



1Z0-066^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c: Data Guard Administrator

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QUESTION 1

A Data Guard environment has this configuration and these attributes:

1.

The primary database prima is in the local region.

2.

A physical standby database physt1 is in the local region.

3.

A physical standby database physt2 is in a remote region.

4.

The primary ships redo to physt1.

5.

physt1 ships redo physt2.

6.

physt1 and physt2 have Real-Time Query enabled

A sequence has been created with this SQL statement in the primary database: CREATE SEQUENCE a NOCACHE SESSION: Which two statements are true?

A. The sequence is usable on physt1 and physt2

B. The sequence is usable on physt1 but not usable on physt2.

C. The sequence is usable on physt2 if physt1 becomes unavailable, but only if an alternative redo destination has been configured on the primary database.

D. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on the primary database.

E. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on physt1.

Correct Answer: CE

QUESTION 2

Which two are true about management of a far sync instance when using the Data Guard Broker?

A. A far sync instance is in a disabled state in the broker configuration immediately after adding it

B. A far sync instance that has its RedoRoutes property set may not be disabled in the broker configuration.



- C. Broker management of a far sync instance may only be disabled with the disable configuration DGMGRL command.
- D. A far sync instance need not exist before adding it to the broker configuration but may not be enabled until created

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Which three statements are true about snapshot standby databases?

- A. Tablespaces can be dropped.
- B. Tables can be dropped
- C. The broker may be used to fail over to a snapshot standby database.
- D. A logical standby database can be converted into a snapshot standby database.
- E. Tablespaces can be created.

Correct Answer: ABE

QUESTION 4

Examine the Data Guard configuration: Which three will be true after a successful failover to Cats?

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
```

```
Configuration -Animals
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxAvailability
```

```
Databases:
```

```
dogs- Primary database
```

```
cats- Snapshot standby database
```

```
sheep- Snapshot standby database
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED
```

```
Configuration Status:
```

```
ORA-01034: ORACLE not available
```

```
ORA-16625: cannot reach database "dogs"
```

```
DGM-17017: unable to determine configuration status
```



- A. Sheep will be in the disabled state.
- B. Sheep will be in the enabled state.
- C. Dogs will be in the disabled state and has to be manually reinstated
- D. The configuration will be in Maximum Performance mode.
- E. The configuration will be in Maximum Availability mode.

Correct Answer: BCD

QUESTION 5

You are monitoring your Data Guard broker configuration and issue this set of DGMGRL commands:

```
DGMGRL> SHOW CONFIGURATION
```

```
Configuration – DRSolution
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxPerformance
```

```
Databases:
```

```
Close_by-Primary database
```

```
FS_inst- Far Sync
```

```
Far_away –Physical standby database
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED
```

```
Configuration Status:
```

```
SUCCESS
```

What is true concerning this configuration?

- A. The Close_by primary database instance forwards redo to the FSjnst Far Sync instance, which forwards the redo in turn to the Far_away physical standby database instance.
- B. The far sync instance will not forward redo to the Far_away physical standby because the Protection mode is not MaxProtection.
- C. The close_by primary database forwards redo to the Far_away physical standby directly and also sends redo to the FSjnst Far Sync instance.
- D. The far sync instance will not forward redo to the Far_away physical standby because Fast-Stan: Failover is disabled
- E. The FSjnst Far Sync instance forwards redo to the Far_away physical standby only if the close_by primary database is not able to do so.



Correct Answer: A

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