

JN0-333^{Q&As}

Security, Specialist (JNCIS-SEC)

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QUESTION 1

Click the Exhibit button.

```
user@host# show security nat
destination {
    pool dst-nat-pool-1 {
          address 192.168.1.200/32 port 80;
          pool dst-nat-pool-2 (
               address 192.168.1.220/32 port 8000;
          }
          rule-set rsl {
               from zone untrust;
               rule r1 {
                    match {
                         destination-address 203.0.113.200/32;
                         destination-port 80;
                    }
                    then {
                         destination-nat pool dst-nat-pool-1;
                    1
          1
          rule r2 (
                    destination-address 203.0.113.200/32;
                    destination-port 8000;
               then (
                    destination-nat pool dst-rat-pool-2;
               }
         }
     }
}
```

Which feature is enabled with destination NAT as shown in the exhibit?

- A. NAT overload
- B. block allocation
- C. port translation
- D. NAT hairpinning

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

What are two fields that an SRX Series device examines to determine if a packet is associated with an existing flow? (Choose two.)



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A. protocol

B. source IP address

C. source MAC address

D. type of service

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Click the Exhibit button.

You are configuring an OSPF session between two SRX Series devices. The session will not come up.

Referring to the exhibit, which configuration change will solve this problem?



```
[edit]
user@host# show security policies from-zone trust to-zone trust
policy allow-trusted-traffic {
   match {
    source-address any;
    destination-address any;
    application [junos-http junos-https];
}
   then {
     permit;
[edit]
user@host# show security zone security-zone trust
host-inbound-traffic {
     system-services {
      all;
}
}
Interfaces {
   qe-0/0/0.0
   ge-0/0/1.0;
1
[edit]
user@host# show interfaces
qe-0/0/0 {
   unit 0 {
     family inet {
       address 10.0.1.11/24
   }
[edit]
user@host# run show ospf neighbor
                                                     Pri
Address
               Interface
                                      CI
                                                            Dead
10.0.2.1
               ge-0/0/1.0
                             ExStart
                                      10.0.1.112
                                                     128
                                                             38
```

- A. Configure a loopback interface and add it to the trust zone.
- B. Configure the host-inbound-traffic protocols ospf parameter in the trust security zone.
- C. Configure the application junos-ospf parameter in the allow-trusted-traffic security policy.
- D. Configure the host-inbound-traffic system-services any-service parameter in the trust security zone.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

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Which statement is true about Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)?

- A. PFS is used to resolve compatibility issues with third-party IPsec peers.
- B. PFS is implemented during Phase 1 of IKE negotiations and decreases the amount of time required for IKE negotiations to complete.
- C. PFS increases security by forcing the peers to perform a second DH exchange during Phase 2.
- D. PFS increases the IPsec VPN encryption key length and uses RSA or DSA certificates.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Click to the Exhibit button.

```
user@host# show security nat
static {
     rule-set rsl {
          from zone untrust;
          rule rl {
               match {
                     destination-address 1.1.1.200/32;
               then [
                     static-nat prefix 192.168.1.200/32;
                1
          1
1
     proxy-arp {
          interface ge-0/0/0.0 {
               address {
                     1.1.1.200/32;
          }
     }
```

Referring to the exhibit, what does proxy ARP allow?

- A. the internal network to ARP for the internal address of the server
- B. the external network to ARP for the internal address of the server
- C. the internal network to ARP for the public address of the server
- D. the external network to ARP for the public address of the server

Correct Answer: A



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