



# 1Z0-1072-22<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Architect Associate

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### QUESTION 1

You have one database-style application that frequently makes many random reads and writes across the dataset.

Which storage offering supports this application?

- A. Object Storage Service
- B. Archive Storage Service
- C. File Storage Service
- D. Block Storage Service

Correct Answer: D

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### QUESTION 2

Which of the following two tasks can be performed in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console for Autonomous Data Warehouse?

- A. Adjust Network Bandwidth
- B. Scale up/down Memory
- C. Increase Storage allocated for Database
- D. Scale up/down CPU

Correct Answer: CD

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You can scale up/down your Autonomous Database to scale both in terms of compute (CPU) and storage only when needed, allows people to pay per use. Oracle allows you to scale compute and storage independently, no need to do it together. these scaling activities fully online (no downtime required) in Details page Autonomous Database in OCI console, click Scale Up/Down. Click on arrow to select a value for CPU Core Count or Storage (TB). Or Select auto scaling to allow the system to automatically use up to three times more CPU and IO resources to meet workload demand, compared to the database operating with auto scaling disabled.

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### QUESTION 3

What happens when you run terraform plan?

- A. It configures, reconfigures, and instantiates resources and their dependencies.
- B. It shows the operator the course of action that would be taken if a change is applied.
- C. It deletes all existing resources and re-creates them.



D. It shows a dependency graph.

Correct Answer: B

References: The terraform plan command is used to create an execution plan. Terraform performs a refresh, unless explicitly disabled, and then determines what actions are necessary to achieve the desired state specified in the configuration files. This command is a convenient way to check whether the execution plan for a set of changes matches your expectations without making any changes to real resources or to the state. For example, terraform plan might be run before committing a change to version control, to create confidence that it will behave as expected.

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#### QUESTION 4

Which service would you use if your big data workload required shared access and NFS-based connectivity?

- A. block volume
- B. archive storage
- C. object storage
- D. file storage

Correct Answer: D

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#### QUESTION 5

You are the Solutions Architect of a large company and are tasked with migrating all your services to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. As part of this, you first design a Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) with a public subnet and a private subnet. Then in order to provide Internet connectivity to the instances in your private subnet, you create an Oracle Linux instance in your public subnet and configure NAT on it. However, even after adding all related security list rules and routes in the Route Table, your private subnet instances still cannot connect to the Internet. Which action should you perform to enable Internet connectivity?

- A. Disable "Source and Destination Check" on the VNIC of your Linux instance.
- B. There is no way that a private subnet can connect to the Internet.
- C. Create a Dynamic Routing Gateway (DRG) and route your private IP traffic to the DRG.
- D. Restart the NAT instance.

Correct Answer: A

<https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/managingVNICs.htm#Source/D> By default, every VNIC performs the source/destination check on its network traffic. The VNIC looks at the source and destination listed in the header of each network packet. If the VNIC is not the source or destination, then the packet is dropped. If the VNIC needs to forward traffic (for example, if it needs to perform Network Address Translation (NAT)), you must disable the source/destination check on the VNIC. For instructions, see To update an existing VNIC. For information about the general scenario, see Using a Private IP as a Route Target.