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Advanced Design NSX-T Data Center 2.4

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QUESTION 1

Which two benefits can be achieved using in-band management of an NSX Bare Metal Edge Node? (Choose two.)

- A. Reduces egress data.
- B. Reduces storage requirements.
- C. Preserves switchports on TOR.
- D. Reduces cost.
- E. Preserves packet locality.

Correct Answer: CD

There isn't much if anything about using in-band instead of out of band except for that you are no longer required to have a dedicated nic for mgmt. like you used to on NSX-T 2.3 and previous. This means CandD are really the only "benefits".

QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibits.

An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. The conceptual design includes these requirements, assumptions, constraints, and risks:

1.

Critical applications must run across sites without changing IP address.

2.

Business continuity and disaster recovery (BCDR) plans will leverage a second site running vSphere.

3.

RTO/RPO must be reduced for recovery of applications on secondary site.

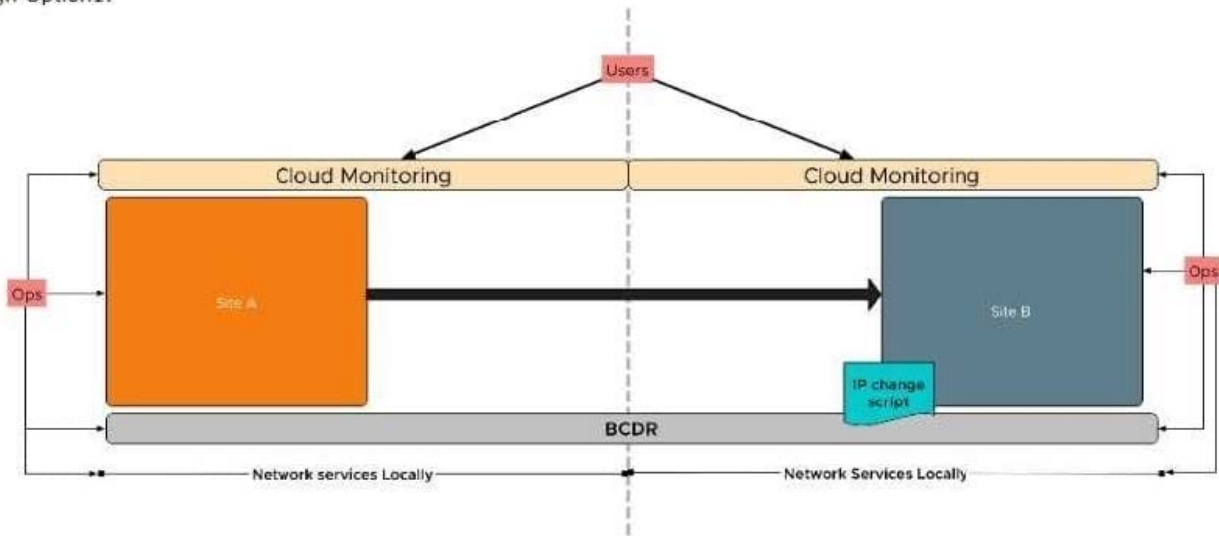
4.

IT Teams require automation tools for configuration.

Which Conceptual Design would the architect recommend to the customer?

