



312-50V11^{Q&As}

Certified Ethical Hacker v11 Exam

Pass EC-COUNCIL 312-50V11 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.passapply.com/312-50v11.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by EC-COUNCIL Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

You need to deploy a new web-based software package for your organization. The package requires three separate servers and needs to be available on the Internet. What is the recommended architecture in terms of server placement?

- A. All three servers need to be placed internally
- B. A web server facing the Internet, an application server on the internal network, a database server on the internal network
- C. A web server and the database server facing the Internet, an application server on the internal network
- D. All three servers need to face the Internet so that they can communicate between themselves

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

You are working as a Security Analyst in a company XYZ that owns the whole subnet range of 23.0.0.0/8 and 192.168.0.0/8.

While monitoring the data, you find a high number of outbound connections. You see that IP\\'s owned by XYZ (Internal) and private IP\\'s are communicating to a Single Public IP. Therefore, the Internal IP\\'s are sending data to the Public IP.

After further analysis, you find out that this Public IP is a blacklisted IP, and the internal communicating devices are compromised.

What kind of attack does the above scenario depict?

- A. Botnet Attack
- B. Spear Phishing Attack
- C. Advanced Persistent Threats
- D. Rootkit Attack

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

In both pharming and phishing attacks, an attacker can create websites that look similar to legitimate sites with the intent of collecting personal identifiable information from its victims.

What is the difference between pharming and phishing attacks?

- A. In a pharming attack, a victim is redirected to a fake website by modifying their host configuration file or by exploiting vulnerabilities in DNS. In a phishing attack, an attacker provides the victim with a URL that is either misspelled or looks similar to the actual websites domain name



B. In a phishing attack, a victim is redirected to a fake website by modifying their host configuration file or by exploiting vulnerabilities in DNS. In a pharming attack, an attacker provides the victim with a URL that is either misspelled or looks very similar to the actual websites domain name

C. Both pharming and phishing attacks are purely technical and are not considered forms of social engineering

D. Both pharming and phishing attacks are identical

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

A group of hackers were roaming around a bank office building in a city, driving a luxury car. They were using hacking tools on their laptop with the intention to find a free-access wireless network. What is this hacking process known as?

A. GPS mapping

B. Spectrum analysis

C. Wardriving

D. Wireless sniffing

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

User A is writing a sensitive email message to user B outside the local network. User A has chosen to use PKI to secure his message and ensure only user B can read the sensitive email. At what layer of the OSI layer does the encryption and decryption of the message take place?

A. Application

B. Transport

C. Session

D. Presentation

Correct Answer: D

[Latest 312-50V11 Dumps](#)

[312-50V11 Study Guide](#)

[312-50V11 Braindumps](#)