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QUESTION 1

A custom module that adds a new console command for bin/magento has just been built. Deploying this to the Production environment on your Pro plan site causes the build phase to fail.

You find this occurs when you inject certain Magento core classes in your console command class. The command works on your local environment.

Why does this occur?

- A. The injected class logged to the exception log file, but a different logging implementation is used during deployment.
- B. Files were written to the root Magento directory, which is read-only on Magento Commerce Cloud.
- C. A connection to the database was attempted, which is not available during the build phase.
- D. The three webservers generated different content, which causes the build to be rolled back for safety.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

To secure composer credentials you want to remove the auth.json file from the project repository. How do you do that?

- A. The build phase runs on a separate server and variables are not available there, you must keep the credentials in the auth.json file, but you can replace the password with its hash
- B. Add the env:COMPOSER_AUTH variable on the project level and make it visible on the build phase
- C. Put the composer credentials into /mnt/build/.config/composer/auth.json
- D. Add the COMPOSER_AUTH variable with the sensitive option enabled

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

A project has a Magento cron job implemented to export new order data to a file. This process can also be triggered by a custom bin/magento command. The functionality uses a lock file in var/locks to prevent concurrent execution.

There are instances when the process gets locked after Production deployments and order data is not exported.

How do you prevent this from happening?

- A. Use the VAR_LOCKS_CLEAR variable available for the post_deploy stage in the .magento.env.yaml file
- B. Write a custom post_deploy hook to delete orphan lock files and include it in the .magento.app.yaml file
- C. Use the VAR_LOCKS_CLEAR variable available for the build stage in the .magento.app.yaml file
- D. You must access the Production environment and delete the lock file

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Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

You are reviewing a third party extension for Magento Commerce Cloud compatibility.

Which pattern makes a module incompatible with Magento Commerce Cloud?

- A. Direct instantiation by the ObjectManager of non-generated classes in .phtml template files
- B. Direct instantiation by the ObjectManager in non-constructor methods with the class also being referenced in the constructor signature
- C. Configuration referencing generated Proxy classes in the modules etc/frontend/di.xml file
- D. Direct instantiation of generated classes by the ObjectManager without the class being referenced in the constructor

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

For the Magento search backend, you would like to move from MySQL to Elasticsearch for your existing project. You have confirmed that your services.yaml file is configured appropriately. However, after your most recently deployment, you notice the search engine is still set to MySQL.

What additional step must be completed?

- A. Configure the relationships section of the .magento.app.yaml file
- B. Find an appropriate Elasticsearch module to require with Composer
- C. Specify Elasticsearch as the search engine in the Magento Admin panel
- D. Remove the MySQL service from the services.yaml file

Correct Answer: D

Reference: https://devdocs.magento.com/cloud/project/project-conf-files_services-elastic.html

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