



# 70-680<sup>Q&As</sup>

Windows 7 Configuring

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### QUESTION 1

You have a computer that runs windows 7.

You log on to the computer by using a user account that is a member of Administrator Group.

From Windows Explorer you open C:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts in notepad.

You attempt to save the file and receive the save as dialog box. You need to ensure that you can save changes to c:\windows\system32\drivers\

What should you do?

- A. Stop the windows search service
- B. Remove the inherited permissions from the file.
- C. Start Windows Notepad by using elevated privileges.
- D. Change the user account control (UAS) settings to Notify Me Only when programs try to make changes to my computer.

Correct Answer: C

Windows 7 does not allow applications to write data to these secure locations. User Account Control (UAC) UAC is a security feature of Windows 7 that informs you when the action that you want to undertake requires an elevation of privileges. If you logged on with a user account that was a member of the local administrators group in previous versions of Microsoft Windows, such as Windows XP, you automatically had administrator-level access at all times. This, by itself, was not a problem because recommended good practice was that people logged on with accounts that were members of the local administrator group only when they needed to do something related to administration. The problem with this is that people tended to use their administrator account as their normal user account. It was convenient for them because they did not have to log off and log on again each time they wanted to do something related to systems administration. Unfortunately, this behavior presented a security problem because any program run by a user logged on with an administrative account runs with the rights and privileges of that user. UAC resolves this problem by allowing a user that is a member of the local Administrators group to run as a standard user most of the time and to briefly elevate their privileges so that they are running as administrators when they attempt to carry out specific administration-related tasks.

Privilege elevation All users of clients running Windows 7 run with the rights of a standard user. When a user attempts an act that requires administrative privileges, such as creating a new user account, her rights need to be raised from those of a standard user to those of an administrative user. This increase in rights is termed privilege elevation. UAC is a gateway to privilege elevation. It allows users who are members of the local Administrators group to access administrative rights, but ensures that the person accessing the Administrative rights is aware that they are doing so. This privilege elevation occurs only for a specific task. Another task executed at the same time that also requires privilege elevation generates its own UAC

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### QUESTION 2

You have a computer that runs Windows 7.

The Encrypting File System (EFS) key is compromised. You need to create a new EFS key.

Which command should you run?



- A. Certutil -getkey
- B. Cipher.exe /k
- C. Icacls.exe /r
- D. Syskey.exe

Correct Answer: B

Cipher

Displays or alters the encryption of folders and files on NTFS volumes. Used without parameters, cipher displays the encryption state of the current folder and any files it contains.

Administrators can use Cipher.exe to encrypt and decrypt data on drives that use the NTFS file system and to view the encryption status of files and folders from a command prompt. The updated version adds another security option. This

new option is the ability to overwrite data that you have deleted so that it cannot be recovered and accessed.

When you delete files or folders, the data is not initially removed from the hard disk. Instead, the space on the disk that was occupied by the deleted data is "deallocated." After it is deallocated, the space is available for use when new data is

written to the disk. Until the space is overwritten, it is possible to recover the deleted data by using a low-level disk editor or data-recovery software.

If you create files in plain text and then encrypt them, Encrypting File System (EFS) makes a backup copy of the file so that, if an error occurs during the encryption process, the data is not lost. After the encryption is complete, the backup

copy is deleted. As with other deleted files, the data is not completely removed until it has been overwritten. The new version of the Cipher utility is designed to prevent unauthorized recovery of such data. /K Creates a new certificate and key

for use with EFS. If this option is chosen, all the other options will be ignored. By default, /k creates a certificate and key that conform to current group policy. If ECC is specified, a self-signed certificate will be created with the supplied key size.

/R Generates an EFS recovery key and certificate, then writes them to a .PFX file (containing certificate and private key) and a .CER file (containing only the certificate). An administrator may add the contents of the .CER to the EFS recovery

policy to create the recovery for users, and import the .PFX to recover individual files. If SMARTCARD is specified, then writes the recovery key and certificate to a smart card. A .CER file is generated (containing only the certificate).

No .PFX file is generated. By default, /R creates an 2048-bit RSA recovery key and certificate. If EECC is specified, it must be followed by a key size of 356, 384, or 521.

### QUESTION 3

Your company Research department includes client computers that have Windows 7 and Windows Vista installed on separate partitions in a dual-boot configuration. The computers boot into Windows 7 by default or users can choose to boot

into Windows Vista during startup.



The company management has decided that the Windows Vista partition must be deleted from all the computers.

You need to ensure that the staff of the Research department are not prompted to select a boot option during startup and that Windows 7 is chosen automatically.

What should you do?

- A. In Windows Vista, from an elevated command prompt, run `bcdedit /delete {current}`.
- B. Select the Selective startup option button by using `msconfig.exe`.
- C. In Windows Vista, from an elevated command prompt, run `bcdedit /delete {default}`.
- D. In Windows 7, from an elevated command prompt, run `bcdedit /delete {default}`.

Correct Answer: A

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#### QUESTION 4

You have an answer file named `Unattend.xml` for a Windows 7 automated installation. You need to perform an unattended installation of Windows 7 by using the answer file.

