



300-920^{Q&As}

Developing Applications for Cisco Webex and Webex Devices
(DEVWBX)

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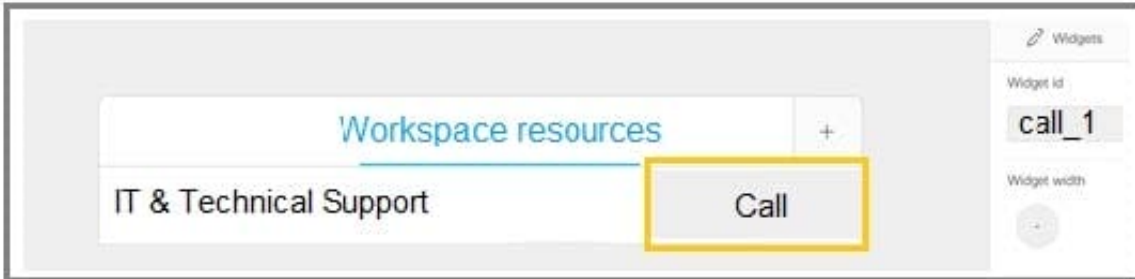
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QUESTION 1

DRAG DROP



Refer to the exhibit. A Webex device In-Room Control editor screenshot and associated Macro code is shown. Drag and drop the code snippets to complete the JavaScript Macro that launches a call when the Call button on the custom control panel is touched. Not all options are used.

Select and Place:

```
const xapi = require('xapi');
xapi.event.on(' [ ] ', (event)=> {
  if (event.WidgetId !== ' [ ] ') return;
  if (event.Type !== 'clicked') return;
  xapi. [ ]
  (' [ ] ', (Number: '1000'));
});
```

- UI InRoomControl Button Event
- call_1
- execute
- UI Extensions Widget Action
- Widget:Call
- command

Correct Answer:



```
const xapi = require('xapi');  
xapi.event.on('  ', (event)=> {  
  if (event.WidgetId !== '  ') return;  
  if (event.Type !== 'clicked') return;  
  xapi.   
  ('  ', (Number: '1000'));  
});
```

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/telepresence/endpoint/ce98/sx-mx-dx-room-kit-boards-customization-guide-ce98.pdf>

QUESTION 2

DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the code onto the snippet to construct the JavaScript to create a new meeting with the Webex Meetings XML API. Options can be used more than once.

Select and Place:



```
var http = require('https');
var xml = '<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
  <serv:message xmlns:serv="http://www.webex.com/schemas/2002/06/service"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
    <header><securityContext>
      <siteName>mySite</siteName>
      <webExID>Ciscouser</webExID>
      < >
PD4WiqNfRkxBR19B...RERJtkdfU0hBMjU2X0FMR09SSVRITV8=
</ >
    </securityContext></header>
    <body>
    <bodyContent xsi:type="java.com.webex.service.binding.meeting.CreateMeeting">
      <metaData><confName>Sample Meeting</confName>
      <meetingType>105</meetingType></metaData>
      <schedule><startDate>12/13/2019 11:59:5</startDate></schedule>
    </bodyContent>
    </body>
  </serv:message>
var req = http.request('https://api.webex.com/WBXService/XMLService',
  < >);
req.write(xml);
req.end();
```

{'method' : 'POST' }

{'method' : 'PUT' }

accessToken

sessionTicket

Correct Answer:



```
var http = require('https');
var xml = '<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
  <serv:message xmlns:serv="http://www.webex.com/schemas/2002/06/service"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
    <header><securityContext>
      <siteName>mySite</siteName>
      <webExID>Ciscouser</webExID>
      < { 'method' : 'POST' } >
PD4WiqNfRkxBR19B...RERJTkdfU0hBMjU2X0FMR09SSVRITV8=
</ accessToken >
    </securityContext></header>
    <body>
    <bodyContent xsi:type="java.com.webex.service.binding.meeting.CreateMeeting">
      <metaData><confName>Sample Meeting</confName>
      <meetingType>105</meetingType></metaData>
      <schedule><startDate>12/13/2019 11:59:5</startDate></schedule>
    </bodyContent>
    </body>
  </serv:message>
var req = http.request('https://api.webex.com/WBXService/XMLService',
  sessionTicket );
req.write(xml);
req.end();
```

```

  { 'method' : 'PUT' }

```

QUESTION 3



```
1 const webex = windows.webex = Webex.init();
2
3 webex.once('ready', () => {
4   const jwt = document.getElementById('context').value;
5
6   webex.authorization.requestAccessTokenFromJwt({ jwt })
7     .then(() => {
8       if (webex.canAuthorize) {
9         alert('Authenticated!');
10      }
11    })
12    .catch((err) => {
13      alert('Authentication.error:' + err);
14    });
15});
```

Refer to the exhibit. On line 4, the script retrieves a context from a DOM element that was generated from a server-side component. How does that server-side component obtain the value for the `context` element?

