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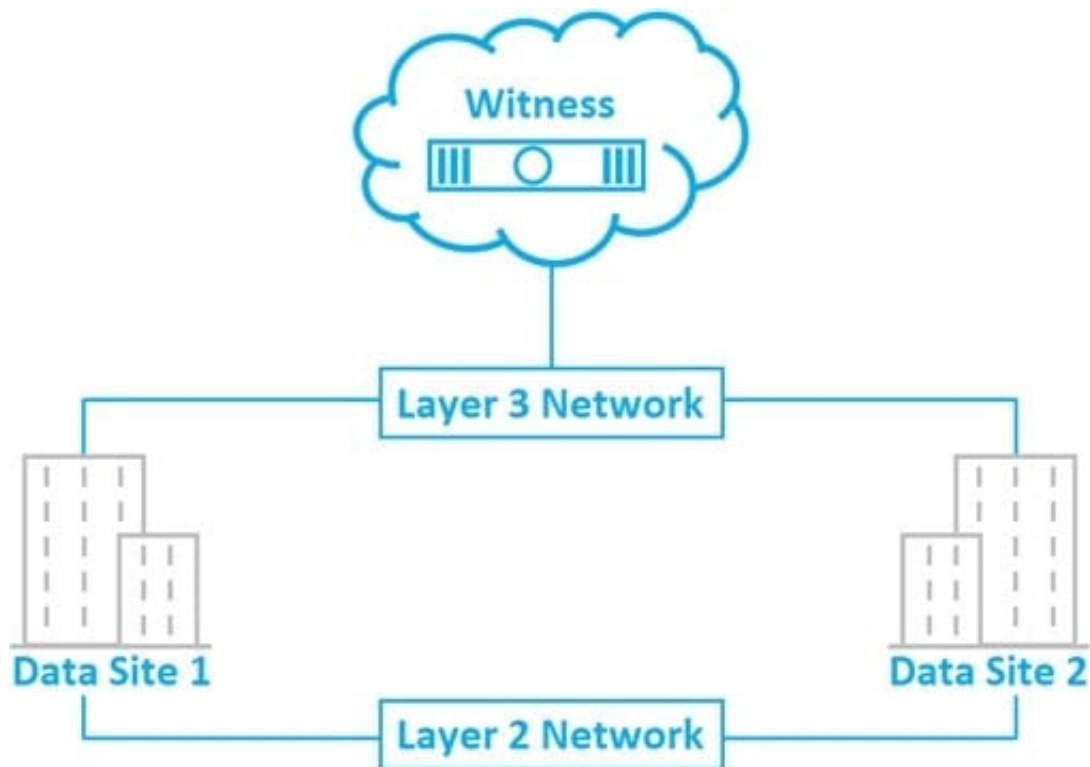
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QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit.



A vSAN Cluster stretched across Data Site 1 and Data Site 2 has a vSAN data network configured with an MTU of 9000. The witness node has been placed in a remote site across a WAN with an MTU of 1500. The vSAN health check, '\\vSAN: MTU check (ping with large packet size)\\', reports a failed ping.

What two actions could resolve the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Reduce the MTU from 9000 to 1500 on all vSAN VMkernel interfaces.
- B. Reconfigure the VLAN of the witness traffic to be identical to data nodes.
- C. Configure proper routing from data sites to the witness across the WAN.
- D. Reconfigure WAN link to support an MTU of 9000.
- E. Stretch L2 traffic from WAN to both data sites.

Correct Answer: AD

Reference: <https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/2141733>

QUESTION 2

An infrastructure architect is submitting a proposal for a vSAN Cluster.



These are the customer's requirements:

Maximize the amount of usable capacity.

Deduplication and compression will be enabled to help maximize usable capacity.

Which disk group configuration should the architect include in their design?

- A. One disk group with one flash device for cache and six flash devices for capacity.
- B. Three disk groups with one flash device for cache and two flash devices for capacity per disk group.
- C. Five disk groups with one flash device for cache and one magnetic device for capacity per disk group.
- D. One disk group with one flash device for cache and six magnetic devices for capacity.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

An administrator observes this health check warning:

Controller firmware is VMware certified

They proceed to update the latest firmware on the Storage Controller. After a successful firmware upgrade, the same health check alert continues to display.

Which statement is true?

- A. Controller is not VMware certified and hence any firmware version displays a warning.
- B. The recently installed firmware is yet to be certified and included in VMware Compatibility Guide.
- C. The VMware vSAN Health Service needs to be restarted for changes to take effect.
- D. The alert can be ignored and silenced, since the firmware is newer than the recommended firmware.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/2150398>

QUESTION 4

The clomd service has stopped on 1 host in a 3-node vSAN cluster. All other services on the host, as well as the other 2, are healthy. Additionally, the unmodified vSAN Default Storage Policy is in use. Which would be an expected outcome for a new VM deployed into the vSAN cluster?

- A. VM deployment will fail.
- B. VM deployment will complete but VM IO will fail.



C. VM deployment will complete but performance will be degraded.

D. VM deployment will be deferred by vCenter.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Which is true of the vSAN iSCSI target service?

A. It is a VMware supported cost effective way to provide shared storage to another hypervisor.

B. The vSAN default storage policy determines the characteristics of the vSAN iSCSI target service storage objects.

C. Security is provided through the iSCSI CHAP and Mutual CHAP Authentication methods.

D. It is a VMware supported solution to provide iSCSI targets to applications that require multiple connections per session (MCS).

Correct Answer: B

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