



98-365^{Q&As}

Windows Server Administration Fundamentals

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QUESTION 1

What technology is used to consolidate multiple servers onto one large physical server?

- A. Virtual Machine Technology
- B. V-Farm Technology
- C. Instance Technology
- D. VHD

Correct Answer: A

By using virtual machine technology, you can run multiple operating systems concurrently on a single machine, which allows separation of services while keeping costs minimal. It can also be used to create Windows test systems in a safe, self-contained environment.

QUESTION 2

You work as a Server Administrator for company Inc. The company has a Windows Server 2016 network environment. All client computers on the network run the Windows 10 Pro operating system. All servers of the company run Windows Server 2016.

You want to create a VHD file on Windows Server 2016 in order to specify a virtual machine hard disk.

Which of the following tools will you use to accomplish the task? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. (Choose two.)

- A. DiskPart
- B. Disk Management MMC snap-in
- C. FDISK
- D. BCDEdit

Correct Answer: AB

In order to accomplish the task, you should use the DiskPart and Disk Management MMC snap-in tools. These tools help create a VHD file on Windows Server 2016 for specifying a virtual machine hard disk.

QUESTION 3

This question requires that you evaluate the underlined text to determine if it is correct.

Settings from the "Local" Group Policy Object are processed last during logon.

Select the correct answer if the underlined text does not make the statement correct. Select "\\No change is needed" if the underlined text makes the statement correct.



- A. Site
- B. Organizational Unit
- C. Domain
- D. No change is needed.

Correct Answer: B

Group Policy settings are processed in the following order:

References: Group Policy processing and precedence <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc785665%28v=ws.10%29.aspx>

QUESTION 4

You install a sound driver on a system running Windows Server 2016.

After finishing installation, you find that the sound driver is not working.

Which of the following will you check to verify whether the driver is properly installed or not?

- A. Control panel
- B. Server Manager console
- C. Computer Management console
- D. Device Manager

Correct Answer: D

In order to verify whether the sound driver is properly installed or not, you should check Device Manager.

Device Manager is a Windows utility used to manage devices on a computer. It provides a graphical view of the hardware installed on a computer and marks malfunctioning devices or hardware. Using Device Manager, users can view and

change device properties, update device drivers, configure device settings, and uninstall devices. The Device Manager is organized in a tree format with the top branches representing device categories. Using Device Manager, users can also

enable or disable a device.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The control panel is a part of the Microsoft Windows graphical user interface, which allows users to view and manipulate basic system settings and controls via applets, such as adding hardware, adding and removing software, controlling user accounts, and changing accessibility options. In recent versions of Windows, the Control Panel has two views, i.e., Classic View and Category View, and it is possible to switch between these through an option that appears on the left side of the window.

B: Server Manager is a primary tool available in Windows Server 2016. It manages and secures multiple server roles in an enterprise.



C: Computer Management is a collection of Microsoft Management Console (MMC) snap-ins, including the Device Manager, Disk Defragmenter, Internet Information Services, Disk Management, Event Viewer, Local Users and Groups, Shared Folders, and other tools. Computer Management is the most prolific MCC that appears in the Administrative Tools folder in the Control Panel. Computer Management can also be pointed at another Windows machine altogether, allowing for monitoring and configuration of other computers on the local network that the user has access to.

QUESTION 5

Which of the following is described in the following statement:

"It is a 512 bytes long boot sector that is the first sector of a default boot drive. It is also known as Volume Boot Sector, if the boot drive is un-partitioned."

- A. POST
- B. BIOS
- C. SBR
- D. MBR

Correct Answer: D

The Master Boot Sector (MBR) is a 512-byte long boot sector that is the first sector of a default boot drive.

It is also known as Volume Boot Sector, if the boot drive is un-partitioned.

When the MBR is found, the program is tested and loaded to ensure that the last two bytes are h55AA.

The actual program is only 444 bytes long. The structure of the MBR is as follows:



Structure of a Master Boot Record

Address			Description	Size in bytes
Hex	Oct	Dec		
0000	0000	0	Code Area	440 (max. 446)
01B8	0670	440	Optional Disk signature	4
01BC	0674	444	Usually Nulls; 0x0000	2
01BE	0676	446	Table of primary partitions (Four 16-byte entries, IBM Partition Table scheme)	64
01FE	0776	510	55h	MBR signature; 0xAA55 ^[1]
01FF	0777	511	AAh	
MBR, total size: 446 + 64 + 2 =				512

Incorrect Answers:

A: Power On Self Test (POST) is a small program stored in a Read Only Memory (ROM) Basic Input Output System (BIOS) of a computer system starting at address hf000. This program tests the basic motherboard functions such as power supply, memory, buses, interfaces, etc. and reports any error with audio beep codes. It also sends diagnostic code to internal port h80 if an error occurs.

B: Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is software that manages hardware and enables the operating system to communicate with the computer's hardware components. The BIOS software is built-in on a ROM chip, known as Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) chip, on the motherboard.

C: This is not a valid option.

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