



# 1Z0-066<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 12c: Data Guard Administrator

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### QUESTION 1

You must design an Oracle Data Guard configuration for an OLTP database that meets these permanent requirements:

1.

Data loss is not permitted.

2.

Read-only applications should not connect to the primary database instance. Additionally, there are these requirements, only one of which is ever done at any one time:

1.

It should be possible to apply designated patches with a minimum amount of downtime.

2.

Upgrading to a new database release should be performed with the least possible amount of downtime.

3.

New application software releases should be tested against an exact and up-to-date replica of the primary database.

Which configuration meets these requirements with the fewest databases?

- A. a primary database with three physical standby databases
- B. a primary database with one logical and two physical standby databases
- C. a primary database with one logical standby database
- D. a primary database with one logical and one physical standby database
- E. a primary database with two physical standby databases
- F. a primary database with one physical standby database

Correct Answer: D

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### QUESTION 2

A query on the view DBA\_LOGSTDBY\_UNSUPPORTED on your primary database returns several rows.

As a result of this, you decide that an upgrade may not use logical standby databases

Which three are true about upgrading Data Guard environments consisting of one physical standby database running on a separate host from the primary?

- A. The upgrade requires downtime until the upgrade of the standby is completed.
- B. The broker must be disabled during the upgrade



- C. With manual upgrade, catupgrd.sql can be executed on the primary and standby databases simultaneously.
- D. The upgrade requires downtime until the upgrade of the primary is completed.
- E. The new release of the Oracle Software must be installed on both the primary and standby database hosts
- F. Redo Apply on the standby database must be stopped while the primary database is upgraded.
- G. Fast-Start Failover can be used to protect the primary database during the upgrade.

Correct Answer: BDE

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### QUESTION 3

A Data Guard environment has this configuration and these attributes:

1.

The primary database prima is in the local region.

2.

A physical standby database physt1 is in the local region.

3.

A physical standby database physt2 is in a remote region.

4.

The primary ships redo to physt1.

5.

physt1 ships redo physt2.

6.

physt1 and physt2 have Real-Time Query enabled

A sequence has been created with this SQL statement in the primary database: CREATE SEQUENCE a NOCACHE SESSION: Which two statements are true?

- A. The sequence is usable on physt1 and physt2
- B. The sequence is usable on physt1 but not usable on physt2.
- C. The sequence is usable on physt2 if physt1 becomes unavailable, but only if an alternative redo destination has been configured on the primary database.
- D. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG\_ARCHIVE\_DEST\_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on the primary database.
- E. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG\_ARCHIVE\_DEST\_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on physt1.



Correct Answer: CE

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#### QUESTION 4

Which two are true about rolling release upgrades in a Data Guard environment?

- A. The background process DMON must be enabled on the primary and standby databases during a rolling release upgrade procedure
- B. A physical standby database can be converted to a logical standby database temporarily.
- C. Rolling release upgrades require the background process RVWR to write flashback logs on the standby database.
- D. The KEEP IDENTITY clause ensures that a logical standby database keeps the same DBID as the primary database.
- E. The recovery point objective increases proportionally to the duration of the rolling release upgrade procedure.

Correct Answer: BD

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#### QUESTION 5

Examine this query and its output: Which are true?

```
SQL> select fs_failover_status, fs_failover_current_target,  
2 fs_failover_observer_present, fs_failover_osever_host  
3 from v$database;  
FS_FAILOVER_STATUS FS_FAILOVER_CURRENT_TARGET  
FS_FAILOVER_OBSERVER_PRESENT FS_FAILOVER_OBSERVER_HOST
```

```
-----  
BYSTANDER cats NO  
O17.example.com
```

- A. The observer is not connected to the database on which the query was executed.
- B. Cats is a bystander database.
- C. The observer is connected to the database on which the query was executed.
- D. The observer is currently running on o17.example.com
- E. The observer is not running, but should run on o17 example.com.

Correct Answer: A

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