



NS0-155^{Q&As}

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QUESTION 1

Snapshot copies for SnapLock volumes are deleted automatically according to the retention count set in the Snapshot schedule.

- A. True
- B. False

Correct Answer: A

<https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1196889/html/GUID-83A15F85-92A1-4EA8-A9EC-B9E0E2269E37.html>

QUESTION 2

Which changes the NDMP password on the Open System SnapVault agent?

- A. password
- B. password
- C. svpasswd
- D. svpassword

Correct Answer: D

[https://kb.netapp.com/support/index?](https://kb.netapp.com/support/index?Page=contentandid=2010134andactp=LIST_RECENTandviewlocale=en_USandsearchid=1296570465177)

Page=contentandid=2010134andactp=LIST_RECENTandviewlocale=en_USandsearchid=1296570465177 The svpassword command is available on the OSSV host as part of the agent binaries in the path \netapp\snapvault\bin.

QUESTION 3

XML-files in /etc/stats/preset are used together with the sysstat command to customize the output.

- A. True
- B. False

Correct Answer: B

https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1196890/html/man1/na_stats.1.html http://backdrift.org/man/netapp/man5/na_stats_preset.5.html Data ONTAP provides some XML files that output a predetermined set of statistics that you can use without having to construct a script or type in a complicated command on the command line. The preset files are located in the /etc/stats/preset directory. To use a preset file, you add -p filename to your stats show or stats stop command line. You can also add counters on the command line. If any options you specify on the command

line conflict with the preset file, your command line options take precedence.

You can also create your own preset files.



QUESTION 4

Which two commands can be used to enable LUN reservations? (Choose two)

- A. lun set reservation
- B. lun reservation set
- C. lun map
- D. lun create

Correct Answer: AD

https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1196979/html/man1/na_lun.1.html

lun set reservation lun_path [enable | disable]

Enables or disables the space reservation on the LUN. If no arguments are supplied after the lun_path, then the space reservation status of the given lun_path is displayed. lun create -s size -t ostype [-o noreserve] [-e space_alloc]

lun_path This usage of the lun create command should be employed to create a new LUN of given size, with initially zero contents. The LUN is created at the lun_path given. No file should already exist at the given lun_path. The directory

specified in the lun_path must be a qtree root directory.

The size is specified in bytes. Optionally, a number followed by a one-character multiplier suffix can be used: c (1), w (2), b (512), k (1024), m (k*k), g (k*m), t (m*m).

The size of the created LUN could be larger than the size specified, in order to get an integral number of cylinders while reporting the geometry using SAN protocols. The size of the LUN actually created is reported if it is different from that

specified in the command. The mandatory ostype argument is one of:

solaris (the LUN will be used to store a Solaris raw disk in a singleslice partition), windows (the LUN will be used to store a raw disk device in a single-partition Windows disk using the MBR (Master Boot Record) partitioning style), hpux (the

LUN will be used to store HP-UX data), aix (the LUN will be used to store AIX data), vld (the LUN contains a SnapManager VLD), linux (the LUN will be used to store a Linux raw disk without any partition table), netware (the LUN will be used

to store NetWare data), vmware (the LUN will be used to store VMware data), windows_gpt (the LUN will be used to store Windows data using the GPT (GUID Partition Type) partitioning style), windows_2008 (the LUN will be used to store

Windows data for Windows 2008 systems), openvms (the LUN will be used to store Open-VMS data), xen (the LUN will be used to store Xen data), hyper_v (the LUN will be used to store Hyper-V data), solaris_efi

By default, the LUN is space-reserved. To manage space usage manually, -o noreserve can be specified.

Using this option will create a LUN without any space being reserved. Provisioning threshold events can be enabled by specifying -e space_alloc option. This option has to be used in conjunction with -o noreserve.

lun map [-f] lun_path initiator_group [lun_id]



Maps a LUN to all the initiators in the supplied group. If a LUN ID is not specified, the smallest number that can be used for the various initiators in the group is automatically picked. Note that this command can be used multiple times to configure multiple maps for a LUN, or for an initiator group. Once created, you can use `lun show -m` to list all the LUN mappings. The optional `-f` argument disables checking with the HA partner for LUN mapping conflicts.

QUESTION 5

Which tool is available on an OSSV client to assist in starting or stopping the OSSV service, modifying NDMP settings, enabling debugging, and capturing trace files?

- A. Operations Manager
- B. Protection Manager
- C. Svconfigurator GUI
- D. svdebug.exe

Correct Answer: C

<http://synergy-ds.com/netapp/tr-3466.pdf>



7.6 SVCONFIGURATOR



Figure 2) svconfigurator.

After installing the OSSV agent on your primary system, you complete the basic configuration by modifying any outstanding parameters using the `svconfigurator` tool (accessible from the Start menu or from the command line, or `$INSTALL_DIR/bin/svconfigurator.exe` (`$INSTALL_DIR/bin/svconfigurator` in UNIX)).