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Oracle Linux 5 and 6 System Administration

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QUESTION 1

Examine the commands and output related to the use of the cron facility:

```
[root@FAROUT cron]# pwd
/var/spoo1/cron

[root@FAROUT cron]# ls
oracle root

[root@FAROUT cron]# cat root
* * * * * iostat

[root@FAROUT cron]# cat oracle
* * * * * wmstat
```

Which three statements are true concerning the use of the crontab utility? (Choose three.)

A. The oracle user may list the root user\\'s crontab using cat /var/spoo1/cron/root

B. The oracle user may list the root user\\'s crontab using crontab –u root -1

C. The oracle user may not delete the root user\\'s crontab using crontab –u root -r

D. The oracle user may not modify the root user\\'s crontab using crontab –u root -e

E. The root user may not create the oracle user\\'s crontab using crontab –u oracle –e

F. The root user may not modify the oracle user\\'s crontab using crontab –u oracle -e

Correct Answer: BEF

QUESTION 2

Which three actions may be done using the Anaconda installer when working with an Oracle Linux 6 system? (Choose three.)

A. downgrading an installed system

B. booting an installed system from a local drive

C. attempting a rescue to repair problems with a partition table that prevents booting an installed system

D. deinstalling an installed system

E. upgrading an installed system

Correct Answer: BCE

QUESTION 3

Examine the partition table:

Disk /dev/sdd: 107 MB Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B Partition Table: msdos

Number Start End Size Type File System Flags 1 1049KB 79.7MB 78.6MB Primary

Which program cannot be used to add another partition on this device?

A. fdisk

B. cfdisk

C. parted

D. kpartx

Correct Answer: D

kpartx - Create device maps from partition tables

Incorrect: Not A: fdisk (in the first form of invocation) is a menu driven program for creation and manipulation of partition tables. Not B: cfdisk is a disk partition manipulation program, which allows you to create, destroy, resize, move and copy partitions on a hard drive not C: parted GNU Parted - a partition manipulation program

QUESTION 4

Which three statements are true configuration files and the behavior of module parameters specified in those files, in the /etc/modprobe.d directory?

A. The files may contain options to be passed to a module only when it is a dependency of a module being inserted.

B. The file may contain shell commands to be run instead of inserting a particular module in the kernel.

C. The files may contain options to be passed to a module, only when it is inserted using a modprobe command.

D. The files may contain alias names for modules.

E. The file may contain instructions to ignore certain modules.

F. The files may contain options to be passed to a module only when it is Inserted using an insmod command.

Correct Answer: ACD

modprobe.d - Configuration directory for modprobe Because the modprobe command can add or remove more than one module, due to modules having dependencies, we need a method of specifying what options are to be used with those modules (A). All files underneath the /etc/modprobe.d directory which end with the .conf extension specify those options as required. They can also be used to create convenient aliases (D): alternate names for a module, or they can override the normal modprobe behavior altogether for those with special requirements (such as inserting more than one module).

C: options modulename option...

This command allows you to add options to the module modulename (which might be an alias) every time

it is inserted into the kernel: whether directly (using modprobemodulename or because the module being

inserted depends on this module.

QUESTION 5

The user smith, whose primary group is smith, wants to create a file in his home directory, which belongs to the group apps.

Which two statements are correct?

A. SGID should be set on smith\\\'s home directory to let smith create files that belong to a group that is not his primary group.

B. The user smith can create a file that belongs to the apps group, only If his private group is the apps group as per /etc/group.

C. The user smith can use the newgrp command to change the primary group to apps, only if smith is listed in /etc/group as a member of the apps group.

D. The user smith can use the newgrp command to change the primary group to apps, but a password is required if smith is not listed in /etc/group as a member of the apps group.

Correct Answer: CD