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QUESTION 1

What is a guideline for creating certificate signing requests (CSRs) and deploying server Certificates on ArubaOS Mobility Controllers (MCs)?

- A. Create the CSR online using the MC Web UI if your company requires you to archive the private key.
- B. If you create the CSR and public/private Keypair offline, create a matching private key online on the MC.
- C. Create the CSR and public/private keypair offline If you want to install the same certificate on multiple MCs.
- D. Generate the private key online, but the public key and CSR offline, to install the same certificate on multiple MCs.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

What are the roles of 802.1X authenticators and authentication servers?

- A. The authenticator stores the user account database, while the server stores access policies.
- B. The authenticator supports only EAP, while the authentication server supports only RADIUS.
- C. The authenticator is a RADIUS client and the authentication server is a RADIUS server.
- D. The authenticator makes access decisions and the server communicates them to the supplicant.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

What is one way a noneydot can be used to launch a man-in-the-middle (MITM) attack to wireless clients?

- A. it uses a combination of software and hardware to jam the RF band and prevent the client from connecting to any wireless networks
- B. it runs an NMap scan on the wireless client to find the client's MAC and IP address. The hacker then connects to another network and spoofs those addresses.
- C. it examines wireless clients' probes and broadcasts the SSIDs in the probes, so that wireless clients will connect to it automatically.
- D. it uses ARP poisoning to disconnect wireless clients from the legitimate wireless network and force clients to connect to the hacker's wireless network instead.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 4



Which attack is an example of social engineering?

- A. An email is used to impersonate a bank and trick users into entering their bank login information on a fake website page.
- B. A hacker eavesdrops on insecure communications, such as Remote Desktop Program (RDP), and discovers login credentials.
- C. A user visits a website and downloads a file that contains a worm, which self-replicates throughout the network.
- D. An attack exploits an operating system vulnerability and locks out users until they pay the ransom.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

What is one difference between EAP-Tunneled Layer security (EAP-TLS) and Protected EAP (PEAP)?

- A. EAP-TLS creates a TLS tunnel for transmitting user credentials, while PEAP authenticates the server and supplicant during a TLS handshake.
- B. EAP-TLS requires the supplicant to authenticate with a certificate, but PEAP allows the supplicant to use a username and password.
- C. EAP-TLS begins with the establishment of a TLS tunnel, but PEAP does not use a TLS tunnel as part of its process.
- D. EAP-TLS creates a TLS tunnel for transmitting user credentials securely while PEAP protects user credentials with TKIP encryption.

Correct Answer: B

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