



# 3V0-42.20<sup>Q&As</sup>

Advanced Design VMware NSX-T Data Center

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### QUESTION 1

Which two protocols are typically used for multicast in a NSX-T Data Center environment? (Choose two.)

- A. PIM Full Form
- B. PIM Dense Mode
- C. IGMPv2
- D. PIM Sparse mode
- E. IGMPv3

Correct Answer: CD

Reference: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-NSX-T-Data-Center/3.0/administration/GUID-6AAC33604F79-4FBF-BCC1-0D8C220B0621.html>

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### QUESTION 2

An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.

This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle:

There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.

Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.

Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.

There is an existing management cluster to deploy the NSX-T components.

Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.

There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.

Which risk was documented by the architect? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
- B. Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
- C. There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
- D. There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.

Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 3

An administrator is asked to improve Recovery Point Objective (RPO) and Recovery Time Objective (RTO) for Disaster Recovery (DR) in their company network. The network has a primary site and a secondary site. The ability to support outages with minimum loss of connectivity to the company's core application is a priority.

Which design should the administrator recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. NSX-T Data Center using an Orchestrator to recover VMs across sites.
- B. NSX-T Data Center using Federation and dependencies set between primary and secondary sites.
- C. NSX-T Data Center using a registered third-party DR solution.
- D. NSX-T Data Center using built-in standard automation DR and secondary site recovery setup.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: [https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-NSX-T-Data-Center/3.0/nsxt\\_30\\_admin.pdf](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-NSX-T-Data-Center/3.0/nsxt_30_admin.pdf)

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### QUESTION 4

A telecom company has purchased NSX-T as part of a Software Defined Data Center (SDDC) initiative. The company wants to ensure the highest performance for network traffic leaving the virtual environment.

Which two selections would an architect recommend to achieve the customer's goal? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure Equal-Cost Multi-Pathing on the NSX Edges.
- B. Configure SR-IOV for the virtual NSX Edges.
- C. Use bare metal NSX Edges.
- D. Select Network cards that support VXLAN Offload.
- E. Set "Latency Sensitive" option to High when deploying the virtual NSX Edges.

Correct Answer: BE

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### QUESTION 5

Which three IPv6 features are supported in an NSX-T Data Center design? (Choose three.)

- A. IPv6 OSPF
- B. IPv6 static routing
- C. IPv6 switch security
- D. IPv6 DNS
- E. IPv6 Distributed Firewall



F. IPv6 VXLAN

Correct Answer: BCE

Reference: <https://blogs.vmware.com/networkvirtualization/2019/02/ipv6-support-in-nsx-t-2-4.html/>

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