



# CLF-C02<sup>Q&As</sup>

AWS Certified Cloud Practitioner

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### QUESTION 1

A company is using Amazon DynamoDB for its application database.

Which tasks are the responsibility of AWS, according to the AWS shared responsibility model? (Choose two.)

- A. Classify data.
- B. Configure access permissions.
- C. Manage encryption options.
- D. Provide public endpoints to store and retrieve data.
- E. Manage the infrastructure layer and the operating system.

Correct Answer: DE

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### QUESTION 2

A company wants to store and retrieve files in Amazon S3 for its existing on-premises applications by using industry-standard file system protocols. Which AWS service will meet these requirements?

- A. AWS DataSync
- B. AWS Snowball Edge
- C. Amazon S3 File Gateway
- D. AWS Transfer Family

Correct Answer: C

"Amazon S3 File Gateway provides a seamless way to connect to the cloud in order to store application data files and backup images as durable objects in Amazon S3 cloud storage. Amazon S3 File Gateway offers SMB or NFS-based access to data in Amazon S3 with local caching. It can be used for on-premises data-intensive Amazon EC2-based applications that need file protocol access to S3 object storage."

Reference: <https://aws.amazon.com/storagegateway/file/s3/>

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### QUESTION 3

Which of the following are general AWS Cloud design principles described in the AWS Well-Architected Framework? (Select TWO.)

- A. Consolidate key components into monolithic architectures.
- B. Test systems at production scale.
- C. Provision more capacity than a workload is expected to need.



- D. Drive architecture design based on data collected about the workload behavior and requirements.
- E. Make AWS Cloud architectural decisions static, one-time events.

Correct Answer: BD

Explanation: These are two of the general AWS Cloud design principles described in the AWS Well-Architected Framework. Testing systems at production scale means using tools such as AWS CloudFormation, AWS CodeDeploy, and AWS X-Ray to simulate real-world scenarios and measure the performance, scalability, and availability of the system. Driving architecture design based on data means using tools such as Amazon CloudWatch, AWS CloudTrail, and AWS Config to collect and analyze metrics, logs, and events about the system and use the insights to optimize the system's design and operation. You can learn more about the AWS Well-Architected Framework from this whitepaper or [this digital course].

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#### QUESTION 4

A company wants to modernize and convert a monolithic application into microservices. The company wants to move the application to AWS. Which migration strategy should the company use?

- A. Rehost
- B. Replatform
- C. Repurchase
- D. Refactor

Correct Answer: D

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#### QUESTION 5

Which actions are examples of a company's effort to right size its AWS resources to control cloud costs? (Select TWO.)

- A. Switch from Amazon RDS to Amazon DynamoDB to accommodate NoSQL datasets.
- B. Base the selection of Amazon EC2 instance types on past utilization patterns.
- C. Use Amazon S3 Lifecycle policies to move objects that users access infrequently to lower-cost storage tiers.
- D. Use Multi-AZ deployments for Amazon RDS.
- E. Replace existing Amazon EC2 instances with AWS Elastic Beanstalk.

Correct Answer: BC

Explanation: Basing the selection of Amazon EC2 instance types on past utilization patterns is a way to right size the AWS resources and optimize the performance and cost. Using Amazon S3 Lifecycle policies to move objects that users access infrequently to lower-cost storage tiers is another way to reduce the storage costs and align them with the business value of the data. These two actions are recommended by the AWS Cost Optimization Pillar1. Switching from Amazon RDS to Amazon DynamoDB is not necessarily a cost-saving action, as it depends on the use case and the data model. Using Multi-AZ deployments for Amazon RDS is a way to improve the availability and durability of the database, but it also increases the cost. Replacing existing Amazon EC2 instances with AWS Elastic Beanstalk is a way



to simplify the deployment and management of the application, but it does not affect the cost of the underlying EC2 instances.

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