



JN0-347^{Q&As}

Enterprise Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-ENT)

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QUESTION 1

Which three statements are correct about the voice VLAN feature? (Choose three.)

- A. It allows the access port to accept tagged voice and untagged data packets.
- B. It allows you to apply independent CoS actions to data and voice packets.
- C. It can be used with LLDP-MED to dynamically assign the VLAN ID value to IP phones.
- D. It allows trunk ports to accept tagged voice and untagged data packets.
- E. It must use the same VLAN ID as data traffic on a defined interface.

Correct Answer: ABC

A (not D): The Voice VLAN feature in EX-series switches enables access ports to accept both data (untagged) and voice (tagged) traffic and separate that traffic into different VLANs.

B: To assign differentiated priority to Voice traffic, it is recommended that class of service (CoS) is configured prior to enabling the voice VLAN feature. Typically, voice traffic is treated with a higher priority than common user traffic. Without differentiated treatment through CoS, all traffic, regardless of the type, is subject to the same delay during times of congestion.

C: In conjunction with Voice VLAN, you can utilize Link Layer Discovery Protocol Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED) to provide the voice VLAN ID and 802.1p values to the attached IP phones. This dynamic method associates each IP phone with the appropriate voice VLAN and assigns the necessary 802.1p values, which are used by CoS, to differentiate service for voice traffic within a network.

QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button.

```
[edit protocols ospf]
user@host# show
area 0.0.0.0 {
  interface ge-0/0/1.0;
}
area 0.0.0.1 {
  nssa {
    default-lsa {
      default-metric 10;
      type-7;
    }
    no-summaries;
  }
}
```

What will be two results of the OSPF configuration shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)

- A. A default route will be advertised into Area 1 as a Type 7 LSA.



- B. Area 0 will not generate summary LSAs for networks in Area 1.
- C. There will be no Type 3 LSAs in Area 1.
- D. Only Type 7 LSAs will be present in Area 1.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Click to the exhibit button. Referring to the exhibit, which configuration change is needed for an IS-IS Level 1 adjacency between R1 and R2?

```
user@R2# top show protocols isis
interface ge-0/0/1.0;
interface lo0.0;
```

- A. Configure the lo0 family ISO address 49.0002.0010.0042.0002.00 on R1.
- B. Disable Level 2 on R2's ge-0/0/1 interface.
- C. Configure the lo0 family ISO address 49.0002.0010.0042.0002.00 on R2.
- D. Enable Level 2 on R1's ge-0/0/1 interface.

Correct Answer: C

Level 1 adjacencies can be formed between routers that share a common area number. We need to change ISO addresses so that both routers have the same area number. If we change the ISO address on R2 49.0002.0010.0042.0002.00, both routers will have 0002 as area number. Note: Level 2 adjacency can be formed between routers that might or might not share an area number. Reference: http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/en_US/junos16.1/topics/example/isis-multi-level.html

QUESTION 4

Which three BGP attributes are well-known and mandatory? (Choose three.)

- A. AS Path
- B. Next Hop



C. MED

D. Local Preference

E. Origin

Correct Answer: ABE

QUESTION 5

What is the default BGP group type on a Junos device?

A. internal

B. external

C. multihop

D. null

Correct Answer: B

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