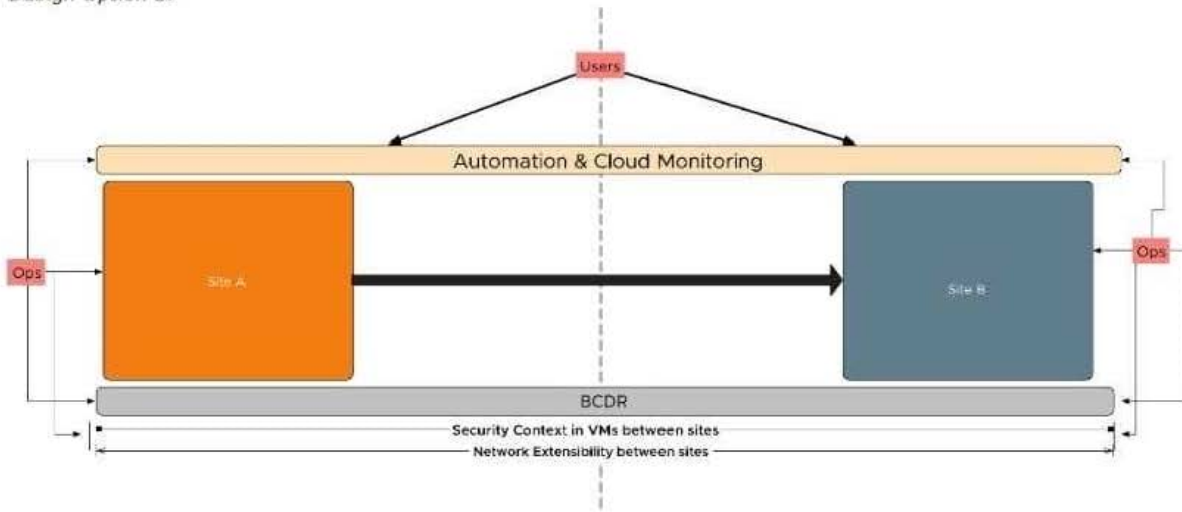


Design Option1:

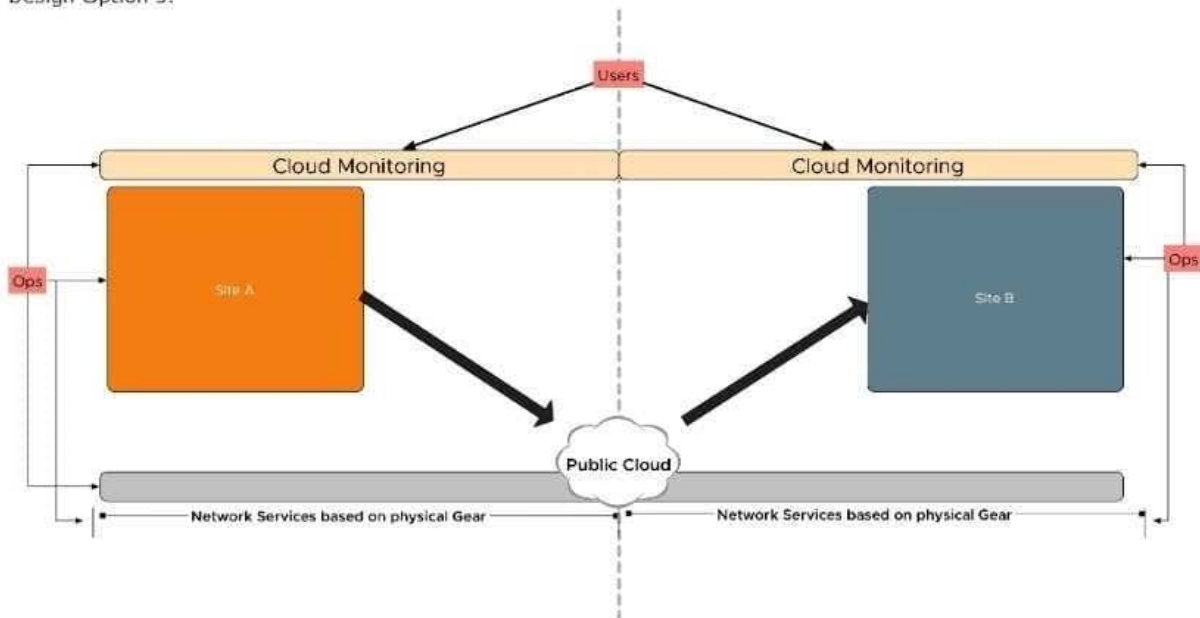




Design Option 2:

