

# 1Z0-074<sup>Q&As</sup>

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#### **QUESTION 1**

USER1 is an OS user with the password oracle and is only a member of the oinstall group. In the ORCL database, the OS AUTHEN PREFIX value is ops\$.

Examine these commands executed by the DBA:

SQL> CREATE USER ops\$user1 IDENTIFIED externally;

SQL> GRANT create session TO ops\$user1;

How can USER1 be given the SYSRAC privilege?

A. Make User1 a member of the OSDBA group in Linux or the ORA\_%HOMENAME%\_SYSDBA group in Windows only.

- B. Grant SYSRAC to user1.
- C. Grant SYSRAC to ops\$user1.
- D. Make USER1 a member of the OSRACDBA group in Linux or the ORA\_%HOMENAME%\_SYSRAC group in Windows.
- E. Grant SYSDBA to ops\$user1

Correct Answer: C

#### **QUESTION 2**

In which four situations does the RMAN DUPLICATE command use the "pull" method? (Choose four.)

- A. when the USING BACKUPSET clause is used
- B. when the SET ENCRYPTION clause is added before the DUPLICATE command
- C. when the SECTION SIZE clause is used
- D. when the number of auxiliary channels allocated is less than the number of target channels allocated
- E. when the USING COMPRESSED BACKUPSET clause is used
- F. when no auxiliary channels are allocated
- G. when IMAGE COPIES are used for the DUPLICATE operation

Correct Answer: ACDE

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/BRADV/rcmdupdb.htm#BRADV299

#### **QUESTION 3**

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U1.T1 is in a tablespace TBS\_UNCMP which has no default compression and U1.T2 is in a tablespace,

TBS\_CMP with default compression for query low.

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You execute commands:

```
SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.START_REDEF_TABLE(uname=> 'u1', orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2', options_flag => DBMS_REDEFINITION.CONS_USE_PK, enable_rollback -> TRUE);

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.SYNC_INTERIM_TABLE(uname => 'u', orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.FINISH_REDEF_TABLE(uname => 'u1', orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.ROLLBACK(uname => 'u1', orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. The primary key constraints on T1 are dropped
- B. T1 is in the TBS\_UNCMP tablespace
- C. T1 is in the TBS\_CMP tablespace
- D. T1 is in compressed format
- E. T1 is in uncompressed format
- F. All indexes on T1 remain valid

Correct Answer: ACE

#### **QUESTION 4**

Identify a situation where performance profiles can be used for application containers.

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A. to specify the total number of parallel execution servers available

B. to specify the maximum time, in seconds, that a parallel statement can wait in the parallel statement queue before it is timed out

C. to specify the maximum percentage of the parallel execution server pool that a particular application container can use

D. to enforce a limit on the number of I/OS issued per second

E. to enforce a limit on I/O throughput per second

Correct Answer: A

#### **QUESTION 5**

Examine these parameters in a PFILE used to start database instance.

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
memory_max_target	big integer	0
memory_target	big integer	4G
sga_max_size	big integer	4G
sga_target	big integer	2G
pga-aggregate-target	big integer	1G

Which two statements are true after an instance restart is attempted and why? (Choose two.)

A. PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET and SGA\_TARGET remain 1G and 2G respectively.

- B. PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET and SGA\_TARGET are set to zero for the instance.
- C. The MEMORY\_MAX\_TARGET parameter is set to zero for the instance.
- D. MEMORY\_MAX\_TARGET is automatically set to 4G for the instance.
- E. The instance does not start because AMM is enabled but PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET and SGA\_TARGET are set to nonzero values.

Correct Answer: CD

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