JN0-660 Q&As

Service Provider Routing and Switching, Professional

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QUESTION 1

You are asked to set up a route reflection cluster for a group of IBGP peers that are fully meshed.

You want to only reflect routes that arrive outside the cluster to the IBGP peers.

Which route reflector configuration accomplishes this task?

A. Option A

B. Option B

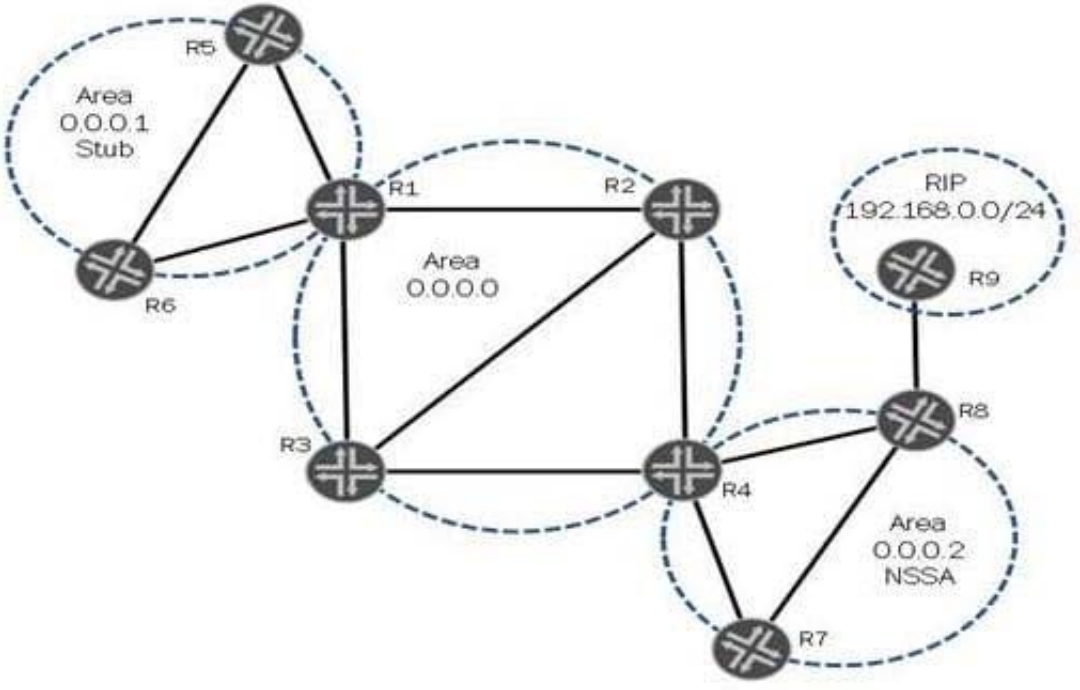
C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button.



In the exhibit, the RIP network 192.168.0.0/24 is redistributed into OSPF on R8 Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

A. R4 receives the RIP network in a Type 7 LSA from R8.

B. R7 receives the RIP network in a Type 5 LSA from R4.

C. R2 receives the RIP network in a Type 7 LSA from R4.

D. R3 receives the RIP network in a Type 5 LSA from R4.

Correct Answer: AD

QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit.

```
[edit protocols isis]
user@router# show
interface so-0/0/0.0 {
    level 2 disable;
}
interface fe-1/0/0.0;
interface fe-2/0/0.0 {
    passive;
}
```

You have implemented the IS-IS configuration shown in the exhibit. Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

A. An IS-IS adjacency can establish on the fe-2/1/0.0 interface.

B. The SONET interface configuration allows the sharing of only Level 2 routes.

C. The fe-1/0/0.0 interface configuration allows sharing of Level 1 and Level 2 routes.

D. The fe-2/0/0.0 interface configuration allows advertising of its IP address into the LSPs.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit.

```
user@router> show route receive-protocol rip 2.2.2.2
inet.0: 15 destinations, 15 routes (15 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both
50.50.0.0/26        *[RIP/100] 00:09:12, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.1.0/24        *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.2.0/24        *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.3.0/25        *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.4.0/25        *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.4.128/25      *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.5.0/26        *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.5.64/26       *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
50.50.5.128/26      *[RIP/100] 00:32:24, metric 2, tag 0
                      > to 2.2.2.2 via fe-3/0/0.2
```

A.

```
[edit policy-options policy-statement RIP-redist]
user@router# show
term 1 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.1.0/24 exact;
    }
    then accept;
}
term 2 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.0.0/24 upto /27;
    }
    then reject;
}
term 3 {
    from protocol rip;
    then accept;
}
```

B.

```
[edit policy-options policy-statement RIP-redist]
user@router# show
term 1 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.0.0/24 upto /27;
    }
    then reject;
}
term 2 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.1.0/24 exact;
    }
    then accept;
    }
    term 3 {
        from protocol rip;
        then accept;
    }
```

C.

```
[edit policy-options policy-statement RIP-redist]
user@router# show
term 1 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.0.0/16 prefix-length-range /24-/26;
    }
    then reject;
}
term 2 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.1.0/24 exact;
    }
    then accept;
}
```

D.

```
[edit policy-options policy-statement RIP-redist]
user@router# show
term 1 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.1.0/24 exact;
    }
    then accept;
}
term 2 {
    from {
        protocol rip;
        route-filter 50.50.0.0/16 prefix-length-range /24-/26;
    }
    then reject;
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit.

user@R2> show ospf interface

Interface	State	Area	DR ID	BDR ID	Nbrs
ge-1/1/4.0	PtToPt	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1
lo0.2	DR	0.0.0.0	172.16.10.2	0.0.0.0	0
vl-192.168.1.2	PtToPt	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1

What does 192.168.1.2 represent?

A. The address of the Area 0 virtual link

B. The address of the vltunnel interface

C. The router ID of the local virtual ABR

D. The router ID of the remote router

Correct Answer: D