



1Z0-144^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 11g: Program with PL/SQL

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QUESTION 1

Identify situations in which the DBMS_SQL package is the only applicable method of processing dynamic SQL. (Choose two.)

- A. When a query returns multiple rows
- B. When a column name in a where clause is unknown at compile time
- C. When the number of columns selected in a query is not known until run time
- D. When a table needs to be created based on an existing table structure at run time
- E. When privileges need to be granted to a new user to access an existing schema at run time

Correct Answer: BC

QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about the continue statement? (Choose two.)

- A. The PL/SQL block execution terminates immediately.
- B. The CONTINUE statement cannot appear outside a loop.
- C. The loop completes immediately and control passes to the statement after end loop.
- D. The statements after the continue statement in the iteration are executed before terminating the LOOP.
- E. The current iteration of the loop completes immediately and control passes to the next iteration of the loop.

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 3

Examine the following PL/SQL code: The serveroutput is on for the session. Which statement is true about the execution of the code?



```
DECLARE
    emp_rec employees%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    SELECT * INTO emp_rec FROM employees WHERE employee_id=123;
    IF SQL%NOTFOUND THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Record Not found');
    ELSE
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee ' || emp_rec.first_name || ' ' ||
                               emp_rec.last_name || ' Salary is ' || emp_rec.salary);
    END IF;
END;
/
```

- A. It displays NULL if no employee with employee_id 123 exists.
- B. It produces the ORA-01403: no data found error if no employee with employee_id 123 exists.
- C. It displays an error because the SELECT * INTO clause cannot be used to populate the PL/SQL record type.
- D. The code executes successfully even if no employee with employee_id 123 exists and displays Record Not Found.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

/temp/my_files is an existing folder in the server, facultylist.txt is an existing text file in this folder.

Examine the following commands that are executed by the DBA:

SQL>CREATE DIRECTORY my_dir AS '/temp/my_files\': SQL>GRANT READ ON DIRECTORY my_dir To public:

View the Exhibit and examine the procedure created by user SCOTT to read the list of faculty names from the text file.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE read_file (dirname VARCHAR2, txtfile VARCHAR2) IS
    f_file UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
    v_buffer VARCHAR2(200);
BEGIN
    f_file := UTL_FILE.FOPEN (dirname, txtfile, 'R');
LOOP
    UTL_FILE.GET_LINE(f_file, v_buffer);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_buffer);
END LOOP;
UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(f_file);
END read_file;
/
```

SCOTT executes the procedure as follows:



SQL>SET SERVEROUTPUT ON

SQL>EXEC read_file ('MY_DIR\\', FACULTYLIST.TXT\\')

What is the outcome?

- A. It goes into an infinite loop.
- B. It executes successfully and displays only the list of faculty names.
- C. It does not execute and displays an error message because the end-of-file condition is not taken care of.
- D. It executes successfully and displays the list of faculty names followed by a "no data found" error message.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the SALGRADE table.

```
SQL> desc salgrade
Name                Null?              Type
-----
GRADE              NOT NULL          NUMBER
LOSAL
HISAL              NUMBER
```

Examine the following code:

```
SQL>VARIABLE min_sal NUMBER
SQL>VARIABLE max_sal NUMBER

SQL>CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION sal_ok(salary NUMBER, jobgrade NUMBER)
  RETURN BOOLEAN AS
BEGIN
  SELECT losal, hisal INTO :min_sal, :max_sal FROM salgrade
  WHERE grade = jobgrade;
  RETURN (salary >= min_sal) AND (salary <= max_sal);
END sal_ok;
/
```

What is the outcome?

- A. It is created successfully.



- B. It gives an error because the return clause condition is invalid.
- C. It gives an error because the usage of the host variables is invalid.
- D. It gives an error because the data type of the return clause is invalid.

Correct Answer: C

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