



350-901^{Q&As}

Developing Applications Using Cisco Core Platforms and APIs
(DEVCOR)

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QUESTION 1

DRAG DROP

Refer to the exhibit. A developer is creating a Python script by using Cisco DNA Center APIs. Drag and drop the code from the bottom onto the box where the code is missing in the Python script to retrieve and display wireless health information for each site. Not all options are used.

**Operation Id:** *getSiteHealth***Description:** *Returns Overall Health information for all sites***GET** /dna/intent/api/v1/site-health

Responses

Status: 200*The request was successful. The result is contained in the response body.*

Schema Definition Example Body

```
GetSiteHealthResponse
├── response: array[]
│   ├── accessGoodCount: string
│   ├── accessTotalCount: string
│   ├── clientHealthWired: string
│   ├── clientHealthWireless: object
│   ├── clientIssueCount: object
│   ├── clientNumberOfIssues: object
│   ├── latitude: object
│   ├── longitude: object
│   ├── networkHealthAverage: object
│   ├── networkHealthOthers: object
│   ├── networkHealthWireless: object
│   ├── networkNumberOfIssues: object
│   ├── numberOfWirelessClients: object
│   └── wirelessGoodClients: object
```

Select and Place:



```
import requests

URL = 'https://cisco.dnatest.com:443/dna/intent/api/v1/site-health'
ACCESS_TOKEN = 'ABCD1234'

headers =
{'X-Auth-Token': 
'Content-type': 'application/json;charset=utf-8'})

response = requests.get(URL, params=params_data, headers=headers)

sites_response = response.json ['response']
for site in sites_response:

else:
    print(
response.text)
```

`response.status_code``ACCESS_TOKEN``print(site['siteName'][0]
['networkHealthWireless'])``if response.status_code == 200:``response.error``while response.code == 200:``print('{}{}'.format(site['siteName'],
site['networkHealthWireless']))`

Correct Answer:



```
import requests

URL = 'https://cisco.dnatest.com:443/dna/intent/api/v1/site-health'
ACCESS_TOKEN = 'ABCD1234'

headers =
{'X-Auth-Token': ACCESS_TOKEN
'Content-type': 'application/json;charset=utf-8')

response = requests.get(URL, params=params_data, headers=headers)

if response.status_code == 200:
    sites_response = response.json ['response']
    for site in sites_response:
        print('{}{}'.format(site['siteName'],
        site['networkHealthWireless']))
else:
    print( response.status_code ,
response.text)
```

```
print(site['siteName'][0]
['networkHealthWireless'])
```

```
response.error
```

```
while response.code == 200:
```

QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibit.



```
while attempts < max_attempts:
    response = requests.get(request_url,
        headers = { "Authorization": "Bearer " + api_token})

    # If not rate-limited, exit loop and continue with rest of the code
    if  :
        break

    time.sleep((2 ** attempts) + random.random())
    attempts += 1
```

Which code snippet completes this code to handle API rate-limit?

- A. response.status_code != 408
- B. response.status != 408
- C. response.status_code != 429
- D. response.status_code == 429

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

The UCS Python SDK includes modules for Service Profile template creation. Which two UCS Service Profile template types are supported? (Choose two.)

- A. initial-template
- B. updating-template
- C. abstract-template
- D. attached-template
- E. base-template

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 4

What is a consideration for using gRPC as the model-driven telemetry protocol on a Cisco IOS XE device?

- A. XML-based transmission format
- B. works in dial-out mode
- C. human-readable transmission format



D. works in call-out mode

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit.

```
import json, requests
USER = 'admin'
PASS = 'cisco'

url = "https://ios-xe-mgmt.cisco.com:9443/restconf/data/Cisco-IOS-XE-native:native" \
      "/interface/GigabitEthernet=2/ip/address/primary"

payload = {"primary": {"address": "10.10.10.1", "mask": "255.255.255.0"}}
data = json.dumps(payload)
headers = {
    'Accept': "application/yang-data+json",
    'Content-Type': "application/yang-data+json",
}

response = requests.request("POST", url, auth=(USER,PASS), data=data, headers=headers,
                             verify=False)

print(response.text)
```

An engineer needs to change the IP address via RESTCONF on interface GigabitEthernet2. An error message is received when the script is run. Which amendment to the code will result in a successful RESTCONF action?

- A. Change POST to PATCH.
- B. Issue a DELETE before POST.
- C. Issue a DELETE before PATCH
- D. Change POST to GET

Correct Answer: A

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