What should you do?

- A. Name the answer file as `unattend.xml` and save it to a floppy disk. Start the computer from the Windows Preinstallation Environment (WinPE).
- B. Name the answer file as `unattend.xml` and save it to a USB disk. Start the computer from the Windows Preinstallation Environment (WinPE).
- C. Name the answer file as `autounattend.xml` and save it to a floppy disk. Start the computer from the Windows 7 DVD.
- D. Name the answer file as `autounattend.ini` and save it to a floppy disk. Start the computer from the Windows 7 DVD.

Correct Answer: C

#### Unattended installation

You can perform an unattended installation of Windows 7 by using an installation file called `Unattend.xml`. These installation files store answers to the questions asked by the Setup Wizard. When the Windows 7 installation process starts,

Windows checks for attached USB storage devices that have this file in their root directory. Unattended installations are suitable when you need to deploy Windows 7 to a large number of computers because you do not have to interact with them manually, responding to prompts, as the installation progresses.

#### Building a Reference Installation

You configure your reference computer with a customized installation of Windows 7 that you then duplicate onto one or more destination computers. You can create a reference installation by using the Windows product DVD and (optionally)



the answer file you created in the previous section. To install your reference computer using an answer file, perform the following procedure:

1.

Turn on the reference computer. Insert the Windows 7 product DVD and the UFD containing the answer file (Autounattend.xml) that you created in the previous section. Note that the use of an answer file is optional, although it is the method Microsoft recommends. If you prefer, you can install Windows 7 manually from the installation DVD-ROM.

2.

Restart the computer by pressing CTRL+ALT+DEL. You may have to override the boot order to boot from the CD/DVD-ROM disk. If so, select the appropriate function key to override the boot order during initial boot. Windows Setup (Setup.exe) starts automatically and searches the root directory of all removable media for an answer file called Autounattend.xml.

3.

After Setup finishes, you can validate that all customizations were applied. For example, if you included the optional Microsoft-Windows-IE-InternetExplorer feature and set the Home\_Page setting in your answer file, you can verify these settings by opening Internet Explorer.

4.

To prepare the reference computer for the user, you use the Sysprep utility with the /generalize option to remove hardware-specific information from the Windows installation and the /oobe option to configure the computer to boot to Windows Welcome upon the next restart.

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## QUESTION 5

A company's security policy prohibits employees from running any software from Fabrikam on computers running Windows 7 Enterprise. The applications are digitally signed by the publisher.

You need to configure a single deny rule in AppLocker by applying a condition to restrict all of the applications from running, without affecting other programs.

You have selected one of Fabrikam's applications as a reference.

Which property should you choose? (To answer, select the appropriate setting or settings in the work area.)

Hot Area:



Create Executable Rules

**Publisher**

Before You Begin  
Permissions  
Conditions  
**Publisher**  
Exceptions  
Name

Browse for a signed file to use as a reference for the rule. Use the slider to select which properties define the rule; as you move down, the rule becomes more specific. When the slider is in the any publisher position, the rule is applied to all signed files.

Reference file:  
C:\Program Files\Fabrikam\Draw XL3\Draw.exe Browse...

☐ Any publisher  
☐ Publisher: O=FABRIKAM INCORPORATED, L=WAUKEEGAN, S  
☐ Product name: FABRIKAM DRAW  
☐ File name: DRAW.EXE  
☐ File version: 12.0.0.0 And above

☐ Use custom values

Rule scope:  
Applies to only the specified version of this file.

[More about publisher rules](#)

< Previous Next > Create Cancel

Correct Answer:





Create Executable Rules

**Publisher**

Before You Begin  
Permissions  
Conditions  
**Publisher**  
Exceptions  
Name

Browse for a signed file to use as a reference for the rule. Use the slider to select which properties define the rule; as you move down, the rule becomes more specific. When the slider is in the any publisher position, the rule is applied to all signed files.

Reference file:  
C:\Program Files\Fabrikam\Draw XL3\Draw.exe Browse...

☐ Any publisher  
☒ Publisher: O=FABRIKAM INCORPORATED, L=WAUKEEGAN, S  
☐ Product name: FABRIKAM DRAW  
☐ File name: DRAW.EXE  
☐ File version: 12.0.0.0 And above

☐ Use custom values

Rule scope:  
Applies to only the specified version of this file.

[More about publisher rules](#)

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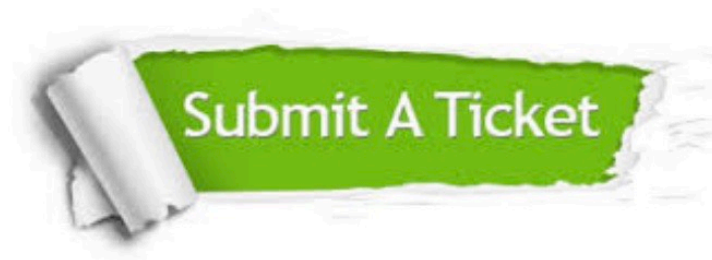
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