



# 1Z0-068<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 12c: RAC and Grid Infrastructure Administration

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### QUESTION 1

Examine this command executed on the first node of a three-node cluster: `# /OPatch/opatchauto apply 18139660`

Which two tasks does this command perform?

- A. It applies a patch to the Grid Infrastructure only on the first cluster node.
- B. It applies a patch to the Grid Infrastructure on all cluster nodes.
- C. It applies a patch to all database ORACLE\_HOMEs, with the same release as the Grid Infrastructure, only on the first cluster node.
- D. It applies a patch to all database ORACLE\_HOMEs, with the same release as the Grid Infrastructure, on all cluster nodes.
- E. It applies a patch to all database ORACLE\_HOMEs of any version on the first cluster node.
- F. It applies a patch to all database ORACLE\_HOMEs of any version on all cluster nodes.

Correct Answer: BD

Section: (none)

OPatchauto is Oracle's strategic tool for binary and configuration patching. For the supported environments, OPatchauto sequences and executes all required steps, on all nodes, for comprehensive patch application.

Note: The OPatchauto commands are run from the product home out of the standard OPatch directory.

Example:

`$PRODUCT_HOME/OPatch/OPatchauto apply` where is the full path to local staging area where you have downloaded your patches.

The apply command applies a System Patch to a product home. User specified the patch location or the current directory will be taken as the patch location. .

References: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E24628\\_01/doc.121/e39376/configuration\\_patching.htm#OPTCH149](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E24628_01/doc.121/e39376/configuration_patching.htm#OPTCH149)  
[https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E24628\\_01/doc.121/e39376/opatchauto\\_commands.htm#OPTCH585](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E24628_01/doc.121/e39376/opatchauto_commands.htm#OPTCH585)

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### QUESTION 2

Which two actions guarantee that time is synchronized properly on all nodes in a cluster after installing Oracle Grid Infrastructure 12c? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure network time protocol (NTP) on all cluster nodes, and then start the Oracle Cluster Time Synchronization Service (CTSSD) in active mode on all cluster nodes.
- B. Configure network time protocol (NTP) on all cluster nodes; Oracle Cluster Time Synchronization Service (CTSSD) will then start automatically in observer mode when the clusterware is started.
- C. Deactivate network time protocol (NTP) on all cluster nodes; Oracle Cluster Time Synchronization Service (CTSSD) will then start automatically in active mode when the clusterware is started.



D. If network time protocol (NTP) is not configured properly on all cluster nodes, then Oracle Cluster Time Synchronization Service (CTSSD) will start automatically in active mode when the clusterware is started.

E. If network time protocol (NTP) time servers are unreachable on any cluster node, then Oracle CTSSD Time Synchronization Service (CTSSD) will start automatically in active mode when the clusterware is started.

Correct Answer: AE

Section: (none)

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### QUESTION 3

Which three resources are managed using global concurrency control in an Oracle 12c RAC multi- instance database? (Choose three.)

- A. latches
- B. enqueues
- C. database block buffers
- D. mutexes
- E. cursors
- F. redo log buffers

Correct Answer: ABC

Section: (none)

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### QUESTION 4

You support a three-instance, policy-managed, multitenant RAC database CDB1 with two PDBs PDB\_1 and PDB\_2.

It runs on an eight-node cluster and a serverpool prod\_pool has three servers.

Examine these commands executed on HOST01:

```
$ srvctl add service ?b CDB1 ?db PDB_1 ?ervice HR ?erverpool prod_pool $ srvctl start service ?b CDB1 ?ervice HR
```

```
$ srvctl stop service ?b CDB1 ?ervice HR
```

Which two statements are true?

- A. HR is uniformly managed across all instances in prod\_pool.
- B. srvctl stop service only closes PDB\_1 in the instance on HOST01.
- C. srvctl stop service closes PDB\_1 on all CDB1 instances.
- D. srvctl stop service prevents logins for HR only to CDB1 on HOST01.



E. srvctl stop service prevents logins to any instance of CDB1 using service HR.

F. HR is available on a single instance of prod\_pool.

Correct Answer: BF

Section: (none)

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### QUESTION 5

Which three components are integral parts of High Availability NFS (HANFS)?

A. Application VIP

B. DHCP

C. ExportFS

D. HAVIP

E. NFS

F. HAIP

Correct Answer: CDE

Section: (none)

CD: In addition to ACFS/ADVM and ASM, HANFS also relies on new Oracle 12.1 Clusterware (CRS) resources, namely the HAVIP and the ExportFS.

DE: High Availability Network File Storage (NFS) for Oracle Grid Infrastructure provides uninterrupted service of NFS V2/V3/V4 exported paths by exposing NFS exports on Highly Available Virtual IPs (HAVIP) and using Oracle Clusterware

agents to ensure that the HAVIPs and NFS exports are always online.

References: <https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/OSTMG/GUID-4D7A5911-8FA6-47DC-98BB-593B2C90D43E.htm#OSTMG95489>

<http://www.oracle.com/ocom/groups/public/@otn/documents/webcontent/2011281.pdf>

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