

# A SS OCIATE-ANDROID-DEVELOPER<sup>Q&As</sup>

Google Developers Certification - Associate Android Developer (Kotlin and Java Exam)

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### **QUESTION 1**

When using an EditTexts or editable TextViews, or other editable View. What attribute to use to provide a content label for that View?

A. android:contentDescription

B. android:hint

C. android:labelFor

Correct Answer: B

Reference: https://support.google.com/accessibility/android/answer/7158690?hl=en

#### **QUESTION 2**

What is a correct part of an Implicit Intent for sharing data implementation?

A. Intent sendIntent = new Intent(this, UploadService.class) sendIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA\_TEXT, textMessage);

B. Intent sendIntent = new Intent(); sendIntent.setType(Intent.ACTION\_SEND);

C. Intent sendIntent = new Intent(this, UploadService.class) sendIntent.setData(Uri.parse(fileUrl));

D. Intent sendIntent = new Intent(); sendIntent.setAction(Intent.ACTION\_SEND);

Correct Answer: D

Create the text message with a string

Intent sendIntent = new Intent();

sendIntent.setAction(Intent.ACTION\_SEND);

sendIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA\_TEXT, textMessage);

sendIntent.setType("text/plain");

Reference:

https://developer.android.com/guide/components/fundamentals

# **QUESTION 3**

What statements about InputStreamReader (java.io.InputStreamReader) are correct? (Choose two.)

A. An InputStreamReader is a bridge from byte streams to character streams: It reads bytes and decodes them into characters using a specified charset. The charset that it uses may be specified by name or may be given explicitly, or the platform\\'s default charset may be accepted.



- B. An InputStreamReader is a bridge from character streams to byte streams: It reads characters using a specified charset and encodes them into bytes. The charset that it uses may be specified by name or may be given explicitly, or the platform\\'s default charset may be accepted.
- C. Each invocation of one of an InputStreamReader\\'s read() methods may cause one or more bytes to be read from the underlying byte-input stream. To enable the efficient conversion of bytes to characters, more bytes may be read ahead from the underlying stream than are necessary to satisfy the current read operation.
- D. No any invocation of one of an InputStreamReader\\'s read() methods can cause some bytes to be read from the underlying byte-input stream.

Correct Answer: AC

## **QUESTION 4**

DRAG DROP

Move the major components of the Android platform to correct places in diagram.

Select and Place:



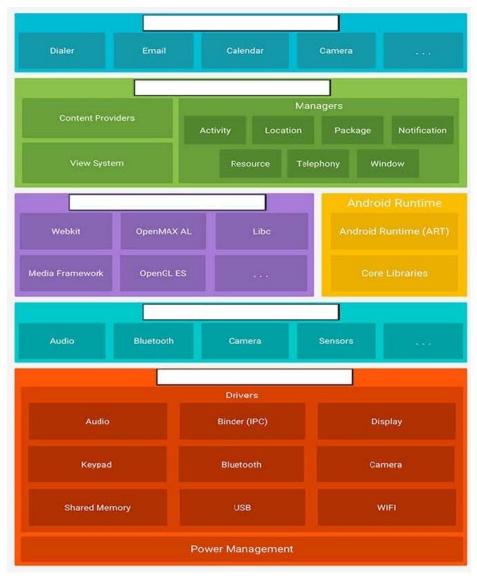
System Apps

Java API Framework

Native C/C++ Libraries

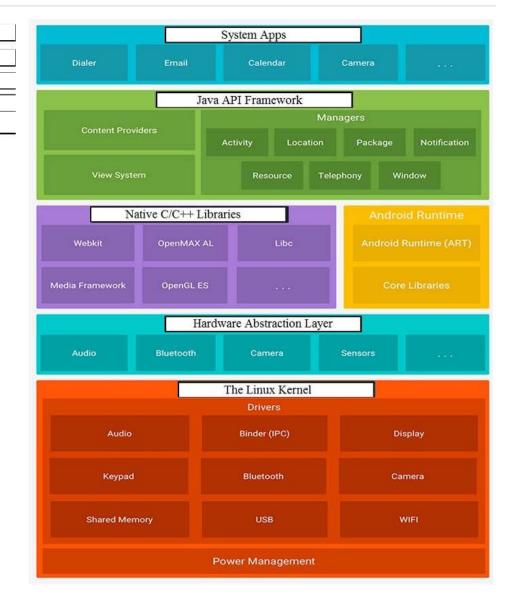
Hardware Abstraction Layer

The Linux Kernel



Correct Answer:





Reference: https://developer.android.com/guide/platform

### **QUESTION 5**

As an example. In an Activity we have our TimerViewModel object (extended ViewModel), named mTimerViewModel. mTimerViewModel.timer method returns a LiveData value. What can be a correct way to set an observer to change UI in case if data was changed?

A. mTimerViewModel!!.timer.value.toString().observe (Observer { aLong -> callAnyChangeUIMethodHere(aLong!!) })

B. mTimerViewModel!!.timer.observe (this, Observer { aLong -> callAnyChangeUIMethodHere(aLong!!) })

C. mTimerViewModel.observe (Observer { aLong -> callAnyChangeUIMethodHere(aLong!!) })

Correct Answer: B

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