



# 1Z0-144<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 11g: Program with PL/SQL

## Pass Oracle 1Z0-144 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.passapply.com/1z0-144.html>

100% Passing Guarantee  
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle  
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





### QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true about the PL/SQL initialization parameters? (Choose two.)

- A. To use native code compilation, PLSQL\_OPTIMIZE\_LEVEL should be set to a value less than or equal to 1.
- B. The default value of 2 for PLSQL\_OPTIMIZE\_LEVEL allows the compiler to rearrange code for better performance.
- C. Setting PLSQL\_CODE\_TYPE to NATIVE provides the greatest performance gains only for computation-intensive procedural operations.
- D. Changing the value of the PLSQL\_CODE\_TYPE parameter affects all the PL/SQL library units that have already been compiled.

Correct Answer: BC

---

### QUESTION 2

The STRING\_TAB table has the following structure:

Name	Null?	Type
-----	-----	-----
STRING1		VARCHAR2 (100)

View the Exhibit and examine the code.



```
SQL>SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SQL>DECLARE
    in_string VARCHAR2(25) := 'This is my test string.';
    out_string VARCHAR2(25);
    PROCEDURE double (original IN VARCHAR2,
                      new_string OUT VARCHAR2) IS
    BEGIN
        new_string := original || '+' || original;
    EXCEPTION
        WHEN VALUE_ERROR THEN
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Output buffer not long enough. ');
            COMMIT;
    END;
    BEGIN
        double(in_string, out_string);
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(in_string || '-' || out_string);
    END;
/
```

What is the outcome on execution?

- A. It displays Output buffer not long enough. This is my test string.-.
- B. It displays only Output buffer not long enough. and exits the anonymous block.
- C. It displays only This is my test string. – because EXCEPTION should have been defined in the anonymous block to get the error message.
- D. It does not display any of the DBMS\_OUTPUT messages and gives an error because a transaction control statement cannot be used in the exception section of a procedure.

Correct Answer: C

---

### QUESTION 3

Examine the following snippet of PL/SQL code:



```

DECLARE
  emp_job      employees.job_id%TYPE := 'ST_CLERK';
  emp_salary   employees.salary%TYPE := 3000;
  my_record   employees%ROWTYPE;
  CURSOR c1 (job VARCHAR2, max_wage NUMBER) IS
    SELECT * FROM employees
      WHERE job_id = job
      AND salary > max_wage;
BEGIN
  .....

```

View the Exhibit for table description of EMPLOYEES table. The EMPLOYEES table has 200 rows.

Name	Null?	Type
EMPLOYEE_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (6)
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2 (20)
LAST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (25)
EMAIL	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (25)
PHONE_NUMBER		VARCHAR2 (20)
HIRE_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE
JOB_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (10)
SALARY		NUMBER (8, 2)
COMMISSION_PCT		NUMBER (2, 2)
MANAGER_ID		NUMBER (6)
DEPARTMENT_ID		NUMBER (4)

Identify OPEN statements for opening the cursor that fetches the result set consisting of employees with JOB\_ID as 'ST\_CLERK' and SALARY greater than 3000. (Choose three.)

- A. OPEN c1 (NULL, 3000);
- B. OPEN c1 (emp\_job, 3000);
- C. OPEN c1 (3000, emp\_salary);
- D. OPEN c1 ('ST\_CLERK', 3000)
- E. OPEN c1 (emp\_job, emp\_salary);



Correct Answer: BDE

#### QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit and examine the code:

```
SQL>CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE procl AS
  x CONSTANT BOOLEAN := TRUE;
BEGIN
  IF x THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('TRUE');
  ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FALSE');
  END IF;
END procl;
/

SQL>EXECUTE DBMS_WARNING.SET_WARNING_SETTING_STRING('DISABLE:ALL', 'SESSION');

SQL>CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE compile_code(p_pkg_name VARCHAR2) IS
2   v_warn_value VARCHAR2(200);
3   v_compile_stmt VARCHAR2(200) := 'ALTER PACKAGE ' || p_pkg_name || 'COMPILE';
4 BEGIN
5   v_warn_value := DBMS_WARNING.GET_WARNING_SETTING_STRING;
6   DBMS_WARNING.ADD_WARNING_SETTING_CAT('PERFORMANCE', 'ENABLE', 'SESSION');
7   EXECUTE IMMEDIATE v_compile_stmt;
8   DBMS_WARNING.SET_WARNING_SETTING_STRING (v_warn_value, 'SESSION');
9 END;
/
```

Which statement is true about the COMPILER\_CODE procedure?

- A. It gives an error in line 6.
- B. It gives an error in line 8.
- C. It gives an error in line 5.
- D. It executes successfully, but displays a warning about the unreachable code when used for the PROC1 procedure.
- E. It executes successfully, but a warning about the unreachable code is not displayed when used for the PROC1 procedure.

Correct Answer: E

#### QUESTION 5

Examine the following command:

```
SQL>ALTER SESSION SET plsql_warnings * '\\enable: severe\\', '\\enable: performance\\', '\\ERROR: 05003\\';
```



What is the implication of the above command?

- A. It issues a warning whenever ERROR: 05003 occur during compilation.
- B. It causes the compilation to fail whenever the warning ERROR.05003 occurs.
- C. It issues warnings whenever the code causes an unexpected action or wrong results performance problems.
- D. It causes the compilation to fail whenever the code gives wrong results or contains statements that are never executed.

Correct Answer: B

[1Z0-144 Study Guide](#)

[1Z0-144 Exam Questions](#)

[1Z0-144 Braindumps](#)