



# 1Z0-144<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 11g: Program with PL/SQL

## Pass Oracle 1Z0-144 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.passapply.com/1z0-144.html>

100% Passing Guarantee  
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle  
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

View Exhibit 1 and examine the structure of the EMP table.

```
SQL> desc emp
```

Name	Null?	Type
-----	-----	-----
EMPNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER (4)
ENAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
JOB		VARCHAR2 (9)
MGR		NUMBER (4)
HIREDATE		DATE
SAL		NUMBER (7,2)
COMM		NUMBER (7,2)
DEPTNO		NUMBER (2)

View Exhibit 2 and examine the code.



```
SQL>CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE raise_salary (emp_id IN NUMBER,
2          amount IN NUMBER,extra IN NUMBER DEFAULT 50)
3  IS
4  BEGIN
5      UPDATE emp SET sal = sal + NVL(amount,0) + extra
6      WHERE empno = emp_id;
7  END raise_salary;
  /
SQL>DECLARE
2      emp_num NUMBER(6) := 7900;
3      bonus    NUMBER(6);
4      merit    NUMBER(4);
5  BEGIN
6      raise_salary(7845);
7      raise_salary(emp_num, extra => 25);
8      raise_salary(7845,NULL, 25);
9      raise_salary(emp_num, extra => 25, amount => NULL);
10 END;
  /
```

EKPNOS 7845 and 7900 exist in the EMP table.

Which two calls to the RAISE\_SALABY procedure in the anonymous block execute successfully? (Choose two.)

- A. call in line 6
- B. call in line 7
- C. call in line 8
- D. call in line 9

Correct Answer: CD

---

## QUESTION 2

View the Exhibit to examine the PL/SQL code.



```
DECLARE
    jobid employees.job_id%TYPE;
    empid employees.employee_id%TYPE :=115;
    sal employees.salary%TYPE;
    sal_raise NUMBER(3,2);

BEGIN
    SELECT job_id, salary INTO jobid, sal from employees
    WHERE employee_id = empid;
    CASE
        WHEN jobid = 'PU_CLERK' THEN
            IF sal < 3000 THEN sal_raise := .12;
            ELSE sal_raise := .09;
            END IF;
        WHEN jobid = 'SH_CLERK' THEN
            IF sal < 4000 THEN sal_raise := .11;
            ELSE sal_raise := .08;
            END IF;
        WHEN jobid = 'ST_CLERK' THEN
            IF sal < 3500 THEN sal_raise := .10;
            ELSE sal_raise := .07;
            END IF;
        ELSE
            BEGIN
                DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No raise for this job: ' || jobid);
            END;
        END CASE;
    UPDATE employees SET salary = salary + salary * sal_raise
    WHERE employee_id = empid;
    COMMIT;
END;
```

SERVEROUTPUT is on for the session.

Which statement is true about the execution of the code?

- A. The execution fails because of the misplaced else clause.
- B. The execution is successful even if there is no employee with EMPLOYEE\_ID 115.
- C. The execution fails and throws exceptions if no employee with EMPLOYEE\_ID 115 is found.
- D. The execution is successful, but it displays an incorrect output if no employee with EMPLOYEE\_ID 115 is found.

Correct Answer: C

---

### QUESTION 3

Identify situations in which the DBMS\_SQL package is the only applicable method of processing dynamic SQL. (Choose



two.)

- A. When a query returns multiple rows
- B. When a column name in a where clause is unknown at compile time
- C. When the number of columns selected in a query is not known until run time
- D. When a table needs to be created based on an existing table structure at run time
- E. When privileges need to be granted to a new user to access an existing schema at run time

Correct Answer: BC

#### QUESTION 4

View Exhibit 1 and examine the structure of the DO table.

```
SQL> desc emp
Name                Null?              Type
-----
EMPNO               NOT NULL          NUMBER(4)
ENAME
JOB                 VARCHAR2(9)
MGR                 NUMBER(4)
HIREDATE            DATE
SAL                 NUMBER(7,2)
COMM                NUMBER(7,2)
DEPTNO              NUMBER(2)
```

View Exhibit 2 and examine the code.



```
SQL>CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION job_chk (p_empno NUMBER)
2   RETURN BOOLEAN IS
3   v_job emp.job%TYPE;
4   BEGIN
5       SELECT job INTO v_job FROM emp WHERE empno = p_empno;
6       IF v_job 'SALESMAN' THEN
7           RETURN TRUE;
8       ELSE
9           RETURN FALSE;
10      END IF;
11  END job_chk;
/
SQL>DECLARE
2   v_job BOOLEAN;
3   dyn_stmt VARCHAR2(200);
4   v_comm NUMBER := NULL;
5   v_empno emp.empno%TYPE;
6   BEGIN
7       dyn_stmt := 'BEGIN:v_job := job_chk(100); END;';
8       EXECUTE IMMEDIATE dyn_stmt USING OUT v_job;
9       IF v_job THEN
10          EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'UPDATE emp SET comm = :x WHERE empno = :y'
11          USING v_comm, v_empno;
12      END IF;
13  END;
```

The anonymous block gives an error on execution. What is the reason?

- A. The assignment in line 7 is not valid.
- B. The SQL does not support the Boolean data type.
- C. A null value cannot be applied to the bind arguments in the using clause in line 10.
- D. The names of bind variables must be the same as the using clause bind arguments in line 10.

Correct Answer: B

---

## QUESTION 5

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the EMP table.



```
SQL> desc emp
```

Name	Null?	Type
-----	-----	-----
EMPNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER (4)
ENAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
JOB		VARCHAR2 (9)
MGR		NUMBER (4)
HIREDATE		DATE
SAL		NUMBER (7,2)
COMM		NUMBER (7,2)
DEPTNO		NUMBER (2)

You want to create two procedures using the overloading feature to search for employee details based on either the employee name or employee number.

Which two rules should you apply to ensure that the overloading feature is used successfully? (Choose two.)

- A. The procedures can be either stand-alone or packaged.
- B. The procedures should be created only as packaged subprograms.
- C. The procedures should be created only as stand-alone subprograms.
- D. Each subprogram's formal parameters should differ in both name and data type.
- E. The formal parameters of each subprogram should differ in data type but can use the same names.

Correct Answer: BE

[Latest 1Z0-144 Dumps](#)

[1Z0-144 VCE Dumps](#)

[1Z0-144 Braindumps](#)