



# CIPP-US<sup>Q&As</sup>

Certified Information Privacy Professional/United States (CIPP/US)

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### QUESTION 1

Which of the following is a U.S. surveillance program authorized under Section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act Amendments Act?

- A. Upstream
- B. NATGRID
- C. Project 6
- D. SORM

Correct Answer: A

Reference: <https://www.dni.gov/files/icotr/Section702-Basics-Infographic.pdf>

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### QUESTION 2

Sarah lives in San Francisco, California. Based on a dramatic increase in unsolicited commercial emails, Sarah believes that a major social media platform with over 50 million users has collected a lot of personal information about her. The company that runs the platform is based in New York and France.

Why is Sarah entitled to ask the social media platform to delete the personal information they have collected about her?

- A. Any company with a presence in Europe must comply with the General Data Protection Regulation globally, including in response to data subject deletion requests.
- B. Under Section 5 of the FTC Act, the Federal Trade Commission has held that refusing to delete an individual's personal information upon request constitutes an unfair practice.
- C. The California Consumer Privacy Act entitles Sarah to request deletion of her personal information.
- D. The New York "Stop Hacks and Improve Electronic Data Security" (SHIELD) Act requires that businesses under New York's jurisdiction must delete customers' personal information upon request.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.varonis.com/blog/ccpa-vs-gdpr/>

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### QUESTION 3

Which of the following accurately describes the purpose of a particular federal enforcement agency?

- A. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) has established mandatory privacy standards that can then be enforced against all for-profit organizations by the Department of Justice (DOJ).
- B. The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) is authorized to bring civil enforcement actions against organizations whose website or other online service fails to adequately secure personal information.
- C. The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulates privacy practices on the internet and enforces violations



relating to websites\\ posted privacy disclosures.

D. The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) is typically recognized as having the broadest authority under the FTC Act to address unfair or deceptive privacy practices.

Correct Answer: D

Reference: <https://www.ftc.gov/reports/privacy-data-security-update-2016>

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#### QUESTION 4

If an organization maintains data classified as high sensitivity in the same system as data classified as low sensitivity, which of the following is the most likely outcome?

- A. The organization will still be in compliance with most sector-specific privacy and security laws.
- B. The impact of an organizational data breach will be more severe than if the data had been segregated.
- C. Temporary employees will be able to find the data necessary to fulfill their responsibilities.
- D. The organization will be able to address legal discovery requests efficiently without producing more information than necessary.

Correct Answer: B

Answer: B "Holding all data in one system can increase the consequences of a single breach" Excerpt From: "IAPP\_US\_TB\_US-Private-Sector-Privacy-3E\_1.0." Apple Books.

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#### QUESTION 5

What is the main purpose of the Global Privacy Enforcement Network?

- A. To promote universal cooperation among privacy authorities
- B. To investigate allegations of privacy violations internationally
- C. To protect the interests of privacy consumer groups worldwide
- D. To arbitrate disputes between countries over jurisdiction for privacy laws

Correct Answer: A

Reference: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Global\\_Privacy\\_Enforcement\\_Network](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Global_Privacy_Enforcement_Network)

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