



NREMT^{Q&As}

National Registry Emergency Medical Technician

Pass Medical Tests NREMT Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.passapply.com/nremt.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Medical Tests Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

Your patient has a history of epilepsy, has had a seizure and has not recovered the way he normally does, according to his family. While assessing this unresponsive patient he suffers a second seizure what is this condition?

- A. Stacked seizures
- B. Status epilepticus
- C. Tonic-clonic
- D. Repeatius epilepticus

Correct Answer: B

When a patient as a second or subsequent seizures with out waking up this is classified as status epilepticus. This condition is a serious problem secondary hypoxia causing more cerebral irritation and propagation of ectopic foci which cause more seizures.

QUESTION 2

When dealing with a patient who has suffered an injury to the back of his head, what part of the brain you should suspect will be affected?

- A. Frontal
- B. Occipital
- C. Parietal
- D. Temporal

Correct Answer: B

The Occipital region of the brain is located in the posterior (rear) area of the brain and is the most likely to be injured by trauma to the back of the head.

QUESTION 3

You are transporting a trauma patient, and notice their condition starts to deteriorate. What do you do?

- A. Stop the ambulance and begin CPR
- B. Tell your partner to drive faster; you need to get this patient to the hospital now
- C. Reassess your patient
- D. Call medical control

Correct Answer: C



Any time you have a patient whose condition worsens, you should always reassess them.

QUESTION 4

Which of the following patients encountered would the paramedic most likely benefit from critical incident stress management?

- A. Death of a 4-year-old male patient from a fall.
- B. Death of an 30-year-old male who was intoxicated while driving.
- C. Death of a 43-year-old female from an explosion.
- D. Death of an 82-year-old female from a suicide.

Correct Answer: A

Death of a child is often a reason for a paramedic to need CISM. In addition a death of a coworker, an extreme threat to the paramedic, or any other significant incident may also be reasons for CISM. What is most important however, is that the recognition of stress and poor coping on the part of the provider is more important than assuming the use of CISM's should be guided by the nature of the call.

QUESTION 5

"You are dispatched to a 70-year old male who is complaining of chest pain, and has a history of cardiac problems. If you assist in the administration of nitroglycerin, what is the maximum dosage to be given, without additional medical direction? "

- A. 2 tablets
- B. 3 tablets
- C. 4 tablets
- D. 5 tablets

Correct Answer: B

The maximum dosage amount is three tablets, or sprays, without additional medical direction.

[NREMT VCE Dumps](#)

[NREMT Practice Test](#)

[NREMT Study Guide](#)