



1Z0-082^{Q&As}

Oracle Database Administration I

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QUESTION 1

Which three statements are true about the DESCRIBE command? (Choose three.)

- A. It displays the PRIMARY KEY constraint for any column or columns that have that constraint
- B. It can be used from SQL Developer
- C. It displays the NOT NULL constraint for any columns that have that constraint
- D. It can be used to display the structure of an existing view
- E. It displays all constraints that are defined for each column
- F. It can be used only from SQL*Plus

Correct Answer: BCD

QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about the configuration and use of UNDO_RETENTION with GUARANTEED RETENTION? (Choose two.)

- A. UNDO_RETENTION specifies for how long Oracle attempts to keep expired and unexpired UNDO.
- B. UNDO_RETENTION specifies how long all types of UNDO are retained.
- C. Unexpired UNDO is always retained.
- D. Active UNDO is always retained.
- E. UNDO_RETENTION specifies for how long Oracle attempts to keep unexpired UNDO.

Correct Answer: CD

By definition, undo extents that still have to overlive the retention period are unexpired. So, when undo_retention is set and retention is guaranteed, unexpired undo is always retained.

As opposed to the case in which retention is noguarentee, where also unexpired extents can be overwritten IF and when needed.

In this particular case, so, I would say C-D are the correct answers.

QUESTION 3

Which three statements are true regarding indexes? (Choose three.)

- A. A UNIQUE index can be altered to be non-unique



- B. A SELECT statement can access one or more indices without accessing any tables
- C. A table belonging to one user can have an index that belongs to a different user
- D. An update to a table can result in updates to any or all of the table's indexes
- E. When a table is dropped and is moved to the RECYCLE BIN, all indexes built on that table are permanently dropped
- F. An update to a table can result in no updates to any of the table's indexes

Correct Answer: BCF

QUESTION 4

Examine this command:

```
ALTER DATABASE  
    MOVE DATAFILE '/u01/sales1.dbf'  
    TO            '/u01/sales01.dbf'  
    REUSE;
```

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. DML may be performed on tables with one or more extents in this data file during the execution of this command.
- B. The tablespace containing SALES1.DBF must be altered READ ONLY before executing the command.
- C. The tablespace containing SALES1.DBF must be altered OFFLINE before executing the command.
- D. If Oracle Managed Files (OMF) is used, then the file is renamed but moved to DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST.
- E. The file is renamed and stored in the same location

Correct Answer: AE

Queries and DML and DDL operations can be performed while the data file is being moved, for example: 1-SELECT statements against tables and partitions 2-Creation of tables and indexes 3- Rebuilding of indexes Other notes: 1- If objects are compressed while the data file is moved, the compression remains the same. 2- You do not have to shut down the database or take the data file offline while you move a data file to

another

location, disk, or storage system.

3- You can omit the TO clause only when an Oracle-managed file is used. In this case, the

DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST initialization parameter should be set to indicate the new location.

4-If the REUSE option is specified, the existing file is overwritten.



note: The REUSE keyword indicates the new file should be created even if it already exists.

5-If the KEEP clause is specified, the old file will be kept after the move operation. The KEEP clause is not allowed

if the source file is an Oracle-managed file.

QUESTION 5

Which two statements are true about UNDO and REDO? (Choose two.)

- A. The generation of UNDO generates REDO
- B. DML modifies Oracle database objects and only generates UNDO
- C. The generation of REDO generates UNDO
- D. DML modifies Oracle database objects and only generates REDO
- E. DML modifies Oracle database objects and generates UNDO and REDO

Correct Answer: AE

... undo is stored in redo logs also. During roll forward phase of instance/media recovery, as changes (redo in redo logs) are applied to datafiles, undo stored in redo logs is used to generate undo segments. These segments are subsequently used to rollback uncommitted changes during rollback phase of instance/media recovery.

<https://www.experts-exchange.com/articles/13880/UNDO-AND-REDO-IN-ORACLE.html>

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