



1Z0-1104-22^{Q&As}

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Security Professional

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QUESTION 1

Which of the following is necessary step when creating a secret in vault?

- A. Vault-managed key is necessary to encrypt the secret
- B. Digest Hash should be created of the secret value
- C. Object Storage must be created to run secret service
- D. Shamir's secret sharing algorithm should be used to unseal the vault

Correct Answer: A

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/other-databases/essbase/21/essad/create-vault-and-secrets.html>

QUESTION 2

You create a new compartment, "apps," to host some production apps and you create an apps_group and added users to it. What would you do to ensure the users have access to the apps compartment?

- A. Add an IAM policy for the individual users to access the apps compartment.
- B. Add an IAM policy for apps_group granting access to the apps compartment.
- C. Add an IAM policy to attach tenancy to the apps group.
- D. No action is required.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

Which type of firewalls are designed to protect against web application attacks, such as SQL injection and cross-site scripting?

- A. Stateful inspection firewall
- B. Web Application Firewall
- C. Incident firewall
- D. Packet filtering firewall

Correct Answer: B

SQL injections. Cross-site scripting. Distributed denial of service(DDoS) attacks. Botnets. These are just some of the cyber-weapons increasingly being used by malicious actors to target web applications, cause data breaches, and expose

sensitive business information.



Oracle WAF uses a multilayered approach to protect web applications from a host of cyberthreats including malicious bots, application layer (L7) DDoS attacks, cross-site scripting, SQL injection, and vulnerabilities defined by the Open Web

Application Security Project (OWASP). When a threat is identified, Oracle WAF automatically blocks it and alerts security operations teams so they can investigate further.

<https://www.oracle.com/a/ocom/docs/security/oci-web-application-firewall.pdf>

QUESTION 4

Security Advisor

Security Advisor helps you create cloud resources that align with Oracle's security principles and best practices. It also ensures that your resources meet the requirements enforced by security zone policies. For example, you can quickly create resources that are encrypted with a customer-managed master encryption key using the Vault service.

For example, you can use Security Advisor to create the following resources:

- Object Storage bucket ⓘ
- File Storage file system ⓘ
- Compute instance (Compute) ⓘ (and associated boot volume)
- Block Volume block storage volume ⓘ

Which OCI service can index, enrich, aggregate, explore, search, analyze, correlate, visualize and monitor data?

- A. Data Guard
- B. Data Safe
- C. WAF
- D. Logging Analytics

Correct Answer: D

About Logging Analytics

Oracle Cloud Logging Analytics is a cloud solution in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure that lets you index, enrich, aggregate, explore, search, analyze, correlate, visualize and monitor all log data from your applications and system infrastructure on cloud or on-premises.

QUESTION 5

What is the matching rule syntax for a single condition?



- A. any| all { <condition>,<condition>,... }
- B. instance.compartment.id = '<compartment_ocid>'
- C. variable =|!= 'value'
- D. Any {instance.compartment.id = '<compartment_ocid>', instance.compartment.id = '<compartment_ocid>'}

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: C

Writing Matching Rules to Define Dynamic Groups

Matching rules define the resources that belong to the dynamic group. In the Console, you can either enter the rule manually in the provided text box, or you can use the [rule builder](#). The rule builder lets you make selections and entries in a dialog, then writes the rule for you, based on your entries.

You can define the members of the dynamic group based on the following:

- compartment ID - include (or exclude) the instances that reside in that compartment based on compartment OCID
- instance ID - include (or exclude) an instance based on its instance OCID
- tag namespace and tag key - include (or exclude) instances tagged with a specific tag namespace and tag key. All tag values are included. For example, include all instances tagged the with tag namespace `department` and the tag key `operations`.
- tag namespace, tag key, and tag value - include (or exclude) instances tagged with a specific value for the tag namespace and tag key. For example include all instances tagged with the tag namespace `department` and the tag key `operations` and with the value `'45'`.

A matching rule has the following syntax:

For a single condition:

```
variable =|!= 'value'
```



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