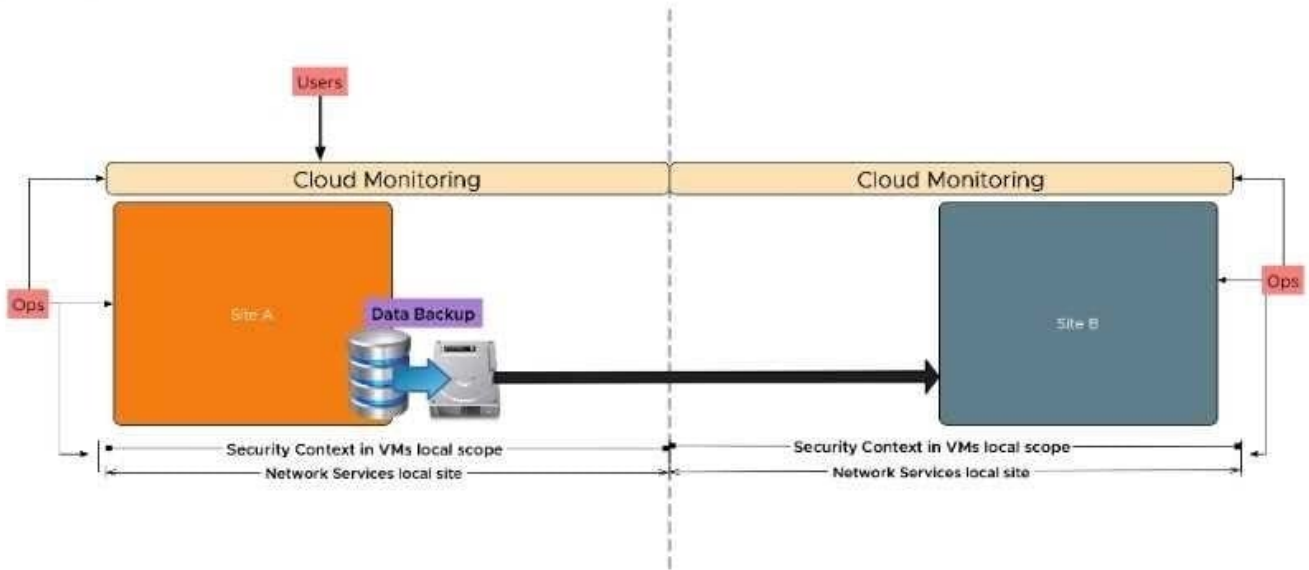


Design Option 3:





Design Option 4:



- A. Design Option 3
- B. Design Option 1
- C. Design Option 2
- D. Design Option 4

Correct Answer: C

Be careful of the letter answers not matching up to the design options.

*

(B) is wrong as d.option 1 is using an IP change script and that violates a req/const.

*

(D) is wrong as d.option 4 doesn't have a dual site bcdr plan but instead just shipping a backup to site B. This doesn't lend itself to reducing RTO/RPO

*

(A) is wrong as d.option 3 has network services based on physical gear but then using public cloud for part of its BCDR strategy. It also has no automation solution as part of the design overview.

QUESTION 3

An architect is helping an organization redesign a previously installed NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

1.

The company's headquarters is located in Eastern Europe and there are several regional offices.



2.

The company owns several smaller companies around the globe.

3.

All locations must access the RESTful API of NSX-T through the internal network for automating the creation of segments.

4.

The company's HQ does not have any internal Public Key Infrastructure.

5.

NSX-T has already been installed at the company's headquarters.

The architect has determined self-signed certificates should be replaced with certificates signed by a

Public Key Infrastructure.

Which should the architect recommend in their design?

A. Replace the certificate on all three NSX Managers with a certificate that is signed by a third-party Public Key Infrastructure.

