JN0-633 Q&As

Security, Professional (JNCIP-SEC)

Pass Juniper JN0-633 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.passapply.com/jn0-633.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Juniper Official Exam Center

QUESTION 1

You are performing AppSecure traffic processing to enforce AppFW.

What happens when traffic matching an established security session is newly detected as a different application?

A. The security processing facility of the data plane re-examines the whitelist or blacklist referenced in the security policy to see if the new application is permitted.

B. The newly detected application will not be permitted and session will be torn down unless a specific match exists against the exempt rulebase.

C. Zone-based firewall rules will be re-parsed to determine if a rule exists that permits the newly detected application.

D. The application will not be permitted if doing so would violate the session limit in the screen properties applied to that zone.

Correct Answer: B

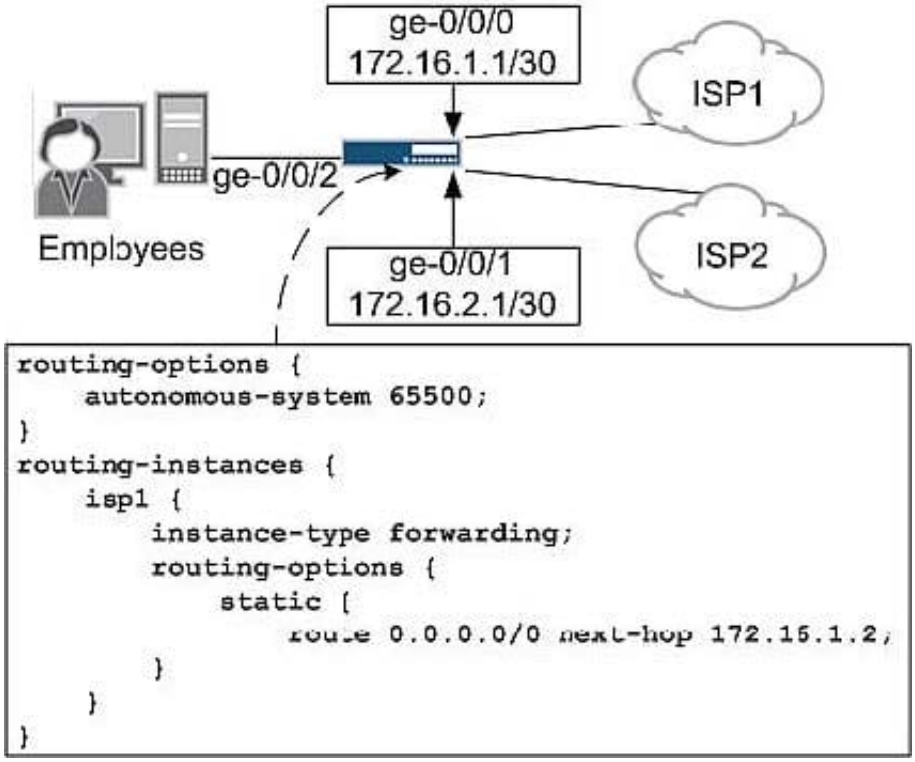
QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button.

In the network shown in the exhibit, you want to forward traffic from the employees to ISP1 and ISP2. You want to forward all Web traffic to ISP1 and all other traffic to ISP2. However, your configuration is not producing the expected results. Part of the configuration is shown in the exhibit. When you run the show route table isp1 command, you do not see the default route listed.

What is causing this behavior?

Exhibit:



A. The autonomous system number is incorrect, which is preventing the device from receiving a default route from ISP1.

B. The device is not able to resolve the next-hop.

C. The isp1 routing instance is configured with an incorrect instance-type.

D. The show route table isp1 command does not display the default route unless you add the exact 0.0.0.0/0 option.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

Click the Exhibit button.

[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0] user@host# run show security ike security-associations Index State Initiator cookie Responder cookie Mode Remote Address 3289542 UP 48d928408940de28 e418fc7702fe483b Main

172.31.50.1 3289543 UP eb45940484082b14 428086b100427326 Main 10.10.50.1

[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0] user@host# run show security ipsec; security-associations Total active tunnels: 2 ID Algorithm SPI Life:sec/kb Mon lsys Port Gateway 131073 ESP:des/ shal 5a89400e 1360/ unlim -root 500 10.10.50.1

131074 ESP:des/ shal 5508946c 1359/ unlim -root 500 172.31.50.1

[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0] user@host# run show ospf neighbor Address Interface State ID Pri Dead 10.40.60.1 st0.0 Init 10.30.50.1 128 35

10.40.60.2 st0.0 Full 10.30.50.1 128 31

[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0]

user@host# show

interface st0.0;

You have already configured a hub-and-spoke VPN with one hub device and two spoke devices. However,

the hub device has one neighbor in the Init state and one neighbor in the Full state.

What would you do to resolve this problem?

A. Configure the st0.0 interface under OSPF as a nonbroadcast multiple access interface.

B. Configure the st0.0 interface under OSPF as a point-to-multipoint interface.

C. Configure the st0.0 interface under OSPF as a point-to-point interface.

D. Configure the st0.0 interface under OSPF as an unnumbered interface.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.

Referring to the exhibit, you notice that filter-based forwarding is not working. What is the reason for this behavior?

