

1Z0-1085-20^{Q&As}

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Foundations 2020 Associate

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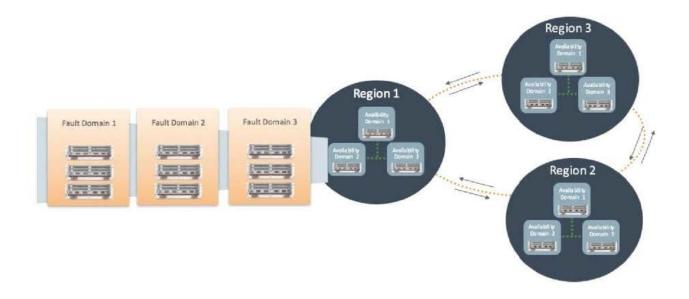
QUESTION 1

Which two are enabled by Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Fault Domains?

- A. Protect against unexpected hardware or power supply failures
- B. To meet requirements for legal jurisdictions
- C. To mitigate the risk of large scale events such as earthquakes
- D. Build replicated systems for disaster recovery
- E. Protect against planned hardware maintenance

Correct Answer: AE

A fault domain is a grouping of hardware and infrastructure within an availability domain. Each availability domain contains three fault domains. Fault domains provide anti-affinity: they let you distribute your instances so that the instances are not on the same physical hardware within a single availability domain. A hardware failure or Compute hardware maintenance event that affects one fault domain does not affect instances in other fault domains. In addition, the physical hardware in a fault domain has independent and redundant power supplies, which prevents a failure in the power supply hardware within one fault domain from affecting other fault domains. To control the placement of your compute instances, bare metal DB system instances, or virtual machine DB system instances, you can optionally specify the fault domain for a new instance or instance pool at launch time. If you don\\'t specify the fault domain, the system selects one for you. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure makes a best-effort anti-affinity placement across different fault domains, while optimizing for available capacity in the availability domain. To change the fault domain for an instance, terminate it and launch a new instance in the preferred fault domain. Use fault domains to do the following things: Protect against unexpected hardware failures or power supply failures. Protect against planned outages because of Compute hardware maintenance. We can use fault domains to do the following things: 1) Protect against unexpected hardware failures or power supply failures. 2) Protect against planned outages because of Compute hardware maintenance Reference: https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/General/Concepts/regions.htm



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QUESTION 2

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Budgets can be set on which two options?

- A. Free-form tags
- B. Compartments
- C. Tenancy
- D. Virtual Cloud Network
- E. Cost-tracking tags

Correct Answer: BE

A budget can be used to set soft limits on your Oracle Cloud Infrastructure spending. You can set alerts on your budget to let you know when you might exceed your budget, and you can view all of your budgets and spending from one single place in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure console. How Budgets Work: Budgets are set on cost-tracking tags or on compartments (including the root compartment) to track all spending in that cost-tracking tag or for that compartment and its children. All budgets alerts are evaluated every 15 minutes. To see the last time a budget was evaluated, open the details for a budget. You will see fields that show the current spend, the forecast and the "Spent in period" field which shows you the time

period over which the budget was evaluated. When a budget alert fires, the email recipients configured in

the budget alert receive an email.

Reference:

https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Billing/Concepts/budgetsoverview.htm

QUESTION 3

What does compute instance vertical scaling mean?

- A. Providing Fault tolerance
- B. Adding additional compute instances
- C. Enabling Disaster recovery
- D. Changing to a large or smaller shape

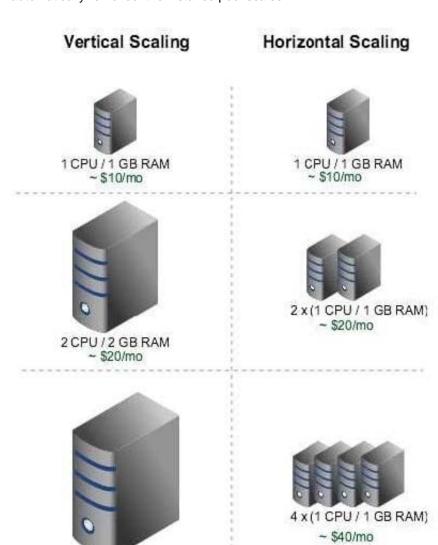
Correct Answer: D

Changing the Shape of an Instance (Horizontal Scaling)

You can change the shape of a virtual machine (VM) instance without having to rebuild your instances or redeploy your applications. This lets you scale up your Compute resources for increased performance, or scale down to reduce cost. Autoscaling (vertical scaling) Autoscaling lets you automatically adjust the number of Compute instances in an instance pool based on performance metrics such as CPU utilization. This helps you provide consistent performance for your end users during periods of high demand, and helps you reduce your costs during periods of low demand. As load

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increases, instances are automatically provisioned: the instance pool scales out. As load decreases, instances are automatically removed: the instance pool scales in.



https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Compute/Tasks/resizinginstances.htm

QUESTION 4

4 CPU / 8 GB RAM ~ \$80/mo

Which Oracle Cloud Infrastructure storage service can provide a shared file system across multiple compute instances?

- A. file Storage
- B. Local NVMe
- C. Object Storage
- D. Archive storage



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Correct Answer: A

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure File Storage service provides a durable, scalable, secure, enterprise-grade network file system. You can connect to a File Storage service file system from any bare metal, virtual machine, or container instance in your Virtual Cloud Network (VCN). You can also access a file system from outside the VCN using Oracle Cloud Infrastructure FastConnect and Internet Protocol security (IPSec) virtual private network (VPN). Large Compute clusters of thousands of instances can use the File Storage service for high- performance shared storage. Storage provisioning is fully managed and automatic as your use scales from a single byte to exabytes without upfront provisioning.

Reference: https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/File/Concepts/filestorageoverview.htm

QUESTION 5

Which CANNOT be used with My Oracle Support (MOS)?

- A. Add or change a tenancy administrator
- B. Request a Service Limit increase
- C. Reset the password or unlock the account for the tenancy administrator
- D. Troubleshoot your resources in an Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Free Trial account

Correct Answer: D

Open a support service request with MOS option is available to paid accounts. Customers using only Always Free resources are not eligible for Oracle Support. Limited support is available to Free Tier accounts with Free Trial credits. After you use all of your credits or after your trial period ends (whichever comes first), you must upgrade to a paid account to access Oracle Support. If you choose not to upgrade and continue to use Always Free Services, you will not be eligible to raise a service request in My Oracle Support. In addition to support for technical issues, use My Oracle Support if you need to:

1.

Reset the password or unlock the account for the tenancy administrator

2.

Add or change a tenancy administrator

3.

Request a service limit increase

Reference: https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/GSG/Tasks/contactingsupport.htm

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