



1Z0-1104-22^{Q&As}

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Security Professional

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QUESTION 1

Which resources can be used to create and manage from Vault Service ? Select TWO correct answers

- A. Secret
- B. IAM
- C. Keys
- D. Cloud Guard

Correct Answer: AC

The screenshot shows the AWS Vault service documentation. At the top, the word "Vault" is displayed in a large, bold font. Below it, a paragraph states: "You can use the Vault service to create and manage the following resources:". This is followed by a bulleted list with three items: "Vaults", "Keys", and "Secrets". Below the list, another paragraph explains: "A vault includes the encryption keys and secret credentials that you use to protect your data and connect to secured resources. As customer-managed resources, you have complete control over who has access to your vaults, keys, and secrets. You also control what authorized users and services can do with Vault resources. Levels of access might range from something as granular as whether an individual key can be used by a particular service to more broadly impactful lifecycle management activities, like whether a user can delete a key from a vault to prevent its use altogether." At the bottom, a highlighted section states: "Keys are stored on highly available and durable hardware security modules (HSM) that meet Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 Security Level 3 security certification. Secrets and secret versions are base64-encoded and encrypted with master encryption keys, but do not reside within the HSM."

QUESTION 2

Which of these protects customer data at rest and in transit in a way that allows customers to meet their security and compliance requirements for cryptographic algorithms and key management?

- A. Security controls
- B. Customer isolation
- C. Data encryption
- D. Identity Federation

Correct Answer: C

DATA ENCRYPTION



Protect customer data at-rest and in-transit in a way that allows customers to meet their security and compliance requirements for cryptographic algorithms and key management.

https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Security/Concepts/security_overview.htm

QUESTION 3

Oracle Object Storage achieves data durability by which of the mechanisms ? Select TWO correct answers

- A. Service Gateway
- B. Redundant Storage across availability domains
- C. Redundant Array of IndependentDisks
- D. Object Versioning

Correct Answer: BD

How durable is data stored in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Object Storage?

Oracle Object Storage is designed to be highly durable, providing 99.999999999% (Eleven 9's) of annual durability. It achieves this by storing each object redundantly across three servers in different availability domains for regions with multiple availability domains, and in different fault domains in regions with a single availability domain. Existing objects can be accessed as long as one of the three copies is accessible, and new objects can be uploaded as long as two copies can be successfully written. Data integrity is actively monitored using checksums, and corrupt data is detected and automatically repaired. Any loss in data redundancy is detected and remedied, without customer intervention or impact.

QUESTION 4

How can you convert a fixed load balancer to a flexible load balancer?

- A. There is no way to convert the load balancer.
- B. Use Update Shape workflows.
- C. Delete the fixed load balancer and create a new one.
- D. Using the Edit Listener option.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Which volume type contains the image used to boot a compute instance?

- A. Init 6 volume
- B. Boot volume



C. Startup volume

D. Block volume

Correct Answer: B

Boot Volumes When you launch a virtual machine (VM) or bare metal instance based on a platform image or custom image, a new boot volume for the instance is created in the same compartment. That boot volume is associated with that instance until you terminate the instance. When you terminate the instance, you can preserve the boot volume and its data

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Block/Concepts/bootvolumes.htm>

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