Exhibit:

```
[edit]
user@srx# run show route

inet.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

0.0.0.0/0          *[Static/5] 01:09:08
                    > to 172.18.1.1 via ge-0/0/3.0
10.210.14.128/27   *[Direct/0] 8w6d 15:43:09
                    > via ge-0/0/0.0
10.210.14.135/32   *[Local/0] 11w0d 06:43:04
                       Local via ge-0/0/0.0
172.18.1.0/30      *[Direct/0] 8w6d 15:43:01
                    > via ge-0/0/3.0
172.18.1.2/32      *[Local/0] 11w0d 06:43:03
                       Local via ge-0/0/3.0
172.19.1.0/24      *[Direct/0] 03:46:56
                    > via ge-0/0/1.0
172.19.1.1/32      *[Local/0] 03:46:56
                       Local via ge-0/0/1.0
172.20.105.0/24    *[Direct/0] 03:46:56
                    > via ge-0/0/4.105
172.20.105.1/32    *[Local/0] 03:46:56
                       Local via ge-0/0/4.105
192.168.30.1/32    *[Direct/0] 4d 03:44:41
                    > via lo0.0

fbf.inet.0: 2 destinations, 2 routes (2 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both
0.0.0.0/0          *[Static/5] 00:00:11
                    > to 172.19.1.2 via ge-0/0/1.0
172.19.1.0/24      *[Direct/0] 00:00:11
                    > via ge-0/0/1.0

[edit]
user@srx# show routing-instances
fbf {
    routing-options {
        static {
            route 0.0.0.0/0 next-hop 172.19.1.2;
        }
    }
}

[edit]
user@srx# show routing-options
interface-routes {
    rib-group inet fbf-int;
}
static {
    route 0.0.0.0/0 next-hop 172.18.1.1;
}
rib-groups {
    fbf-int {
        import-rib [ inet.0 fbf.inet.0 ];
        import-policy fbf-pol;
    }
}
```

A. The RIB group is configured incorrectly.

B. The routing policy is configured incorrectly.

C. The routing instance is configured incorrectly.

D. The default static routes are configured incorrectly.

Correct Answer: C

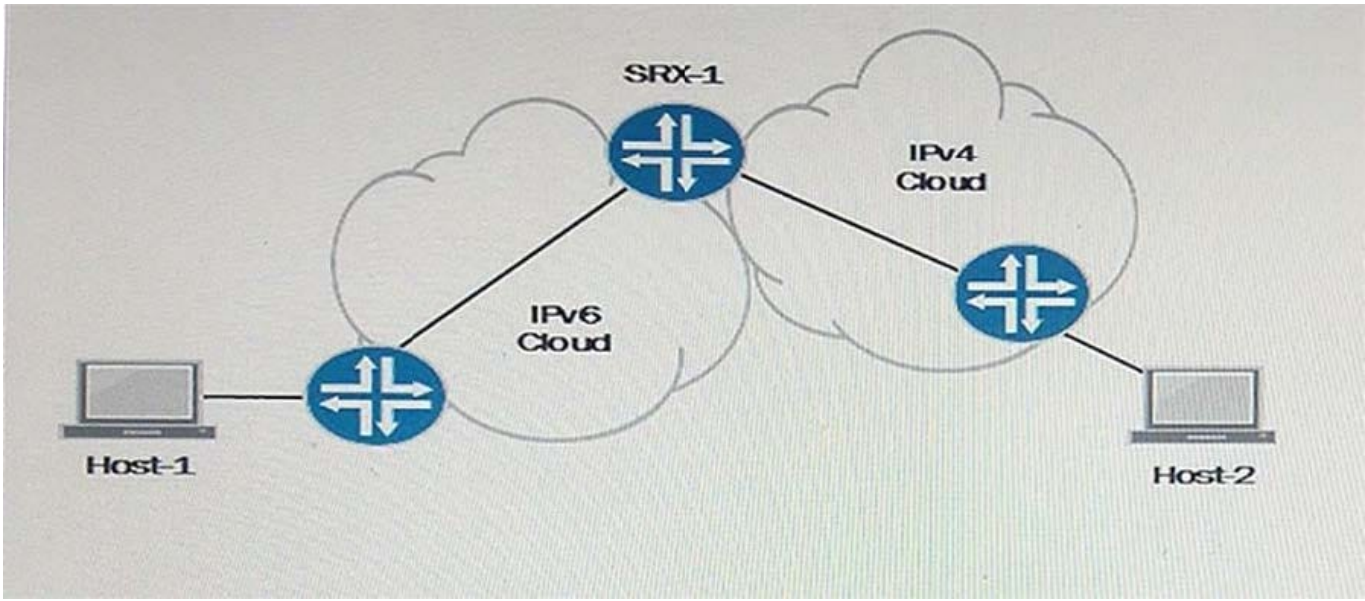
QUESTION 5

Click the Exhibit button.

Referring to the exhibit, you must send traffic from Host-1 to Host-2. These two hosts can only communicate with IPv4.

Which feature would you use to permit communication between Host-1 and Host-2?

Exhibit:



A. 6rd

B. DS-Lite

C. NAT46

D. NAT444

Correct Answer: B