



1Z0-815^{Q&As}

Java SE 11 Programmer I

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**QUESTION 1**

Given the code fragment:

```
char[][] arrays = {'a', 'd'}, {'b', 'e'}, {'c', 'f'};
for (char[] xx : arrays) {
    for (char yy : xx) {
        System.out.print(yy);
    }
    System.out.print(" ");
}
```

What is the result?

- A. ab cd ef
- B. An `ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException` is thrown at runtime.
- C. The compilation fails.
- D. abc def
- E. ad be cf

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

Given:



```
package b;
public class Person {
    protected Person() {                //line 1
    }
}
```

and

```
package a;
import b.Person;
public class Main {                    //line 2
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Person person = new Person(); //line 3
    }
}
```

Which two allow a.Main to allocate a new Person? (Choose two.)

- A. In Line 1, change the access modifier to private private Person() {
- B. In Line 1, change the access modifier to public public Person() {
- C. In Line 2, add extends Person to the Main class public class Main extends Person { and change Line 3 to create a new Main object Person person = new Main();
- D. In Line 2, change the access modifier to protected protected class Main {
- E. In Line 1, remove the access modifier Person() {

Correct Answer: CE

QUESTION 3

Given:

```
public class Test {
    private String[] strings;
}
```

Which two constructors will compile and set the class field strings? (Choose two.)



- A.

```
public Test(List<String> strings) {  
    this.strings = strings;  
}
```
- B.

```
public Test(String... strings) {  
    strings = strings;  
}
```
- C.

```
public Test(String... strings) {  
    this.strings = strings;  
}
```
- D.

```
public Test(String strings) {  
    strings = strings;  
}
```
- E.

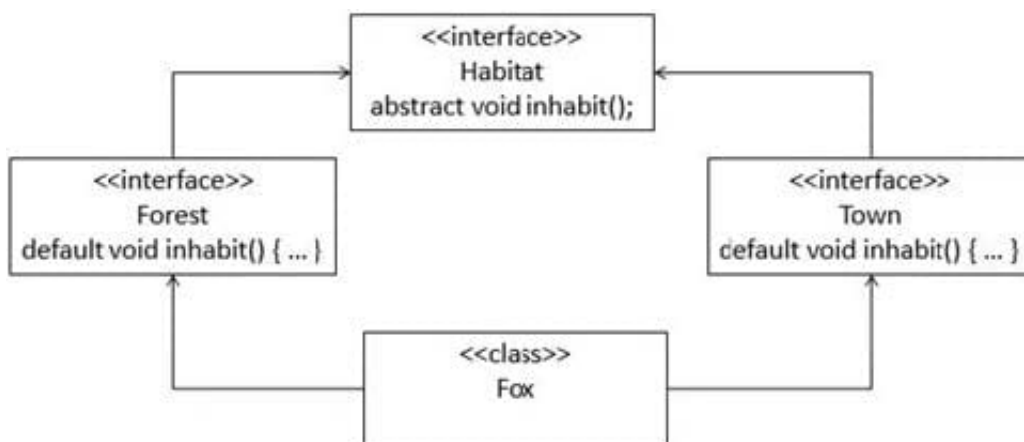
```
public Test(String[] strings) {  
    this.strings = strings;  
}
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D
- E. Option E

Correct Answer: AE

QUESTION 4

Given:





Which statement is true about the Fox class?

- A. Fox class does not have to override inhabit method, so long as it does not try to call it.
- B. Fox class does not have to override the inhabit method if Forest and Town provide compatible implementations.
- C. Fox class must implement either Forest or Town interfaces, but not both.
- D. The inhabit method implementation from the first interface that Fox implements will take precedence.
- E. Fox class must provide implementation for the inhabit method.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Which three initialization statements are correct? (Choose three.)

- A. `int x = 12_34;`
- B. `short sh = (short)`A\`;`
- C. `String contact# = "(+2) (999) (232)";`
- D. `boolean true = (4 == 4);`
- E. `float x = 1.99;`
- F. `int[][] e = {{1,1},{2,2}};`
- G. `byte b = 10; char c = b;`

Correct Answer: AEF

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