1Z0-148^{Q&As}

Oracle Database: Advanced PL/SQL

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QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true about associative arrays and varrays? (Choose two.)

A. Only varrays must use sequential numbers as subscripts.

B. Only varrays can be used as column types in database tables.

C. Both associative arrays and varrays must use sequential numbers as subscripts.

D. Both associative arrays and varrays can be used as column types in database tables.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 2

Which two types of query results cannot be stored in the query result cache? (Choose two.)

A. subquery results

B. results of a query having the SYSDATE function

C. results of a query having the GROUP BY clause

D. results of a query having the DATE data type in the WHERE clause

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true about SecureFile LOB options? (Choose two.)

A. The DECRYPT option can be used to remove the encryption only if the LOB column is empty.

B. The KEEP_DUPLICATES option removes the deduplication effect only on new data in a LOB column.

C. The KEEP_DUPLICATES option removes the deduplication effect on existing and new data in a LOB column.

D. The DECRYPT option can be used to remove the encryption from LOB columns that are empty or contain data.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit and examine the PL/SQL code.

Which statement is true about the execution of the PL/SQL code?

```
CREATE TYPE nest_col AS OBJECT --create object
(branch_id NUMBER(3),
tot_sales NUMBER(10,2) )
/
CREATE TYPE nested_table -- define nested table type
AS TABLE OF nest_col
/
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION assign_val
RETURN nested_table AS
  v_ret   nested_table;
BEGIN
  v_ret.EXTEND;
  v_ret(v_ret.LAST) := nest_col(101,200000);
RETURN v_ret;
END assign_val;
/
SELECT * FROM TABLE(assign_val);
```

A. It executes successfully and displays 101 and 200000 values.

B. The ASSIGN_VAL function generates an error during compilation because nested tables cannot be returned by functions.

C. The SELECT statement generates an error because the nested table has not been initialized in the ASSIGN_VAL function.

D. The ASSIGN_VAL function generates an error during compilation because the EXTEND method cannot be used with nested tables.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

You create this package and procedure:

```
CREATE PACKAGE emp_package AS
    CURSOR emp_cur IS SELECT employee_id, salary FROM employees;
    PROCEDURE calc_bonus;
    PROCEDURE calc_tax;
END emp_package;
/
CREATE PACKAGE BODY emp_package AS
    PROCEDURE calc_bonus IS
        emp_rec emp_cur%ROWTYPE;
    BEGIN
        OPEN emp_cur;
        FETCH emp_cur INTO emp_rec;
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (emp_rec.employee_id || ', ' || emp_rec.salary * .05);
    END calc_bonus;

    PROCEDURE calc_tax IS
    BEGIN
        FOR emp_rec IN emp_cur LOOP
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (emp_rec.employee_id || ', ' || emp_rec.salary * .25);
        END LOOP;
    END calc_tax;
END emp_package;
/
CREATE PROCEDURE emp_sal AS
    emp_rec emp_package.emp_cur%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    OPEN emp_package.emp_cur;
    LOOP
        FETCH emp_package.emp_cur INTO emp_rec;
        EXIT WHEN emp_package.emp_cur%NOTFOUND;
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (emp_rec.employee_id || ', ' || emp_rec.salary);
    END LOOP;
END emp_sal;
/
```

Which two blocks will execute without errors? (Choose two.)

```
A.  BEGIN
        emp_package.calc_tax;
        emp_package.calc_bonus;
    END;

B.  BEGIN
        emp_sal;
        emp_package.calc_bonus;
        emp_package.calc_tax;
    END;

C.  BEGIN
        emp_package.calc_bonus;
        emp_sal;
    END;

D.  BEGIN
        emp_package.calc_tax;
        emp_sal;
    END;

E.  BEGIN
        emp_package.calc_tax;
        emp_package.calc_bonus;
        emp_sal;
    END;
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

E. Option E

Correct Answer: BE