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QUESTION 1

Which method always throws an exception when invoked on a container-managed entity manager?

- A. the lock method
- B. the close method
- C. the flush method
- D. the clear method

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Which statement about entity manager is true?

- A. A container-managed entity manager must be a JTA entity manager.
- B. An entity manager injected into session beans can use either JTA or resource-local transaction control.
- C. An entity manager created by calling the EntityManagerFactory.createEntityManager method always uses JTA transaction control.
- D. An entity manager obtained through resource injection in a stateful session bean can use a resource-local EntityTransaction for transaction control

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true about EJB 3.0 session bean transaction management? (Choose two.)

- A. All session beans in the same ejb-jar must have the same transaction demarcation type.
- B. All session beans in the same enterprise application archive must have the same transaction demarcation type.
- C. Session beans with bean-managed transaction demarcation cannot participate in a two-phase commit procedure.
- D. Session beans with bean-managed transaction demarcation can use transactional resources managed by the container.
- E. Session beans that invoke javax.persistence.EntityManager can use either containermanaged transaction demarcation or bean-managed transaction demarcation.

Correct Answer: DE

QUESTION 4



Which statement is true about the EJB 3.0 stateful session bean?

- A. Its conversational state is retained across method invocations and transactions.
- B. Its conversational state is lost after passivation unless the bean class saves it to a database.
- C. Its interceptors and their instance field values are NOT part of the conversational state of the bean.
- D. Its conversational state is retained across method invocations but NOT across transaction boundaries.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

A developer is working on a user registration application using EJB 3.0. A business method registerUser in stateless session bean RegistrationBean performs the user registration. The registerUser method executes in a transaction context started by the client. If some invalid user data causes the registration to fail, the client invokes registerUser again with corrected data using the same transaction. Which design can meet this requirement?

- A. Have registerUser method call EJBContext.setRollbackOnly() after registration fails.
- B. Have registerUser method throw javax.ejb.EJBTransactionRequiredException after registration fails.
- C. Have registerUser method throw EJBException without marking the transaction for rollback, after registration fails.
- D. Create an application exception with the rollback attribute set to false and have registerUser method throw it after registration fails.

Correct Answer: D

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