



# CBDH<sup>Q&As</sup>

BTA Certified Blockchain Developer - Hyperledger

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### QUESTION 1

A resource marked as abstract \_\_\_\_\_ be instantiated; can be \_\_\_\_\_ to create new resource definitions.

- A. cannot, accessed
- B. can, extended
- C. cannot, extended

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 2

Hyperledger is a membership based distributed ledger platform. What determine the level of permissions required to transact for members?

- A. Authentication Services
- B. Validator Services
- C. Identity Management
- D. Audit Services

Correct Answer: B

Hyperledger is a private validator network protocol. All the entities in a network must register with membership services to obtain an identity with access and transaction authority on the network. Validators determine the level of permissions required to transact. The network setup also defines the network as permissive, allowing the ease of access. It supports for rapid and high adoption for a more controlled and restrictive environment.

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### QUESTION 3

One essential element of blockchain technology is the availability of cryptocurrency that can be used as value token on the DLT platform.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 4

Exhibit.



```
package main

import (
    "fmt"

    "github.com/hyperledger/fabric/core/chaincode/shim"
    "github.com/hyperledger/fabric/protos/peer"
)

type BIAAsset struct {
}

func (t *BIAAsset) Init(stub shim.ChaincodeStubInterface) peer.Response {
    // Get the args from the transaction proposal
    args := stub.GetStringArgs()
    if len(args) != 2 {
        return shim.Error("Incorrect arguments. Expecting a key and a value")
    }

    err := stub.PutState(args[0], []byte(args[1]))
    if err != nil {
        return shim.Error(fmt.Sprintf("Failed to create asset: %s",
args[0]))
    }
    return shim.Success(nil)
}

func (t *BIAAsset) Invoke(stub shim.ChaincodeStubInterface) peer.Response {
    fn, args := stub.GetFunctionAndParameters()

    var result string
    var err error
    if fn == "set" {
        result, err = set(stub, args)
    } else { // assume 'get' even if fn is nil
        result, err = get(stub, args)
    }

    if err != nil {
        return shim.Error(err.Error())
    }

    return shim.Success([]byte(result))
}

    value, err := stub.GetState(args[0])
    if err != nil {
        return "", fmt.Errorf("Failed to get asset: %s with error: %s",
args[0], err)
    }
    if value == nil {
        return "", fmt.Errorf("Asset not found: %s", args[0])
    }
    return string(value), nil
}

func main() {
    if err := shim.Start(new(BIAAsset)); err != nil {
        fmt.Printf("Error starting BIAAsset chaincode: %s", err)
    }
}
```



Based on the chaincode displayed, which function returns the value of the specified asset key?

- A. main
- B. Init C. Invoke
- D. get

Correct Answer: D

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#### QUESTION 5

Which of the following would NOT be true about what a smart contract(Chaincode) gives your organization?

- A. Autonomy
- B. Savings
- C. Trust
- D. Legal Assurance

Correct Answer: D

While smart contracts (Chaincode) can be written to complement or substitute for legal contracts, their legal enforceability is not yet agreed upon by all state governments

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