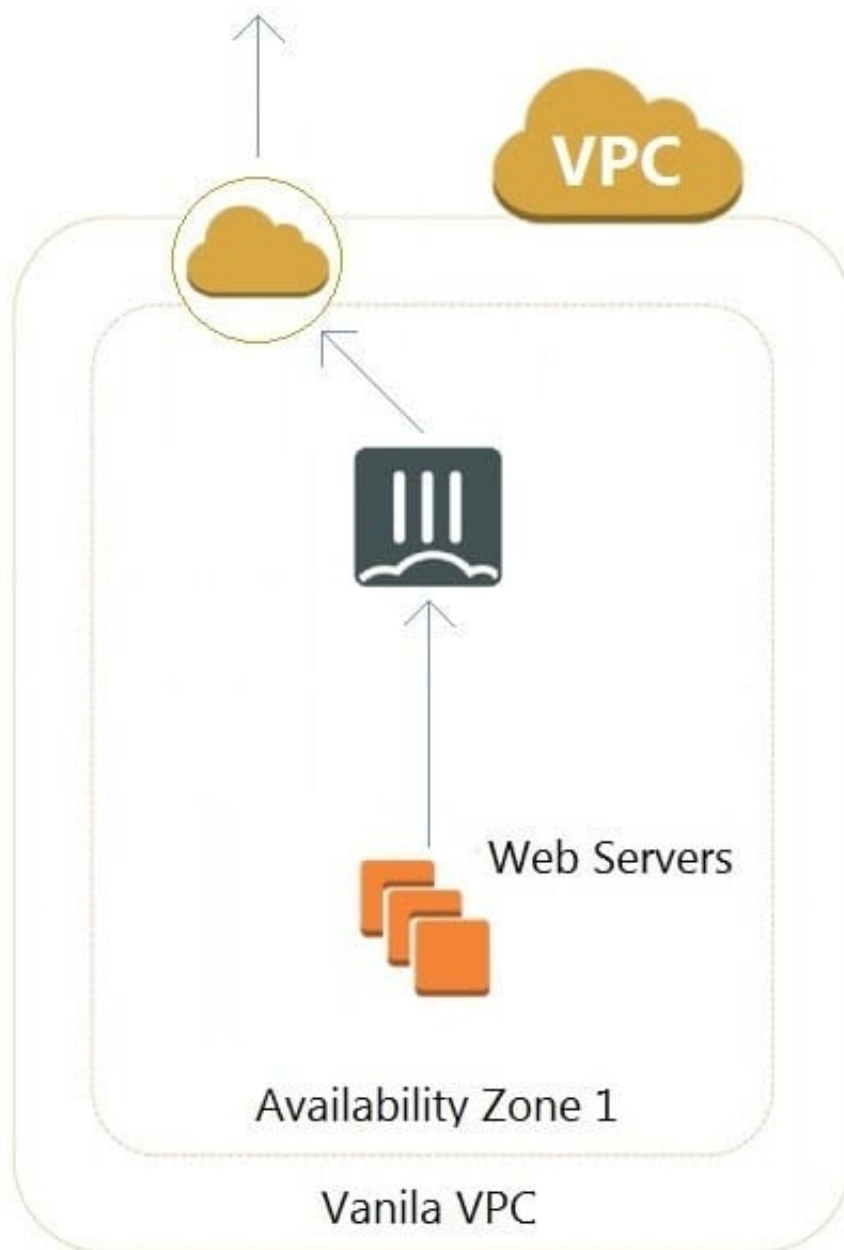
How do you resolve this issue?

- A. Run diagnose debug application azd -l on FortiGate.
- B. In the Microsoft Azure portal, set the correct tag values for the windows server.
- C. In the Microsoft Azure portal, access the windows server, obtain the private IP address, and assign the IP address under the FortiGate-VM AzureLab address object.
- D. Delete the address object and recreate a new address object with the type set to FQDN.

Correct Answer: C



QUESTION 5



Refer to the exhibit. A customer has deployed an environment in Amazon Web Services (AWS) and is now trying to send outbound traffic from the Web servers to the Internet. The FortiGate policies are configured to allow all outbound traffic; however, the traffic is not reaching the FortiGate internal interface.

What are two possible reasons for this behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. The web servers are not configured with the default gateway.
- B. The Internet gateway (IGW) is not added to VPC (virtual private cloud).
- C. AWS source and destination checks are enabled on the FortiGate interfaces.
- D. AWS security groups may be blocking the traffic.



Correct Answer: AD

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