

# 2VB-601<sup>Q&As</sup>

VMware Specialist: vSAN 6.x Exam

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## **QUESTION 1**

What is the minimum number of hosts required in each site to allow a policy of Primary level of failures to tolerate set to 1 and Secondary level of failures to tolerate set to 2 with failure tolerance method set to RAID 5/6?

A. 6

B. 12

C. 2

D. 4

Correct Answer: A

### **QUESTION 2**

If the Primary level of failures to tolerate policy is changed from 2 to 3 without shutting down the virtual machine, what will happen when the policy is applied?

A. It will fail with an alert. Primary level of failures to tolerate=3 is not supported with mirroring.

B. It will fail with an alert. The policy of a running VM cannot be dynamically changed.

C. vSAN will try to create an additional mirror of the VM\\'s disk components, as long as there is a sufficient number of fault domains and available capacity.

D. vSAN will switch its failure to tolerate method for any VMs with that policy, to optimize for space. Primary level of failures to tolerate=3 can only be accomplished with erasure coding.

Correct Answer: C

Incorrect Answers:

D: RAID 5 or RAID 6 erasure coding does not support a Primary level of failures to tolerate value of 3.

Note: Primary level of failures to tolerate Defines the number of host and device failures that a virtual machine object can tolerate. For n failures tolerated, each piece of data written is stored in n+1 places, including parity copies if using RAID 5 or RAID

6.

When provisioning a virtual machine, if you do not choose a storage policy, vSAN assigns this policy as the default virtual machine storage policy.

If fault domains are configured, 2n+1 fault domains with hosts contributing capacity are required. A host, which is not part of any fault domain is considered its own single-host fault domain.

Default value is 1. Maximum value is 3.

References: https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.virtualsan.doc/GUID-08911FD32462-4C1C-AE81-0D4DBC8F7990.html

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## **QUESTION 3**

Which statement is true regarding vSAN and vSphere high availability (HA) interoperability?

- A. The vSAN datastore must be configured as the heartbeat datastore for vSphere HA.
- B. vSphere HA must be disabled before enabling vSAN.
- C. vSphere HA host isolation must be set to disabled.
- D. The vSphere HA heartbeat object can only be assigned the default datastore storage policy.

Correct Answer: B

References: https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.0/com.vmware.vsphere.virtualsan.doc/GUID-D68890D8841A-4BD1-ACA1-DA3D25B6A37A.html

### **QUESTION 4**

What is storage latency?

- A. The maximum bandwidth provided by a Fiber Channel switch.
- B. The time required for a system to process a storage transaction.
- C. The level of availability in a storage sub-system
- D. The minimum bandwidth provided by an iSCSI initiator.

Correct Answer: B

Latency is a measure of the time required for a sub-system or a component in that sub-system to process a single storage transaction or data request. It\\'s akin to the propagation delay of a signal through a discrete component and is typically a function of hardware. For storage subsystems, latency refers to how long it takes for a single data request to be received and the right data found and accessed from the storage media.

References:https://storageswiss.com/2013/12/10/what-is-latency-and-how-is-it-different-from-iops/

### **QUESTION 5**

What are two ways that storage policies can be applied? (Choose two.)

- A. Execute a PowerCLI script
- B. Right-click a virtual machine in the vSphere Web Client
- C. Run the "esxcli vsan storage tag add" command
- D. Select the vSAN datastore and click "Apply Storage Policy"

Correct Answer: AD



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