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QUESTION 1

A company is planning to extend its Mule APIs to the Europe region. Currently all new applications are deployed to Cloudhub in the US region following this naming convention {API name}-{environment}. for example, Orders-SAPI-dev, Orders-SAPI-prod etc. Considering there is no network restriction to block communications between API\\'s, what strategy should be implemented in order to apply the same new API\\'s running in the EU region of CloudHub as well to minimize latency between API\\'s

and target users and systems in Europe?

A. Set region property to Europe (eu-de) in API manager for all the mule application No need to change the naming convention

B. Set region property to Europe (eu-de) in API manager for all the mule application Change the naming convention to {API name}-{environment}-{region} and communicate this change to the consuming applications and users

C. Set region property to Europe (eu-de) in runtime manager for all the mule application No need to change the naming convention

D. Set region property to Europe (eu-de) in runtime manager for all the mule application Change the naming convention to {API name}-{environment}-{region} and communicate this change to the consuming applications and users

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

An organization has decided on a cloud migration strategy to minimize the organization\\'s own IT resources. Currently the organization has all of its new applications running on its own premises and uses an on-premises load balancer that exposes all APIs under the base URL (https://api.rutujar.com).

As part of migration strategy, the organization is planning to migrate all of its new applications and load balancer CloudHub.

What is the most straightforward and cost-effective approach to Mule application deployment and load balancing that preserves the public URL\\'s?

A. Deploy the Mule application to Cloudhub Create a CNAME record for base URL(httpsr://api.rutujar.com) in the Cloudhub shared load balancer that points to the A record of theon-premises load balancer Apply mapping rules in SLB to map URLto their corresponding Mule applications

B. Deploy the Mule application to Cloudhub Update a CNAME record for base URL (https://api.rutujar.com) in the organization\\'s DNS server to point to the A record of the Cloudhub dedicated load balancer Apply mapping rules in DLB to map URLto their corresponding Mule applications

C. Deploy the Mule application to Cloudhub Update a CNAME record for base URL (https://api.rutujar.com) in the organization\\'s DNS server to point to the A record of the CloudHub shared load balancer Apply mapping rules in SLB to map URLto their corresponding Mule applications

D. For each migrated Mule application, deploy an API proxy application to Cloudhub with all traffic to the mule applications routed through a Cloud Hub Dedicated load balancer (DLB) Update a CNAME record for base URL (https://api.rutujar.com) in the organization\\'s DNS server to point to the A record of the CloudHub dedicated load balancer Apply mapping rules in DLB to map each API proxy application who is responding new application

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

An API has been updated in Anypoint Exchange by its API producer from version 3.1.1 to 3.2.0 following accepted semantic versioning practices and the changes have been communicated via the API\\'s public portal. The API endpoint does NOT change in the new version. How should the developer of an API client respond to this change?

A. The update should be identified as a project risk and full regression testing of the functionality that uses this API should be run.

B. The API producer should be contacted to understand the change to existing functionality.

C. The API producer should be requested to run the old version in parallel with the new one.

D. The API client code ONLY needs to be changed if it needs to take advantage of new features.

Correct Answer: D

* Semantic Versioning is a 3-component number in the format of X.Y.Z, where :

X stands for a major version.

Y stands for a minor version:

Z stands for a patch.

So, SemVer is of the form Major.Minor.Patch Coming to our question , minor version of the API has been changed which is backward compatible. Hence there is no change required on API client end. If they want to make use of new featured

that have been added as a part of minor version change they may need to change code at their end. Hence correct answer is The API client code ONLY needs to be changed if it needs to take advantage of new features.

QUESTION 4

As an enterprise architect, what are the two reasons for which you would use a canonical data model in the new integration project using Mulesoft Anypoint platform (choose two answers)

A. To have consistent data structure aligned in processes

B. To isolate areas within a bounded context

C. To incorporate industry standard data formats

D. There are multiple canonical definitions of each data type

E. Because the model isolates the back and systems and support mule applications from change

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 5

A project team uses RAML specifications to document API functional requirements and deliver API definitions. As per the current legal requirement, all designed API definitions to be augmented with an additional non-functional requirement to protect the services from a high rate of requests according to define service level agreements.

Assuming that the project is following Mulesoft API governance and policies, how should the project team convey the necessary non-functional requirement to stakeholders?

A. Create proxies in API manager for the non functional requirement and publish to exchange

B. Add all non functional requirements as comments to RAML specification and publish to exchange

C. Create various SLA\\'s in API manager for the non functional requirement and publish to exchange

D. Update API definitions with the fragment for the appropriate policy and publish to exchange

Correct Answer: D