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QUESTION 1

The Wireless Intrusion Prevention System (WIPS) determines that a client has exceeded the maximum number of authentication requests that a client should make in the allowed period. What does the WIPS system do?

- A. adds the client's MAC address to the static blacklist on the access controller
- B. adds the client's MAC address to the static blacklist on the access point
- C. adds the client's MAC address to the dynamic blacklist for the access point
- D. removes the client's MAC address from the whitelist on the access controller

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

In 802.11n, what does fat channel intolerance indicate?

- A. Clients hearing this information must transmit in the secondary channel only.
- B. Both the clients and access points hearing this information must no longer aggregate MPDU frames.
- C. Access points hearing this information must use the default 40 MHz channel bandwidth.
- D. Access points hearing this information must prohibit the use of 40 MHz channels.

Correct Answer: D

Reference: <http://forums.anandtech.com/showthread.php?t=249626> (last post on the page) Fat Channel Intolerant Communicates to surrounding networks that this WiFi adapter is not tolerant of 40MHz channels in the 2.4GHz band.

QUESTION 3

Which statement is correct about passwords when a network administrator synchronizes User Access Manager (UAM) with an Active Directory server?

- A. Passwords are set but with a different salt value.
- B. Passwords set in the Active Directory must be reset to different values when synchronized with UAM.
- C. Passwords are stored in clear text in UAM.
- D. Passwords are checked against the Active Directory during authentication.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 4



An organization has deployed dual radio access points (APs). They have a mixture of 802.11b, g, and n clients. In this scenario, why is it desirable to steer 802.11n enabled clients to operate in the 5 GHz band?

- A. Signals in 5 GHz band propagate further than 2.4 GHz, which enables 802.11n devices to connect at great distances
- B. 802.11n can use the higher modulation and coding schemes, which are not allowed in the 2.4 GHz band.
- C. When 802.11n devices operate in 2.4 GHz band, they prevent legacy 802.11b.g devices from connecting
- D. There are more non-overlapping channels, which increases the probability that channel bonding can be used

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

A network administrator is setting up a wireless network secured by 802.1X authentication in EAP mode with an HP BYOD solution. What is an important concept to remember when configuring a Windows laptop to access the wireless network?

- A. Root certificates from a Certificate Authority are not needed. The laptop will validate the RADIUS certificate using its client certificate.
- B. Do not validate any certificates sent by the RADIUS server. This may cause security issues.
- C. User Access Manager can self-generate its own certificate, and this kind of certificate does not need any validation.
- D. To automatically validate a certificate sent by User Access Manager (UAM), a client must have a root certificate from the Certificate Authority that issued the UAM certificate

Correct Answer: A

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