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Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Architect Associate

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QUESTION 1

The Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Block Volume service lets you expand the size of block and boot volumes. Which three options below can you use to increase the size of your block volumes?

- A. Clone an existing volume to a new, larger volume
- B. You can only expand block volumes and not boot volumes
- C. Expand an existing volume in place with offline resizing
- D. Take a backup of your existing volume and restore from the volume backup to a larger volume
- E. Expand an existing volume in place with online resizing

Correct Answer: ACD

The Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Block Volume service lets you expand the size of block volumes and boot volumes. You have three options to increase the size of your volumes:

Expand an existing volume in place with offline resizing. See [Resizing a Volume Using the Console](#) for the steps to do this.

Restore from a volume backup to a larger volume. See [Restoring a Backup to a New Volume](#) and [Restoring a Boot Volume](#).

Clone an existing volume to a new, larger volume. See [Cloning a Volume](#) and [Cloning a Boot Volume](#).

QUESTION 2

Which statement is true about Oracle Cloud Identifiers (OCID)?

- A. mytenancy.oc.ocid is a valid OCID.
- B. If you delete a user, and then create a new user with the same name, the user will be considered a different user because of different OCIDs.
- C. Users can customize OCIDs for all the resources in their compartments.
- D. If you delete a user, and then create a new user with the same name, the new user will be assigned the exact same OCIDs as the system remembers.

Correct Answer: B

References:

QUESTION 3



Which statement is true about a pre-authenticated request in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Object Storage?

- A. You can create only 1,000 pre-authenticated requests per bucket.
- B. You can create a pre-authenticated request only for public buckets.
- C. You cannot retire a pre-authenticated request before it expires.
- D. You cannot extend the expiration date on a pre-authenticated request.

Correct Answer: D

<https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Object/Tasks/usingpreauthenticatedrequests.htm> You can create an unlimited number of pre-authenticated requests. You can't edit a pre-authenticated request. If you want to change user access options in response to changing requirements, you must create a new pre-authenticated request. URL: <https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Object/Tasks/managingbuckets.htm> You can change a bucket's access from public to private or from private to public. Changing the type of access doesn't affect existing pre-authenticated requests. Existing pre-authenticated requests still work.

QUESTION 4

Which three methods can you use to manage Oracle Cloud Infrastructure services? (Choose three.)

- A. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Desktop Client
- B. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console
- C. SSH or RDP
- D. Command-line Interface
- E. REST API

Correct Answer: BDE

<https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/GSG/Concepts/baremetalintro.htm>

QUESTION 5

You are the Solutions Architect of a large company and are tasked with migrating all your services to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. As part of this, you first design a Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) with a public subnet and a private subnet. Then in order to provide Internet connectivity to the instances in your private subnet, you create an Oracle Linux instance in your public subnet and configure NAT on it. However, even after adding all related security list rules and routes in the Route Table, your private subnet instances still cannot connect to the Internet. Which action should you perform to enable Internet connectivity?

- A. Disable "Source and Destination Check" on the VNIC of your Linux instance.
- B. There is no way that a private subnet can connect to the Internet.
- C. Create a Dynamic Routing Gateway (DRG) and route your private IP traffic to the DRG.
- D. Restart the NAT instance.



Correct Answer: A

<https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/managingVNICs.htm#Source/D> By default, every VNIC performs the source/destination check on its network traffic. The VNIC looks at the source and destination listed in the header of each network packet. If the VNIC is not the source or destination, then the packet is dropped. If the VNIC needs to forward traffic (for example, if it needs to perform Network Address Translation (NAT)), you must disable the source/destination check on the VNIC. For instructions, see [To update an existing VNIC](#). For information about the general scenario, see [Using a Private IP as a Route Target](#).

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