



# CIPP-A<sup>Q&As</sup>

Certified Information Privacy Professional/Asia (CIPP/A)

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### QUESTION 1

#### SCENARIO

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 2

In the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) Privacy Framework, what exception is allowed to the Access and Correction principle?

- A. Paper-based records.
- B. Publicly-available information.
- C. Foreign intelligence.
- D. Unreasonable expense.

Correct Answer: D

D. Unreasonable expense. The APEC Privacy Framework's Access and Correction principle allows for exceptions when providing access to personal information or making corrections would impose an unreasonable burden or expense on the organization. In such cases, organizations may deny or limit access or correction, provided they can justify the decision as necessary and reasonable.

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### QUESTION 3

How was the Supreme Court's ruling in the Maneka Gandhi v Union of India case significant to Indian law?

- A. It expanded the interpretation of right to life under Article 21 of the Constitution.
- B. It established that privacy is a fundamental right granted by the Constitution under Article 21.
- C. It upheld that the impounding of passports for "public interest" is allowable under Section 10(3)(c) of the Passports Act.
- D. It ruled that under Article 32 of the Constitution individuals may file writ petitions when they feel their rights were violated.

Correct Answer: D

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### QUESTION 4

What emerged as the main reason for creating a comprehensive data protection law when Singapore ministers met between 2005 and 2011?



- A. To control increasing technological threats.
- B. To raise Singapore's human rights standing.
- C. To limit the scope of governmental surveillance.
- D. To enhance Singapore's economic competitiveness.

Correct Answer: D

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#### QUESTION 5

SCENARIO

Correct Answer: B

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