B. Replace the NSX-T root certificate with an internal Certificate Authority.

C. Replace the NSX Managers certificate with a certificate that is signed by Company Public Key Infrastructure.

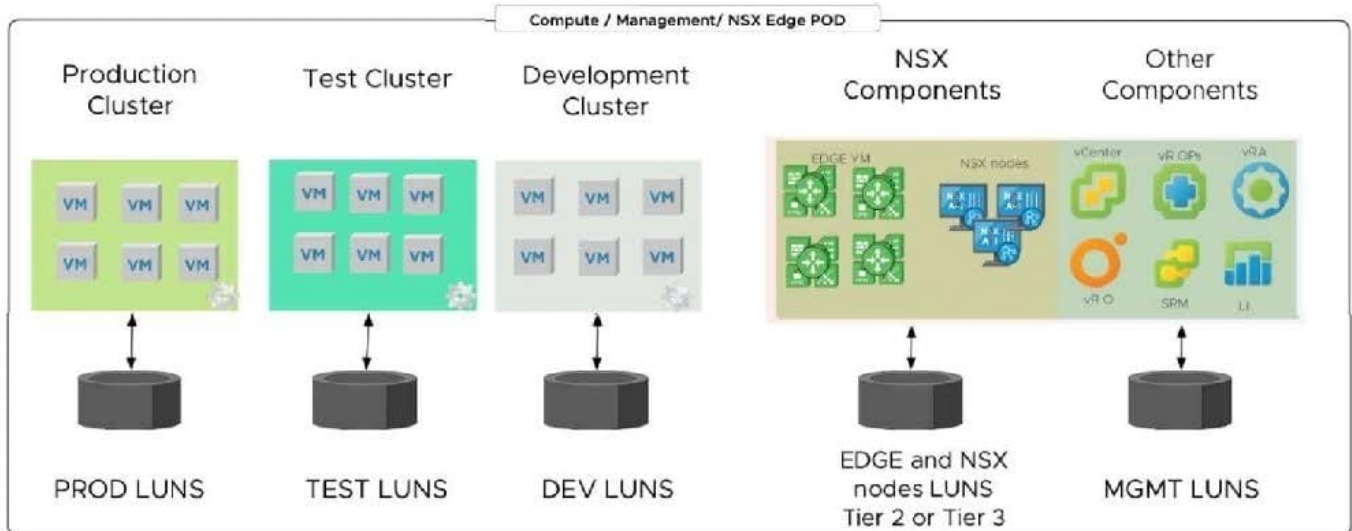
D. Replace vCenter root certificate with a certificate signed by a third-party Certificate Authority.

Correct Answer: A

NSX Mgrs are what are used for REST api calls, the company doesn't have an internal PKI solution, and replacing vCenter root cert doesn't matter to these requirements.

QUESTION 4

Refer to Exhibit:



An NSX-T architect has been asked to review and recommend improvements for an NSX-T Data Center Logical Design, as shown in the drawing. The design must allow workload bursts for tenants to and from the public cloud and accommodate 30% yearly growth.

What two VMware recommended changes will Improve the Logical design? (Choose two.)

- A. A separate POD is required for the NSX Edge nodes since the amount of traffic will be heavy.
- B. An additional POD will be required to pivot workloads to Public Cloud.
- C. Automation tools will be required to reduce time for workloads to be vMotioned.
- D. Load balancers should be added to the design to support bursts from the Public Cloud.
- E. NSX-T Datacenter components needs to be placed on the Public Cloud for cost reduction.

Correct Answer: CD

You aren't placing NSX-T components in the cloud so (E) is wrong. It talks about bursting "to and from" the cloud, which lends itself to possibly being a VMware HCX (automation tools) play for (C) (A) With a whole separate "POD" (covering everything in the graphic) based on this logical design would be overkilled for the NSX Edges (B) no additional pods are required for pivoting/moving workloads to the public cloud

QUESTION 5

Which three must be taken into consideration when creating a Logical Design for a planned migration? (Choose three.)

- A. A transport node can attach single VLAN transport zones with single N-VDS.
- B. An N-VDS with the same name can be attached to both Overlay and VLAN transport zones.
- C. An N-VDS can attach to both an Overlay and a VLAN transport zone to a N-VDS having different name/s.
- D. An N-VDS can only attach to a single Overlay transport zone.
- E. An N-VDS can only attach to a single VLAN transport zone.



F. An N-VDS can only attach to a multiple VLAN transport nodes.

Correct Answer: BDF

Transport Zone 101 w/ NSX-T

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