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QUESTION 1

console#show power inline								
Interface	Admin	Inline Power Max / Alloc (Watts)		Inline Power Consumed (Watts)	Class	Device Type	PoE Port Priority	LLDP Support
Gi 0/46								
Gi 1/0	auto auto	15.40 / 15.40 /		0.00	NO_DEVICE NO DEVICE		Low Low	_
	auco	13.40 /	0.00		NO_DEVICE			

Refer to the exhibit.

A customer has a C-Series chassis using a 48-port PoE+ line card. A workstation connected to Gi 0/47 passes traffic as expected. When the customer connects a PoE phone to the interface, the phone does NOT power up.

Which configuration should a network engineer set on the Gi 0/47 interface to provide power to the phone?

- A. console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#auto power inline
- B. console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#power inline on
- C. console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#power inline auto
- D. console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#power priority inline auto

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

A network engineer needs to install five Dell N-Series switches in a stack for a company that is moving to a new building.

The following items are received:

5x Dell N4032 switches

-

5x Power cords

-

5x QSFP+ module card

-120 CAT6 patch cords



1x UPS APC 7000

What needs to be provided to enable the network engineer to complete this task?

Α.

Serial cables

В.

TwinAx cables

C.

Memory RAM

D.

a USB drive with a configuration file

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3



A Exhibit 1

```
Switch 1 Output:
Dell1#show vlan
Codes: * - Default VLAN, G - GVRP VLANs, R - Remote Port Mirroring VLANs,
       P - Primary, C - Community, I - Isolated, O - Openflow
Q: U - Untagged, T - Tagged
   x - Dot1x untagged, X - Dot1x tagged
   o - OpenFlow untagged, O - OpenFlow tagged
   G - GVRP tagged, M - Vlan-stack, H - VSN tagged
   i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged
   v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged
     NUM
               Status
                           Description
                                             Q Ports
*
      1
               Active
                                             U Te 0/13,21
      22
               Inactive
                                             T Te 0/21
      30
               Inactive
                                             U Te 0/12
      100
                                             T Te 0/20
               Inactive
Dell1#Show interfaces switchport te 0/13
         U - Untagged, T - Tagged
Codes:
         x - Dot1x untagged, X - Dot1x tagged
         G - GVRP tagged, M - Trunk, H - VSN tagged
         i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged,
         v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged
Name: TenGigabitEthernet 0/13
802.1QTagged: False
Vlan membership:
     Vlans
Q
U
      1
```



A Exhibit 2 Switch 2 Output: Dell2#show vlan Codes: * - Default VLAN, G - GVRP VLANs, R - Remote Port Mirroring VLANs, P - Primary, C - Community, I - Isolated, O - Openflow Q: U - Untagged, T - Tagged x - Dot1x untagged, X - Dot1x tagged o - OpenFlow untagged, O - OpenFlow tagged G - GVRP tagged, M - Vlan-stack, H - VSN tagged i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged NUM Q Ports Status Description * 10 U Te 0/1-32,43 Active 30 U Te 0/44 Inactive 100 Inactive 1017 T Te 0/1-32 Active Dell2#Show interfaces switchport te 0/43 U - Untagged, T - Tagged Codes: x - Dot1x untagged, X - Dot1x tagged G - GVRP tagged, M - Trunk, H - VSN tagged i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged, v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged Name: TenGigabitEthernet 0/43 802.1QTagged: False Vlan membership: Vlans Q U 10

Refer to the exhibits of the S-Series switch.

A networking engineer is unable to pass traffic across interface port 13 and 43 for Dell1 and Dell2 S-Series

switches, respectively.

Based on the exhibit, what is the problem with the configuration for the switches?

- A. There is a native VLAN mismatch.
- B. Port 13 needs to be tagged to pass traffic.
- C. 802.1 w protocol needs to be disabled for both ports.
- D. Port 43 needs to be tagged to pass traffic.

```
Correct Answer: A
```



QUESTION 4

A network engineer has configured LACP on two connected S-Series switches. LACP is not formed for port TenGigabitEthernet 0/72.

The network engineer has issued "show lacp" to debug the issue.

Dell# show lacp 91 Port-channel 91 admin up, oper up, mode lacp LACP Fast Switch-Over Disabled System ID: Priority 32768, Address 90b1.1cf4.9a4a Actor Partner System ID: Priority 32768, Address 0001.e8a1.bfff Actor Admin Key 91, Oper Key 91, Partner Oper Key 91, VLT Peer Oper Key 91 LACP LAG 91 is an aggregatable link LACP LAG 91 is a VLT LAG A - Active LACP, B - Passive LACP, C - Short Timeout, D - Long Timeout E - Aggregatable Link, F - Individual Link, G - IN SYNC, H - OUT OF SYNC I - Collection enabled, J - Collection disabled, K - Distribution enabled L - Distribution disabled, M - Partner Defaulted, N - Partner Non-defaulted, 0 - Receiver is in expired state, P - Receiver is not in expired state Port Te 0/68 is enabled, LACP is enabled and mode is lacp Port State: Bundle Actor Admin: State ACEHJLMP Key 91 Priority 32768 Oper: State ACEGIKNP Key 91 Priority 32768 Partner Admin: State BDFHJLMP Key 0 Priority 0 Oper: State ACEGIKNP Key 91 Priority 32768 Port Te 0/72 is disabled, LACP is disabled and more is lacp Port State: Not in Bundle Admin: State ACEHJLMP Key 91 Priority 32768 Actor Oper: State ACEHJLMP Key 91 Priority 32768 Partner is not present Port Te 0/80 is enabled, LSCP is enabled and mode is lacp Port State: Bundle Actor Admin: State ACEHJIMP Key 91 Priority 32768 Oper: State ACEGIKNP Key 91 Priority 32768 Partner Admin: State BDFHJLMP Key 0 Priority 0 Oper: State ACEGIKNP Key 91 Priority 32768

From the output shown, what are two likely reasons for this result? (Choose two.)

A. Peer port-channel is configured in passive mode.

B. Link speed of the port is different.

C. MTU of the port is different from the channel members.

D. Peer port-channel protocol is configured differently.

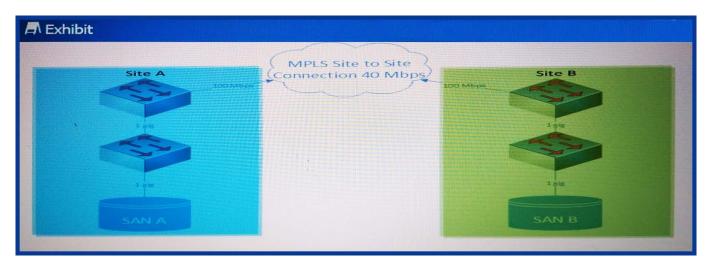
E. Peer port-channel priority configured is zero.



F. Peer port-channel key is configured differently.

Correct Answer: DF

QUESTION 5



Refer to the exhibit.

A network engineer is called onsite to troubleshoot replication failure and traffic loss. Whenever replication

occurs between SAN A and SAN B, users report traffic loss between sites, and replication ultimately fails due to traffic loss.

Based on the topology shown, what is the most likely cause of the traffic loss?

A. Traffic needs to be policed on the site border routers.

B. An inbound policy map needs to be defined on the site border that marks the replication traffic with a DSCP value of 46.

C. An outbound policy map needs to be defined on the site border that marks the replication traffic with a DSCP value of 46.

D. Traffic needs to be shaped on the site border routers.

Correct Answer: C

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