- A. by opening a dialog asking the end-user to paste his personal access token
- B. by completing an authorization code grant flow using the identifier and secret of an OAuth integration
- C. by embedding the access token of a Bot account
- D. by creating a guest token using the identifier and secret of a Guest Issuer application

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the methods from the left into the correct order of execution on the right to use webex-js-sdk in a browser to call and share the screen with another Webex user. Not all methods are used.

Select and Place:



meeting.addMedia()	step 1
meeting.updateShare()	step 2
webex.call()	step 3
call.getMediaStreams()	step 4
webex.meetings.create()	
meeting.getMediaStreams()	

Correct Answer:

	webex.meetings.create()
	meeting.getMediaStreams()
webex.call()	meeting.addMedia()
call.getMediaStreams()	meeting.updateShare()

Reference: https://github.com/webex/webex-js-sdk/blob/master/packages/node_modules/%40webex/plugin-meetings/README.md (see start wireless share)

QUESTION 5

DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the code to complete the JavaScript to display the first URL from a user's list of Webex Meetings recordings. Not all options are used.

Select and Place:



```
const init = { [redacted] },
body: '<message xmlns:xsi= "http://www.v3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <header><securityContext>
    <siteName>apidemoeu</siteName>
    <webExID>alice</webExID>
    <sessionTicket>AAABb6CkTRgAABUYARZAD2X0FMR09SSVRITV8=</sessionTicket>
  </securityContext></header>
  <body>
    <bodyContent xsi:type=" [redacted] ">

    <createTimeScope>
      <createTimeStart>11/21/2019 0:0:0</createTimeStart>
      <createTimeEnd>11/21/2019 23:59:59</createTimeEnd>
    </createTimeScope>
  </bodyContent></body></message> };
fetch(' [redacted] ',init)
  .then(response => response.text())
  .then(str => (new window.DOMParser()).parseFromString(str, 'text/xml'))
  .then(data => document.write(data.getElementsByTagNameNS (
    ' [redacted] ',
    'fileURL' ) [0].textContent));
```

`http://www.webex.com/schemas/
2002/06/service/meeting`

`method: 'POST'`

`java:com.webex.service.binding
.ep.LstRecording`

`java:com.webex.service.binding
.meeting.Recordings`

`http://www.webex.com/schemas/
2002/06/service/ep`

`method: 'GET'`

`https://api.webex.com/WBX
Service/XMLService`

`https://api.webex.com/v1/
recordings`

Correct Answer:



```

const init = {
  method: 'POST'
},
body: '<message xmlns:xsi= "http://www.v3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <header><securityContext>
    <siteName>apidemoeu</siteName>
    <webExID>alice</webExID>
    <sessionTicket>AAABb6CkTRgAABUYARZAD2X0FMR09SSVRITV8=</sessionTicket>
  </securityContext></header>
  <body>
    <bodyContent xsi:type="
      java:com.webex.service.binding
      .ep.LstRecording
    >
      <createTimeScope>
        <createTimeStart>11/21/2019 0:0:0</createTimeStart>
        <createTimeEnd>11/21/2019 23:59:59</createTimeEnd>
      </createTimeScope>
    </bodyContent></body></message> };
fetch('
  https://api.webex.com/WBX
  Service/XMLService
', init)
  .then(response => response.text())
  .then(str => (new window.DOMParser()).parseFromString(str, 'text/xml'))
  .then(data => document.write(data.getElementsByTagNameNS (
    '
      http://www.webex.com/schemas/
      2002/06/service/ep
    ',
    'fileURL' ) [0].textContent));

```

http://www.webex.com/schemas/
2002/06/service/meeting

java:com.webex.service.binding
.meeting.Recordings

method: 'GET'

https://api.webex.com/v1/
recordings