



200-201^{Q&As}

Understanding Cisco Cybersecurity Operations Fundamentals
(CBROPS)

Pass Cisco 200-201 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.passapply.com/200-201.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Cisco
Official Exam Center

- ⚙ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit.

ip.addr -- 192.168.1.80 and top.port--8081 add http.request.full_url					
No	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
14...	27.405297	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	335 GET /news.php HTTP/1.1
14...	27.423516	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	12... HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
14...	27.843983	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	516 POST /admin/get.php HTTP/1.1
14...	27.856474	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	519 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
14...	27.853803	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	276 POST /news.php HTTP/1.1
15...	27.065561	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	11... HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
20...	27.245337	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	259 GET /login/process.php HTTP/1.1
20...	27.253440	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	60 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
23...	27.265103	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	250 GET /news.php HTTP/1.1
23...	27.271353	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	60 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
26...	27.291043	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	259 GET /login/process.php HTTP/1.1
26...	27.298364	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	60 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
30...	27.311212	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	259 GET /login/process.php HTTP/1.1
30...	27.322750	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	340 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
30...	27.439913	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	148 POST /admin/get.php HTTP/1.1
30...	27.455743	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	60 HTTP/1.0 404 NOT FOUND (text/html)
35...	27.482265	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	255 GET /admin/get.php HTTP/1.1
35...	27.491062	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	60 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)
40...	27.515011	192.168.1.83	192.168.1.80	HTTP	259 GET /login/process.php HTTP/1.1
40...	27.522942	192.168.1.80	192.168.1.83	HTTP	60 HTTP/1.0 200 OK (text/html)

A network administrator is investigating suspicious network activity by analyzing captured traffic. An engineer notices abnormal behavior and discovers that the default user agent is present in the headers of requests and data being transmitted. What is occurring?

- A. indicators of denial-of-service attack due to the frequency of requests
- B. garbage flood attack: attacker is sending garbage binary data to open ports
- C. indicators of data exfiltration: HTTP requests must be plain text
- D. cache bypassing attack: attacker is sending requests for noncacheable content

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

What is an example of social engineering attacks?

- A. receiving an unexpected email from an unknown person with an attachment from someone in the same company
- B. receiving an email from human resources requesting a visit to their secure website to update contact information
- C. sending a verbal request to an administrator who knows how to change an account password
- D. receiving an invitation to the department's weekly WebEx meeting



Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit.

Filter: pop.request.command == PASS						Expression...	Clear	Apply	Save
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info				
30225	*REF*	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevw			
30226	0.000422	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevw			
30264	0.074131	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevy			
30312	0.199417	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevY			
30322	0.249480	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevb			
30325	0.262069	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevB			
30326	0.262111	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevv			
30330	0.277704	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevV			
30331	0.277711	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevK			
30332	0.277711	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevk			
30345	0.327554	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevx			
30346	0.327642	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.132	POP	C: PASS	eeeevx			

Which alert is identified from this packet capture?

- A. man-in-the-middle attack
- B. brute-force attack
- C. ARP poisoning
- D. SQL injection

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit.



The screenshot shows a VirusTotal analysis report for the file 'VAC-Bypass-Loader.exe'. The file's full analysis URL is <https://app.any.run/tasks/b6c8538c-0b3d-4e57-8900-863115142a98>. The verdict is 'Malicious activity'. The threats identified include 'nJRAT', which is described as a remote access Trojan. The analysis was performed on 12/13/2020 at 19:21:33 on a Windows 7 Professional Service Pack 1 (build 7601, 32 bit) system. The file's MIME type is 'application/x-dosexec' and it is a PE32 executable (GUI) for Intel 80386. The MD5 hash is 112EE18A3A2340D8E5E269D6A3C299AT. The report also features a 'Malware Trends Tracker' section and a 'More details' button. The text 'CHINESEDUMPS 通过测试' is overlaid on the image.

Where is the executable file?

- A. info
- B. tags
- C. MIME
- D. name

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

How does statistical detection differ from rule-based detection?

- A. Statistical detection involves the evaluation of events, and rule-based detection requires an evaluated set of events to function.
- B. Statistical detection defines legitimate data over time, and rule-based detection works on a predefined set of rules
- C. Rule-based detection involves the evaluation of events, and statistical detection requires an evaluated set of events to function Rule-based detection defines
- D. legitimate data over a period of time, and statistical detection works on a predefined set of rules

Correct Answer: B