

2VB-601^{Q&As}

VMware Specialist: vSAN 6.x Exam

Pass VMware 2VB-601 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers PDF and VCE file from:

https://www.passapply.com/2vb-601.html

100% Passing Guarantee 100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by VMware Official Exam Center

- Instant Download After Purchase
- 100% Money Back Guarantee
- 365 Days Free Update
- 800,000+ Satisfied Customers



https://www.passapply.com/2vb-601.html 2024 Latest passapply 2VB-601 PDF and VCE dumps Download

QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true about VSAN deduplication and compression? (Choose two.)

- A. vSAN deduplication and compression are enabled on a per virtual machines basis.
- B. vSAN deduplication and compression deduplicate with a variable block size.
- C. vSAN deduplication and compression are enabled at the cluster level and occur at the disk group level.
- D. vSAN deduplication and compression deduplicate with a fixed 4K-block size.

Correct Answer: CD

You can enable deduplication and compression as a cluster-wide setting, but they are applied on a disk group basis.

The vSAN deduplication block size is 4K fixed.

References:

https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-

vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.virtualsan.doc/GUID-3D2D80CC444E-454E-9B8B-25C3F620EFED.html https://blogs.vmware.com/virtualblocks/2017/11/29/vsanoperations-adding-removing-drives-deduplication-compression-enabled/

QUESTION 2

With the addition of local protection to vSAN stretched clusters, which factors determine the maximum level of object protection?

- A. License edition, failure tolerance method, and Primary and/or Secondary level of failures to tolerate
- B. Hardware choice (hybrid or all-flash), number of hosts, and object space reservation
- C. Failure tolerance method, and Primary and/or Secondary level of failures to tolerate, and host count
- D. Hardware choice (hybrid or all-flash), failure tolerance method, and stripe width

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

Which key is required to unencrypt an encrypted core dump when using vSAN encryption?

- A. Key Encryption Key (KEK)
- B. Disk Encryption Key (DEK)
- C. Host Key

https://www.passapply.com/2vb-601.html

2024 Latest passapply 2VB-601 PDF and VCE dumps Download

D. Internal Key in Digital Envelope

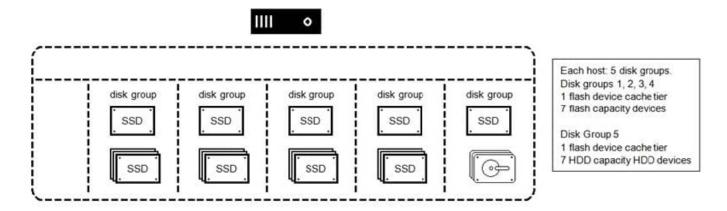
Correct Answer: C

Explanation: The core dump is encrypted with the host key. References: https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.7/com.vmware.vsphere.virtualsan.doc/GUID6701FDE9-D1BA-4455-BD9F-3519646D408C.html

QUESTION 4

View the exhibit.

The exhibit shows a single node of a vSAN cluster. All nodes have been configured identically. Which statement is true about the information in the exhibit?



- A. This is an invalid design. There are too many disk groups.
- B. This is an invalid design. You CANNOT mix all-flash disk groups with hybrid disk groups.
- C. This is a valid all-flash vSAN configuration.
- D. This is a valid hybrid vSAN configuration.
- E. This is an invalid design. There are too few capacity disks.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

When using vSAN encryption, where and how is the Data Encryption Key (DEK) stored?

- A. Persistently on the disk
- B. In host memory in a secure KeyCache
- C. In vCenter server memory
- D. Persistently in the KMS cluster

Correct Answer: A



https://www.passapply.com/2vb-601.html 2024 Latest passapply 2VB-601 PDF and VCE dumps Download

2VB-601 Study Guide

2VB-601 Exam Questions

2VB-601 Braindumps